

Special Articles by ELLEN WILKINSON, H. J. MASSINGHAM, WINIFRED HOLTBY, A. LLOYD JAMES, G. G. COULTON, R. H. WILENSKI, etc.

WELLS BROADCASTS

On Monday evening H. G. Wells, who recently made his microphone debut with a widely-discussed talk on International Peace, contributes to the 'Points of View' series, which has already included talks by Lowes Dickenson, The Dean of St. Paul's, and Bernard Shaw.

SHAKESPEARE PLAY

From London on Wednesday evening at 9.35, we are to hear a. production of *Twelfth Night*, Shakespeare's most popular comedy. Other Shakespeare broadcasts included in the plans for the coming scason are *Antony and Cleopatra* and *Troilus and Cressida*.

AIRY NOTHINGS-II

Following his production of *Peep-Bo-Hemia* and *The World We* Listen In, Gordon McConnel presents on Monday of this week More Airy Nothings, a light-hearted burlesque of the programmes on the lines of his previous Airy Nothings broadcast last Spring.

'THE MONKEY'S PAW'

A pre-Edgar Wallace 'thriller '---but none the less thrilling for that the Monkey's Paw, Louis N. Parker's adaptation of one of W. W. Jacobs' most successful stories, will be presented from 5GB at 10.15 on Tuesday evening. Nervous listeners should switch off for this.

Mr. Call

A STAR'S RECITAL

Lotte Lehmann is one of the most popular soprano opera-singers of the present day, and when she appears before the microphone at an orchestral concert on Sunday evening (9.5 p.m.) her voice will surely revive many memories of past Covent Garden relays.

SYMPHONY CONCERT

The first of the winter season's B.B.C. Symphony Concerts will be relayed from the Queen's Hall on Friday at 8 p.m. Maria Nemeth and Walter Gieseking are the soloists and Sir Henry Wood conducts. Gieseking plays a Tchaikovsky Pianoforte Concerto.

BRIEF BIOGRAPHIES

On Wednesday, at 9.15 p.m., the Hon. Harold Nicolson will broadcast the first of a series of Miniature Biographies that are being specially written by some of the best-known biographers of today. The biographies chosen may be either real or timaginary.

OLD TIME 'VARIETY'

Despite the modern craze for 'snappy' syncopation and 'theme songs,' there are many who regret the passing of the old-time music-hall with its naive and melodious chorus-songs. On Saturday evening, Philip Ridgeway will revive 'music-hall memories.' 154

RADIO TIMES

OCTOBER 18, 1920.

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OCTOBER 18, 1929.

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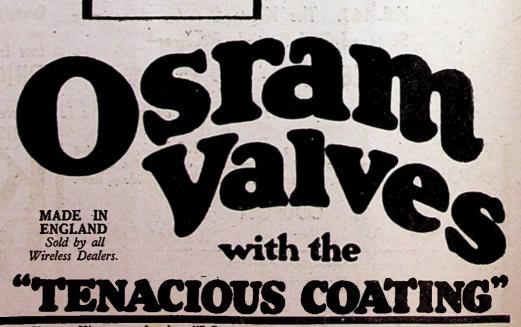
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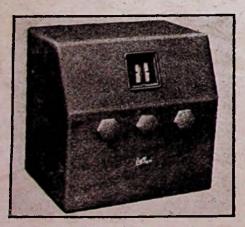
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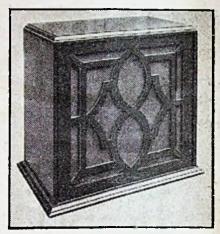
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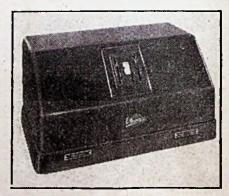
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WIRELESS, POLITICS AND THE HOUSEWIFE



DURING the last election I had occasion to speak, in a country area, at a gathering of women called by a nonparty women's institute. When question time came, I was interested to note that nearly all

the queries were about reparations and inter-Allied debts, the last subjects one would have thought could have interested such a gathering. The chairwoman explained to me afterwards that they had a 'radio-circle,' and that attendances were always largest to hear any of the big political speeches that were being broadcast just then." The members had been particularly interested in the Snowden-Churchill duel. 'We like Mr. Snowden's speeches,' said one of the committee, 'because, quite apart from whether we agree with his politics or not, he always clearly explains the issue before he gives any opinions about it. Some other speakers take for granted that we have read all the leading articles in all the papers. Our members don't read about politics much, but they do like hearing about them."

THIS last remark sums up the remarkable change that the wireless has wrought in the attitude of the busy housewife to politics. Her work is of the kind that makes sustained reading difficult. The man can read the paper when he comes home from work, while. his wife puts the children to bed and then has the mending to do. There may be model husbands who read the paper aloud to their wives, though I imagine the rarity value of such specimens must be high. The wireless takes the drudgery out of sockmending. It is possible not only to listen, but to argue the point in the home circle afterwards.

The attitude of the average man to his womenkind has been that they wouldn't be interested in politics, and would not understand them if they went to political meetings. When a woman has listened to a Chancellor of the Exchequer explaining his Budget for himself, she discovers that not only can she follow what he is talking about, but that the only disadvantage of wireless is that she cannot answer him back, and put him right on one or two points that affect her budget.

The women, I think, get more out of the wireless talks than many men, because they are prepared to sit and listen—having had long practice in the art of patient listening and they are not so eager to get Paris or Hilversum in the middle of a serious talk.

Only those who are practical politicians,

"Women get more out of the talks than men, having had long practice in the art of listening. Many a quiet woman would be glad to know the other side of the questions on which her husband holds such fixed opinions,' says

ELLEN WILKINSON, M.P.

engaged in the ordinary work of the political field, can really estimate what an immense effect these talks are having on our political To begin with, it has raised the stanlife. dard which the audience expects from political speakers. Can anything be drearier than the ordinary political meeting? We have all ordinary political meeting? We have all suffered from the speaker who talks plati-tudes at the top of his voice, only stopping. (not for breath, but for applause) after. particularly hoary specimens. We know the man whose hesitation is so painful that the audience feels as if it were watching his teeth being extracted. I have never been able to understand why the male voters were willing for so long to attend meetings like these in crowds, and be perfectly happy if only they could cheer their one particular colour, or favourite *clické*. The woman whose intro-duction to politics comes through hearing a Churchill, a Lloyd George or a MacDonald, simply will not tolerate this dreary inefficiency; and party managers, anxious for her vote, are realizing that a higher standard is necessary. 'We must have better speakers and more interesting speeches if we are to attract the women,' has been in the report of many agents of all three parties since the last election, which was the first checking of results since political speeches had been broadcast to any extent.

Most amusing, however, is to watch the efforts of the 'bright-and-hearty' candidates who 'drop in to say a few words to the ladies, God bless 'em,' when they meet an audience of women who have been following the wireless speeches. Those oh-so-simple jokes about husbands, and 'my wife,' fall with the plonk of a stone into a well unless a few ardent party-workers remember to laugh at the appropriate moments. When the punctured 'hearty soul ' has been safely moored at his hotel, the party agent has to murmur, soothingly, that he is very sorry but the women don't seem to care for that sort of thing nowadays. 'The wireless seems to have made such a difference,' he explains.

Of course, one can't generalize about women any more than about men, and say whether all women would like more talks about politics. But the broad fact of our political life is that men have had the vote for years, and that, to the average woman, as represented by the housewife, politics are a new interest. That is why it has been so extraordinarily valuable that the new voters have been able to hear the very best that each party could produce. Interest has been awakened by famous names and the fun of hearing the actual voices of people like Mr. Lloyd George, or Mr. Baldwin, or Mr. MacDonald, whose portraits are so continually in the news-

papers. But once interest has been aroused, it is not only the party leaders and party politics that secure interested listeners. Several young women have told me that when they knew they were to have the vote they made a point of not missing Professor Laski's talks on Democracy.

THE new developments in broadcasting speeches from actual public functions will have an effect on political life that it is difficult to estimate. What the man said, not what the newspaper reporters think is 'bright' in his remarks, will reach the public. A friend told me that she was having tea in a rather frivolous, fashionable tea-shop when Mr. MacDonald's speech at Geneva came through. 'It is rather marvellous—actually from Geneva,' was the dominant feeling, and the chatter died down. The women listened over the tea-cups to what must have been for many of them a completely new point of view.

I think women would like to hear more, political debates. Every woman, when she hears the politician putting his point of view, thinks 'That's your side. I wonder what the other man has to say?' Women normally hear less political argument than men, who have their clubs and public-houses. The peaceable housewife has tended to discourage political arguments between her husband and children, because of the inevitable quarrels round the dinner table. The papers brought into any home tend to be of one political colour, and many a quiet woman would be glad to know the other side of the questions on which her husband holds such very fixed opinions.

It is a well-known platitude to say that the women hold the destiny of the country in their hands, but under the present franchise it does happen to be true. A democracy only works properly when the citizens really understand the issues involved. A noncommercialized service like the wireless, completely impartial and outside political strife, can help as no ordinary Press service possibly can.

ELLEN WILKINSON. .

The first of the 1929-1930 Series of Symphony Concerts is to be relayed from the Queen's Hall on Friday.

OCTOBER 18, 1929.



Music-hall Relays.

THOUGH the most successful relays from music-halls have been greatly appreciated by listeners, it is not always easy to find an 'act' in the week's bill which would be suitable for broadcasting. Some of the best turns on the halls cannot, for technical reasons, be relayed. A



'A deaf-and-dumb Conjurer."

further handicap is the timing question. A turn may be excellent microphonically, and yet not appear on the bill during the period allotted to broadcast vaudeville. Managers, after all, have their own audiences to consider, and it is not always possible to rearrange the bill to suit the B.B.C. In any case, those responsible for music-hall O.B.'s have not much time to shuffle the programmes, for they can rarely make their choice of a suitable item before the Monday of the week in question. Still, since these items are popular, we still reserve a period for them, and must ask listeners to forgive us when, for some reason, we are forced to disappoint them. There may come a week when the 'bill' presented at the Collodeum consists entirely of deaf-and-dumb conjurers in rubber-soled shoes.

Promenade Enthusiasm.

The fact is that we are being rapidly transformed by the subtle magic of wireless into a genuinely musical nation.'---The Daily News on the 'Proms.'

THERE can rarely have been a more delirious 'last night' than that of this year's Promenade season—nor a better 'programme item' than the five minutes of stormy applause which followed the singing of the National Anthem. Mass excitement is vividly communicated by the microphone, and we were as moved by those final cheers as, earlier, by the Franck Symphony. The Season, if we may judge from the numbers and enthusiasm of its audiences, was a huge success. Sir Henry, though, must be a little weary of journalists stressing the 'physical endurance' aspect of his achievement!

Listening in the Train.

In Hungary there are trains in which the carriages are 'plugged' for headphones so that passengers may beguile the tedium oflong journeys across the *puszla*. Percy Scholes travelled recently by one of these trains on his way to Bucharest, where he attended an international gathering of critics. He paid one *pengo* (about 9d.) and listened to Strauss waltzes. Reception was poor; after a while he surrendered his phones, whereupon his money was refunded as he 'had not listened long enough.' One compartment of the train was fitted up as a receiving station. A Roumanian newspaper, welcoming the critics, referred to them in English as 'the eye of the history and the beauty's magistrates.' Someone had evidently been at work with a dictionary. Mr. Scholes did not say whether they were protected by the police against attacks by maddened authors and composers. What an opportunity for dispensing with all criticism at the cost of a shilling--or whatever the current market price of enough

I I HHARTING MAY DAL

'The Broadcasters' Notes on Coming Events: BOTH SIDES OF THE MICROPHONE

A Great Opera.

F all the gallery of Verdi's operas British audiences prefer Auda (with Rigoletto a close second). Aida has been trundled round on tour till the Nile in Act III is worn quite threadbare. Verdi's score wears better; the popularity of Aida is entirely justified, for its composer never wrote finer music in the luscious vein of romance. The young 'moderus,' trying to make the best of Verdi, vote for Otello and Falstaff, but we prefer the true Verdi of earlier days, though we would rather hear La Traviata than Aīda any day. Aida was commissioned by the Egyptian Government for the dedication performance at the Cairo Théâtre Italien, and formed part of the celebrations on the occasion of the opening of the Sucz Canal. Verdi did the Egyptians proud, adorning a libretto suggested by Marietto Bey, the Egyptologist, with beautiful melodies based upon genuine Oriental airs. What an evening-the new opera house bright with diamonds and decorations, the Khedive entertaining the ex-Empress of France in the Khedivial box-an Aida which must have proved all that the management, who had paid £4,000 for the opera, could have hoped! The English première of the opera, with Patti as Aīda, must also have been something of an occasion. Since then Aida has more than held its place in the repertory by the grandeur of both its music and setting.

Egyptian Triangle.

A^{*iDA*} is to be broadcast, as the second of the 1929-30 'libretto' operas, on Monday, October 28 (5GB) and Wednesday, October 30. The story, with which most listeners will be familiar, can be told in a few words. Radames, captain of Pharaoh's host, is loved by Pharaoh's daughter Amneris, though he is in love with Aida, the captive daughter of the King of Ethiopia. He unwittingly betrays the plans of Pharaoh's familiar, and, before he can fly with Aida, is captured and, at the instigation of the jealous Amneris, condemned to be buried alive: Aida comes to share her lover's fate in the subterranean vault of punishment. While the priestesses of Pthah chant over their tomb, Amneris, too late, repents of what she has done. It may be argued that Radames does not seem to have shown much discretion, but then really great soldiers are often poor domestic strategists. A strong cast chosen for the forthcoming broadcast production includes Stiles-Allen as Aida, Hughes Macklin as Radames, and Enid Cruickshank as Amneris.

Another ' Come-back'?

A N attractive and far too unknown by-way is to be explored during the 'Foundations' for the week beginning October 28. Olga Haley will sing some of Liszt's songs. It is not over-daring to say that if Liszt had written nothing but his songs he would have been widely admired; as it is, his rhapsodies, tone-poems, and transcriptions have overshadowed this sincere and highly effective side of his art. A few songs, like *Die Lorelei* and *Du bist wie eine Blume*, are known pretty generally; but, apt as these settings of Heine's poems are, they do not by any means cover the range of Liszt's powers as a song-writer. If, sometimes, they sound more than a trifle forced in sentiment, that is after all a reflection of the poriod; and always the poem is exactly interpreted. We notice that there has been a good deal of Liszt in the programmes lately : is Liszt, like Mendelssohn, returning to popular favour ?



' A Mass of Life.'

PPORTUNITIES to hear Delius's A Mass of Life, which is to be given as the second of the B.B.C. Symphony Concerts on Friday, November 1 (5GB), are so rare that most listeners will never have heard it at all. Yet, by common agreement this Mass is one of the greatest achievements of any modern composer. It is a colossal pean to Life. When, however, part of the work was given its first London performance in 1899, this is what one of the critics wrote of it : The ugliness of some of the music is really masterly. Oh, if he (Delius) could be persuaded to look on the lighter side of things, to give us music that would cheer us, not that which blights us as a March wind blights young shoots.' Yet another instance of the turning of the tables on the critics. We wonder if this particular 'young shoot' will be listening when the Mass is broadcast ; and, if so, what will be his thoughts ? The words of the work, it should be noted, are from Nietzsche's 'Thus Spake Zarathustra'—a choice of obvious aptitude when one remembers the pantheistic mysticism of Delius himself. Man's progress from time into Eternity is the subject-as supreme a subject as a composer might dare.

New Novels.

THE novels reviewed by Miss V. Sackville-West in her fortnightly talk on October 3 were: 'Whatever Gods May Be," by André-Maurois, translated from the French by Joseph Collins (Cassell); 'The Revolt of the Fishermen,' by Anna Seghers, translated from the German by Margaret Goldsmith (Elkin Mathews and Marot); 'Hunky,' by Thames Williamson (Faber and Faber); 'The Hidden City,' by Sir Philip Gibbs (Hutchinson); 'Death of my Aunt,' by C. H. B. Kitchin '(Hogarth Press); 'A High Wind in Jamaica,' by Richard Hughes (Chatto and Windus); 'My Best Short Story' (Faber and Faber).

Julian Rose As Shylock.

S INCE 'Doug and Mary' started on Shakespeare, our flagging interest in the 'talkies' has revived, and we await their version of *The Taming of the Shrew* with shameful excitement. It must seem obvious to the meanest intelligence that Shakespeare only needs 'additional dialogue' and a theme song to put him over big.



'The civilized public.'

with the civilized public. The B.B.C. has not been slow to recognize this. On October 30 (5GB), and November 2, we are to hear Julian Rose as 'Shylock' in an up-to-date 'all-talking laughterpicce,' entitled *Ikey gets his*, which, before Savoy Hill's movie magnates got to work on it, was known to old fogeys as *The Merchant of Venice*. The Productions Director is searching madly for a lady with a 'golden voice' and a feather brain to play Portia. Any radio actress would give her head to play opposite Julian Rose in an improved version of this great play.



Hectic Evening.

ROADCASTING on the evening of Thursday, November 7, will include two 'thrills' of widely different character; the relay of a big race from the Wembley Speedway, followed by one from 'Kasbek,' the new Russian restaurant in Piccadilly. Our readers are probably more



'Stockbrokers act Slavonic.'

familiar with the excitements of 'the dirt' than those of a real Russian cabaret. We hear that the music and singing at 'Kasbek' are so in-fectious in their wild rhythm that serious-minded stockbrokers among the clientèle so far forget themselves as to jump on the tables and act Slavonic.

Sibelius in the Halle Programme.

T the third concert of the Hallé season (October 31) ono of the main works to **A** be performed is Sibelius's Concerto for Violin (with Arthur Catterall as soloist). The admirable programmes of the Hallé Society have hitherto shown an unaccountable absence of any important works by this great Finnish composer; it is the more gratifying, therefore, to see in this season's programmes the above-mentioned Concerto and both the Fourth and Fifth Symphonies. Coming from peasant stock, Sibelius has in his blood nothing but pure Finnish vigour. After a period of study in Germany, he returned to Helsingfors, where he taught the violin in the Conservatoire. By 1897, his reputation was such that he was granted a pension by the State. A sense of public duty has from time to time produced music for national festive occasions, and both his fiftieth and sixtieth birthdays have been celebrated as events of national importance. All his music is coloured with an unmistakable national idiom-the wellknown tune in Finlandia, for instance, has often been mistaken for a folk-tune whereas, as a matter of fact, it is perfectly original. Sibelius's real significance as a nationalist composer lies not in his use of folk-tunes, but in the way he has so assimilated the folk-idiom that, like our own Vaughan Williams, he has made the use of it a kind of 'second nature.' The violin concerto which is to be played at the Hallé concert offers little opportunity for display on the part of the soloist, the solo-part being closely woven in with the whole; virtuosi, therefore, as a rule avoid it.

The Scientific Outlook.

THE Scientific Outdoor. THE fifth talk in the 'Points of View' series will be given on Monday, October 28, by Mr. J. B. S. Haldane, who is, with Professor Julian Huxley, amongst the most brilliant of our younger scientists. Mr. Haldane is Sir William Dunn Reader in Biochemistry at Cambridge, and has been since 1927 head of the Genetical Department of the John Innes Horticultural Institution. Those who have read 'Dædalus,' 'Possible Worlds,' and 'Science and Ethics' will already have some acquaintance with Mr. Haldane's originality of outlook.

With Illustrations by Arthur Watts BOTH SIDES OF **MICROPHONE** THE

What Sir Oliver Lodge Believes.

TEXT week's programmes include a second 'Point of View,' the sixth of the series, that of Sir Oliver Lodge. Sir Oliver is one of the most popular and successful of broad-casters whom we have heard this week on 'The Jubilee of Light,' with which honour is being done to Thomas Alva Edison and Sir Joseph Swan. He has most decidedly the 'microphone manner,' which he shares with talkers like Walford Davies and Vernon Bartlett. Sir Oliver, who includes F.R.S. among his numerous distinctions, was one of the first pioneers of wireless. As a leader of psychic research and one who has spent many years of a brilliant career working to reconcile the material and the spiritual aspects of Life, he is bound to reveal to us on Friday, November 1, a philosophy of life provocative of discussion. Both these 'Points of view' will, of course, appear in The Listener.

The Story of the Dancer.

THEN Carnival is revived on November 4 (5GB) and 6, the Productions Director will be repeating what was in January last regarded as a rather daring experiment-that of presenting a wireless drama lasting two hours and a quarter. Judging from the numerous requests for a repetition of the play, it seems that the experiment succeeded. In Carnival length of treatment is an intrinsic part of the manner in which the authors have chosen to tell the story of Jenny Raeburn-a method which has something in common with actual life, where dramas work themselves to a climax far less perceptibly than the modern theatre and cinema have the courage to admit. This more than two hours' drama has this fact in its favour-that the life it depicts is, until the final phase when its heroine is prisoned in the Cornish farm, one of shifting scene and infectious gaiety. Most of the parts in the revival will be played by those who took them in last January's production. The story opens, as before, with a prologue between Michael Fane and Sylvia Scarlett, who, meeting in a deserted Balkan town at the blackest hour of the war, recall Jenny and her 'story of London before the war.' Music will again be a special feature of the production, occurring both in its place as part of the action of the story and as a fading link between the many scenes.

Gramophone Records.

A MONG the gramophone records broad-cast by Christopher Stone during the luncheon hour on Friday, October 11, were the test piece at the recent Crystal Palace Brass Band Contest, Victory, by Cyril Jenkins, played by the winners, Carlisle St. Stephens, on Regal G9415; the Dance Macabre of Saint-Saëns, Karol Szreter and Orchestra, Parlo. E10903; L'Apprenti Sorcier (Dukas), Philharmonic Orchestra of New York under Toscanini, H.M.V. D1689; Brigg Fair (Delius), Sir Thomas Beecham and Symphony Orchestra, Col. L2294-5; and the Dance from Salome (Strauss), Berlin State Opera Orchestra under Knappertsbusch, Parlo. E10894. For songs, Raymond Newell sang the Eton Boating Song (Col. 5527), Wilfred Hudson Schubert's Serenade (Winner 4938), Trevor Schofield, Pierrot at the Dance (Col. 5528), and Keith Falkner an Hungarian folk-song by Korbay (H.M.V. B3105). Richard Tauber sang airs from Tales of Hoffmann (Parlo. R20089), and other records were by the National Military Band (Zono. 5391), Gandino and his Orchestra (Imperial 2135), and the dance orchestras of Ted Weems (H.M.V. B5692), Ambrose (Decca M70) and Guy Lombardo (Col. 5542).



Moments in Broadcasting-I.

ACKSTAGE at the Coliseum. The time is 9.54 p.m.; at ten o'clock an 'act' is to D be relayed from the huge stage and fitted neatly into the Studio vaudeville programme. In a gallery high up on the 'O.P. side' of the stage two B.B.C. engineers stand with their amplifiers and other gear. On the 'prompt side,' his cycs fixed on a watch, sits the Assistant O.B. Director, timing the 'act' in progress. In a minute he will give the Control Room at Savoy Hill the 'three minutes' warning to be passed on to the Studio, where the studio-manager will ensure that the artist at present at the microphone finishes his turn before the three minutes is up. Behind the gaunt canvas scenery the great vault of the stage is in half-darkness and as quiet as a cathedral. The only splash of light comes from a dressing-table in the wings, where two dancers in tinsel skirts are putting the final touches to a 'quick change' make-up. On the revolving stage, which will swing into place at the touch of a lever, the next 'sct' stands ready. 'Two-minute warning' speaks the voice into the telephone. The dancers on the stage have begun their final number. A dozen silently-moving stage-hands are ready to pounce. 'Is that Control Room ? One minute, please.' In the Studio Jack Payne is already playing, ready to be 'faded out' as the Coliscum is faded in. A crashing chord by the orchestra and down comes the curtain. The stagehands jump, the stage revolves, the next artist waits anxiously in the wings. The number of the turn goes up. Applause and music. 'Control Room? Fade over!' An anxious moment until someone dashes up from the portable set in a nearby dressing-room to report 'We went over splendidly.'

Our Second Birthday.

THUS ends our second year as informal chronicler to the B.B.C. We started life in October, 1927, as 'The Announcer'--a pscudonym to which we clung desperately until the real announcers, the 'good night, good rest ' boys-protested that they were being unjustly saddled with our own outrageous opinions. So we became 'The Broadcaster,' so remaining until the number of threatening letters we received from listeners who did not agree with us forced us to collect reinforcements. We have written two thousand paragraphs on almost every subject under the sun



(we sometimes wish that broadcasting were not quile so universal in its scope) and, through the medium of an overcrowded letter-bag, made a number of very good friends. Our hair is grey, our face so lincd you would hardly know us; nover-theless, Fate and Arthur Watts being willing, we propose to continue in our efforts to create an ether fit for heroes to broadcast on-or should it be 'over'?

The Broadcasters

IN the year before Rembrandt died Louis XIV began the rebuilding of Versailles, and inaugurated a new era of dynastic art that rivalled the dynastic arts of the Pharaohs in Egypt and of the god-emperors of Rome.

god-emperors of Rome. Louis XIV was 'the lieutenant of God.' He took the sun as his emblem; he was the Roi-Soleil; and he built the Palace of Versailles as his temple. More than half



"The Artist's Daughters' by Gainsborough. The prosperous 18th century marked the heyday of English portrait painting.

the nobility of France was domiciled in this vast palace and engaged continuously in ceremonious ritual round the person of the King. The Royal establishment numbered fourteen thousand persons; five hundred men were employed on the ccremonies connected with the King's meals; a hundred nobles carried out elaborate ceremonies when he arose in the morning; as many more attended when he retired at night; and when courtiers passed through his chamber-whether he was present or notthey genuflected before the Royal bed as before an altar in a church.

The whole artistic resources of France were concentrated in glorification of Louis XIV at Versailles and in Paris. Versailles Palace with its Hall of Mirrors, its gilt and painted ceilings, its carved woodwork and superb furniture, and Versailles Park with its endless vistas, its lakes and gardens, are still with us—though a little dilapidated —as the prime symbol of this last dynastic decorative art that was imitated in all the palaces of Europe for a hundred and fifty years. In the heart of Paris we can still see the Place des Conquetes (now called the Place Vendome and the home of dressmakers) that was built to honour the Roi-Soleil, and in Paris also we can see the Porte St. Denis and the Porte St. Martin, the Roman triumphal arches that were put up to welcome Louis, the new Cæsar, after victories in Germany and Holland.

A MINIATURE BEING A BRIEF SURVEY OF EUROPEAN ART by R. H. Wilenski ^{The well-known art-critic} and lecturer.

A great French industry of applied art was created for Versailles by the Roi-Soleil's minister, Colbert, the Mussolini of his time, who worked sixteen hours a day and reorganized France. Colbert encouraged the Gobelins, Aubusson and Beauvais, makers of fine tapestries, he founded the Sèvres factory to compete with German porcelain, the St. Gobain factory to compete with Venetian glass, and the Alençon lace factory to compete with English and Venetian lace. His aim was to acquire for the French the reputation of the finest artist-craftsmen in Europe, because he knew that such a reputation would be a great cash asset to the State. He succeeded; the reputation and the revenue persist to this day.

In pursuance of the same policy, Colbert organized the French Academy of Fine Art in Paris; and in Rome—where Claude Lorrain was painting his classical landscapes and Poussin produced his classical compositions—he founded a branch of the French Academy where French artists could live and get direct contact with Greco-Roman and Italian Renaissance and Baroque art.

L OUIS XIV died in 1715. Louis XV continued the decorations of Versailles, and both Madame de Pompadour and Madame du Barry were keen patrons of the decorative arts. But the Court was no longer the sole point of focus for the French architects, sculptors, painters, tapestry and cabinetmakers, porcelain manufacturers and so forth. Paris now contained a large number of cultivated private patrons among the aristocracy and upper bourgeoisie, who employed artists and craftsmen right up to

Revoluthe tion. There was also a large demand from abroad pictures for and furniture by the French eighteenthcentury All artists. the palaces and great houses built in imitation of Versailles required furnishings in appropriate style; and on the eve of the Revolution-which temporarily destroyed the whole industry - France was exporting work by her

artist - craftsmen to an annual value of close on $f_{3,000,000}$.

The character of French decorative art throughout the eighteenth century can be studied in the Wallace Collection at Hertford House. There you can see the frequently exquisite, sometimes flamboyant, and always admirably made furniture, the Sèvres porcelain, and the bronzes by Falconet; and there, in painting, you can see the charming art of Watteau and his followers, the pictures by Boucher, arbiter of taste in the reign of Louis XV, and the light touch of Fragonard, who lived right into the darkest days of the Revolution.

IN the reign of Louis XV the French Academy started an annual salon, i.e., public exhibition of its members' works; these salons have continued in France to the present time, and similar exhibitions now take place in most European capitals. The Paris salons and other such exhibitions created a one-day-a-year-art-inspecting public whose taste began to influence art, because artists began to work with a view to producing sensational or journalistic pictures to attract attention from this public. Such exhibitions, moreover, soon created the art-critic, because the one-day-a-year-artinspecting public demanded guidance in finding its way round, and men who spent every day all the year round inspecting pictures came forward to act as guides.

In the early eighteenth-century Paris salons the public saw light decorative pictures by Boucher and Fragonard, domestic interiors by Chardin, and sentimental pictures by Greuze, as well as pesudo-classical, pseudo-Renaissance, and pseudo-Baroque



'Shepherd and Shepherdess' by Boucher, a typical example of the delicate, decorative art of 18th century France.

HISTORY OF ART. FROM PREHISTORIC TIMES TILL NOW— The 18th Century. French Dynastic and Decorative Art: English Furniture and Pictures. Part IV.

pictures in the academic styles influenced by the French Academy in Rome. But in the nineteenth century the salon jury became less eclectic, and the salons became more famous for the pictures that had been rejected than for the pictures that were shown.

MEANWHILE there were notable artistic developments in England. While Hardouin-Mansart was building Versailles, Sir Christopher Wren was rebuilding St. Paul's, and the buildings put up by Wren at Hampton Court were an imitation of Hardouin-Mansart's style. At the same time, the West End of London was rebuilt in the charming Dutch red-brick style that we can still see in the Temple, Queen Anne's Gate, Barton Street, Westminster, and so forth-the style that continued through the first quarter of the eighteenth century, and was determined, in so far as materials and proportions were concerned, by an Act of Parliament after the Great Fire.

The second quarter of the eighteenth century marks the beginning of English painting properly so-called — for while Boucher was painting in pink and blue the Rising and the Setting Sun (that hang on the stairs at Hertford House) as designs for tapestries that were to delight La Pompadour, Hogarth was painting the 'Marriage à la Mode' series (that you can see in the Tate Gallery) and making his drawings for 'Beer Street' and 'Gin Lane.' Hogarth had to live by the sale

Hogarth had to live by the sale of engravings from his satirical pictures, because in the reigns of

the first two Georges, the English moneyed aristocracy adorned their houses with foreign pictures, mostly old masters, bought in Italy on the 'grand tours' that were then considered an essential part of the education of fashionable young men. But by the time George III had been king ten years the situation was different. By 1770 portraits by English painters had become fashionable, and in the applied arts also there was a demand for English work.

The change was brought about by the great increase in English wealth and political power in the mid-eighteenth century. Wealth creates the desire for elegant surroundings. Robert Adam, who could design elegant houses, was therefore called on to build Syon at Brentford, Osterley a few miles away, Ken Wood at Hampstead, the



THE 'SUN KING' AND PATRON OF ALL THE ARTS. Louis XIV, the last great King of France, whose portrait by Rigaud is reproduced above, made his country for fifty years the artistic centre of Europe, when painters, *tapissiers*, sculptors, cabinet-makers and manufacturers of porcelain gathered for the beautification of the citypalace of Versailles.

> Adelphi on the River, and so forth; Wyatt, Chambers, Dance, Holland, and Soane were called upon for other mansions; and Nash built the Regent Street Quadrant and terraces in Regent's Park.

> Elegant surroundings call for elegant appointments; and this demand by the rich men of the eighteenth century called forth the elegant furniture of Chippendale and his successors, the silver work of Sheffield designed to harmonize with the Adam and Chippendale styles, and the porcelain of Worcester, Derby, and Chelsea.

> The English craftsmen of the eighteenth century were all admirable workmen, quite as admirable as their colleagues in France, and for their designs they looked frequently to the same source of inspiration—*i.e.*, the Greco-Roman art of the excavations round

Naples that Mme. de Pompadour's brother had brought back to Paris. But, unlike the French, they were able to continue their work to the end of the century and into the first decades of the next. Then, when the machine age came, this English craftsmanship perished, though we all still use machinemade copies of this art today.

Great possessions produce selfsatisfaction, and self-satisfaction produces a demand for portraits; and just as the wealthy Dutch in the seventeenth century found Van Der Helst and Hals, so the wealthy English in the eighteenth found Thomas Gainsborough and Reynolds.

Gainsborough was a gracious painter who took Van Dyck as his model. He could catch a likeness, and he made the ladies who sat to him appear extremely thin. Reynolds was a more robust painter. He tried to combine the techniques of Rembrandt and Titian, and produced as a rule a handsome and distinguished mess. He made the ladies who sat to him appear more healthy than those of Gainsborough. But he had great difficulty about the likenesses and many of his portraits were refused by the sitters on this account.

When the Royal Academy was founded in 1768 Reynolds was elected the first President. From that time he worked incessantly to improve the status of the artist in this country. He founded the Academy banquet to which royalty, the aristocracy, and high personages of state were invited; and he worked hard himself to make and hold a position in the social world. His work has proved successful; sixteen members of the Academy today are knights.

With the increase of the prestige of art and artists in England it became the fashion for young ladies to learn drawing and painting. The demand created a supply of drawing masters, some of whom painted pictures that survive. Thus John Crome, a drawing master of Norwich, who imitated the landscapes of the Dutch painters,

acquired a reputation and founded the group of similar painters known as the Norwich School.

Crome gave his lessons at the houses of his amateur pupils. But in London, after the foundation of the Academy, there were regular classes for professional students in the Academy Schools where, as in the Beaux Arts schools in Paris, the students were trained on academic lines; and the history of French and English art in the nineteenth century, that will be discussed next week, is largely the history of revolts by students against the training in the Beaux Arts and Academy schools, and revolts by artists against the judgments of the juries of the Salon and Academy exhibitions.

[The Fifth Part, appearing in next week's issue, will deal with 'The 19th Century : Individual Expression and Worship of the Past.']

OCTOBER 18, 1929.

A PAGE OF HINTS THE HOUSEWIFE FOR

A Week's Menus!

N making up the week's menus the family has been taken to comprise father, mother, and boy and girl of school age, also a daily maid who is only there until after lunch. It is con-sidered that the children's dinner at midday will be their principal meal, but that the father roturns in the ovening and requires a hot meal then. Quantities for supper, therefore, will be for two persons only.

SUNDAY.

- Breakfast.—Grape fruit. Dry cereal, with milk. Cold bacon and chutney. Dinner.—Roast beef, baked potatoes, cabbage, or French beans. Steamed blackberry
- pudding. Supper.-Cold beef and bacon, salad. Bacholor's pudding.

Now let us consider breakfast first. As fruit is none too cheap and our family has no more than a moderate income, fruit is only provided on three mornings of the week. If possible, however, it is an excellent thing to start each day with half an orange or grape fruit, or an apple, or a banana. As this is the winter season, some form of hot porridge, either winter scalar, some form of not porridge, either oatmeal or rolled oats, may be preferred for every morning, but as many people like a change, different varieties are suggested. The whole of the menus are planned to fit into one another so that 'left-overs' will often be found

to appear the next day in a different guise. For the cold bacon here is a special recipe, sent in by a listener who recommends it highly.

Ham or Bacon roasted in milk.

Choose a nice piece of ham, or gammon, and put it in a meat tin half filled with milk, then place in a hot oven so that the meat cooks in the steam from the milk. The milk attracts all the brine, or saltiwhich is much more delicious than when it is boiled in the usual way.

Dinner.

For a small family topside of beef is more econ-omical than ribs or sirloin, but be sure you see that there is sufficient fat on the joint. If not, either ask the butcher for an extra piece or, botter still, save the dripping from each week's joint and use this for basting. If the potatoes are peeled and put into the tin round the meat it will save a pan, as you will need two for the other vegetable and pudding. Remember that if a little extra care is taken it is not necessary to use soda to keep your cabbage green. Cut in four, plunge into boiling water and boil quickly for five minutes, drain, refill with hot or cold water and boil until tender.

Steamed Blackberry Pudding, without suet.

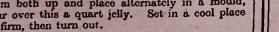
(Other fruit may be used as desired.)

Cream together 3 ozs. of butter or margarine and 3 ozs. of sugar. Weigh and sift 6 ozs. of flour. Add one egg and half the flour to the cream and beat well. Add the remainder of the flour and enough milk to make the mixture the consistency of clotted cream. Beat again and then stir in one of clotted cream. Beat again and then still the basin with two-thirds of the cake mixture. Fill the basin with blackberries, adding some sugar and grated lemon rind. Spread the remaining mixture over the fruit, cover with greased paper and steam 2¹/₂ hours.

For Sunday's supper the only recipe you require is for Bachelor's Pudding. Remember when preparing salad that a delicate flavour for those who like it can be obtained by rubbing the inside of the bowl with a cut half of an onion.

Bachelor's Pudding.

Take three bananas and four sponge cakes, slice them both up and place alternately in a mould, pour over this a quart jelly. Set in a cool place till firm, then turn out.



Next week the menus for Monday will be considered .- (From a Talk on October 11.)



This Week in the Garden

ANY beds and borders are now past their best and should be cleared of the summerblooming plants, and dug over and made ready for bulbs or plants for spring flowering. Spring bedding must be kept in mind. There are so many beautiful hardy plants easy to raise from seeds or cuttings during summer and spring, that sufficient stock to replace the summer bedding plants can be had at little cost. Such plants include Aubrictias, Arabis, both single and double, Forget-me-nots (including the particularly good form known as 'Royal Blue'), Polyanthuses, Primroses, Saxifrages, Winter-Flowering Pansics and Wallflowers. All the foregoing are inexpensive and make excellent beds, either by themselves, or as carpets for bulbs.

Where bulbs are used, Daffodils, Crocuses, and Hyacinths should be planted now, but Tulips will be better if they are kept out of the ground until next month. Hyacinths should be planted about 4ins. deep and 9ins. to 1ft. apart. Daffodils will be better 5ins. deep, and Crocuses about 3ins. Rose beds in small gardens may be used for growing some of the late-flowering bulbs, such as Darwin and Cottage Tulips, and English and Spanish Irises. These bulbs are late in ripening and interfere with summer-bedding arrangements. Planting should always be done with a trowel in preference to a dibble. On heavy soils a little sand should be placed round each bulb.

Bulbs planted early in pots will now be making some growth. They should be looked over, and the most forward ones should be taken from the plunging bed and placed in a cold frame. Freesias should be grown under as cool conditions as possible and should be kept near the glass.

Lift and store root crops as weather permits, selecting only sound specimens for storing. Parsnips are better left in the ground throughout the winter.

Preparations should be made for wheeling manure on to all vacant ground in readiness for trenching and digging. On heavy soils this is best done as early as possible so that heavy rains do not interfere with the work. Many evergreen shrubs, as well as most of the deciduous ones may now be propagated from cuttings. Cuttings of shrubs, or roses, inserted now should be left undisturbed for a year, when they will be found to have made quite nice plants for transplanting, -Royal Horticultural Society's Bulletin.



Economical Cookerv

TRUE economy is buying the cheaper foods, cooking them in an attractive manner, making nutritious meals out of very little, and using that which is very often thrown away. The term 'cheaper foods' does not mean away. The term 'cheaper toods does not mean 'poor' food by any means. The food value, for instance, of horrings, liver, heart, is much higher

There is no reason why any family with a very limited income should not feed well every day on well-cooked, tasty and varied meals. Cooking should not be thought a trouble.

Now, suppose, today, you are going to make a stow, say, out of cold scraps of meat. Don't just throw overything into the saucepan whole-sale and hope for the best. Take a little trouble. First of all fry an onion in a little dripping, then roll your pieces of meat in plain flour, to which has been added a dessertspoonful of dry mustard; add the meat and the remainder of the flour and mustard to the onion; give it a further quick fry; add water to just cover; pepper and salt. A tenspoonful of any meat extract or yeast preparation, is a great addi-tion, but not necessary if one has to count every halfpenny.

Now empty your saucepan of stew into a casse-role or covered dish, put it in a slow oven, and let it barely simmer; it must never boil if you are using meat that has been cooked already, and, indeed, stow with fresh meat should never really boil. Slow, gentle cooking is the secret of making cheaper meat really tender and nutritious and more appetizing than the expensive joints.

Now, perhaps, a good number of you are saying : 'Mustard, indeed! I never could cat mustard or hotly-flavoured foods.' But just be guided by mo for once, try it as I have told you; it doesn't taste a bit like mustard, and not a bit hot; but it does give a delicious flavour to your otherwise uninteresting stew; it makes your dish just dif-ferent, it really is a wonderful wrinkle. You can add it to stowed rabbit, or liver cooked in this way is excellent; and you need not go to the expense of lambs' or calves' liver; beasts' liver, given the slow cooking, will be just as delicious. Use your mustard flavouring with discretion, don't tire your family with it when you find how good it is, uso it now and then; and, let me whisper, a little added now and then to any meat pic breaks the monotony.

Now I will give you another dish; it is stuffed vegetable marrow. Of course, everyone knows how to do that, but my way is a little different, and makes more of it. Obtain a medium-sized marrow, peal it whole, cut it through lengthways and remove all the seeds and pulp. Then stuff and remove all the seeds and pup. Then stun both sides with any stuffing, say, any scraps of meat put through the mincer. Very little meat does. Add a few dried breaderunbs, popper and salt; if liked a little nutmeg grated is a great addition. Moisten with a little milk, put the two halves of marrow together, then roll it in a piece of short, rough pastry, covor it all over and damp of short, rough pastry, cover it all over and damp the edges to make them stick. Place it in a baking-dish or tin and then put into a sharp oven for twenty minutes to half an hour. Then cover the pastry all over with greased paper. Slow down your oven and cook gently for a further one and a half to two hours. This, served with mashed potatees and two hours. This, served with mashed potatoes and brown gravy, is a really wonderful meal. Eaten cold it is just as good, say, for supper with a salad. The cost is very small, 2d. or 3d. for the marrow, roughly 3d. for the pastry, plus any scraps for stuffing. A little raw tomato, tomato sauce, or chutney is an improvement if added to the stuffing, also dried horbs, if liked.

also dried herbs, if liked. This dish is equally good as a vegetarian meal. Don't use meat at all, but stuff with sage and onions or veal stuffing. If you do this you will want to add a little dripping to the mixture to keep it from being dry and stodgy. Oh, and by the way, an ordinary large Swede turnip is equally delicious stuffed. Peel it whole, scoop out the centre. fill it with any of these stuffings, place greased paper round, not pastry this time, and bake with a little dripping for basting. Cook until tender, pour off the dripping, and add a little brown gravy.— (From a Talk by Mrs. Nelson Edwards.)

WINIFRED HOLTBY on the holder of this week's 'Point of View.' H. G. WELLS—' THE COCKNEY SOLDIER

'Neither sun, moon, nor stars intimidate him. Life is more spacious because he has lived in it.'

Y beliefs, my dogmas, my rules, they Mare made for my campaigning needs, like the knapsack and water-bottle of a Cockney soldier invading some stupendous mountain gorge.' Wells himself has said it. At the end of his 'First and Last Things' he writes his own epitaph, as from the publication of his first scientific text-books till the final stillness of his running pen, he has been writing his own autobiography.

Once in a bright moment Miss Rebecca West saw the Big Four of contemporary British Letters as the Uncles: Uncle Bennett, Uncle Shaw, Uncle Galsworthy, and Uncle Wells. 'All our youth they hung about the houses of our minds like Uncles ... They had the generosity, the charm, the loquacity of visiting uncles. Uncle Wells arrived always a little out of breath, with his arms full of parcels, sometimes rather care-lessly tied, but always bursting with all manner of attractive gifts that ranged from the little pot of sweet jelly that is " Mr. Polly" to the complete meccano set for the mind that is in "The First Men in the Moon."'

It was a happy metaphor; but it was mon-strous of her to invent it. For of all tyrannies in the world, none is more inescapable than the happy metaphor. Nobody who read that vivid entertaining article on the Uncles can help now stealing a glance at the Big Four, when any of them pass, and looking for the avuncular smile, the patting hand, the secreted gift.

And yet it is misleading. H. G. Wells is not really an uncle, even though his charm, his generosity and his loquacity are unbounded. Timeo avunculos, et dona ferentes : I suspect these uncles, even when they bring gifts. For wild and sur-prising generosity is not confined to uncles. It is a gift of youth. If we must impute relationship to him, there is more of the nephew than the uncle about Wells, more of the urchin of genius than the middle-aged man of sense. He is generous and brilliant and creative, and irreverent and irrepressible and unafraid. He is, in short, a Cockney soldier, who, when a small obstinate draper's assistant at Folkestone, saw with his mind's eye the recruiting notices ' You can't be a Man of the World until you have seen the world,' and straightway enlisted in the army of Intelligence to fight the Stupids. Since then he has run like a chartered libertine about the universe, climbing the stupendous gorges of science, peering at the ruins of lost civilizations, shifting his tunic uneasily but doggishly in the rose-shaded boudoirs of romance. His neat, sturdy, vigorous little figure will never command the exuberant enthusiasm that greets Saint Bernard. When he attempted the leadership of the pre-war Fabians he completely failed. Even when the honoured guest of the Sorbonne or the German Reichstag he is never the Great General; there is always something a little rapscallion about him, the cheerful, cocky, friendly pugnacity of the Cockney soldier. There are, of course, advantages being a

private, especially if one happens also to be | a great man. No Olympian elevation has ever separated Wells from the Mr. Pollys and Mr. Barnstables and Christina Albertas' fathers of the world. His Utopias are never populated by the cold abstractions to which the stately mind of Sir Thomas More gave birth. Wells still sometimes travels by Underground, and at the Rush Hours clerks and apprentices and assistants from the Made-Lace Department scramble into his first-class compartment, and, all unknowingly, dance on the great man's toes. He has never lost the common touch. And perhaps that is why, in spite of the fact that he is temperamentally no leader, he is one of the most influential figures in the modern world.

The Cockney Soldier is irrepressibly indcpendent. Wells has had courage. He was an anti-imperialist Marxian. Socialist in the days when Socialism was outrageous; now that it is almost respectable he has become an admirer of Mussolini, strong government and an aristocracy. But his courage goes further than this. Neither sun, moon nor stars intimidate him, not the whole history of man nor the whole structure of the universe. Wells is ready for Life; he takes it all on, Gods, guinea-pigs, planets, social systems, modern girls, Local Government Boards, the marriage problem and World Free Trade. His literary career began after he pulled himself out of the world of Mr. Polly into the world of Ann Veronica's lover, and began to compress large scientific works into handy text-books. Ever since then he has been ' compressing' ideas for our benefit and entertainment, writing synopses of the Solar System or the Secret Places of the Heart ; and it is notorious that he does better with the hearts of apprentices than with the hearts of Bishops.

He has excited, amused, bullicd, cajoled and taught us. He is the educator par excellence. He has prophesied with the precise genius of profound observation; and in science, in politics, in social conventions, his prophecies have come true. Years ago he renounced Art as being too individual; but his worst novels, his most banal compressions, show him an artist in spite of himself, as the Cockney Soldier is sometimes a Hero malgré lui.

But of course his position has its disadvantages. H. G. Wells has shown almost every gift but reverence; and lack of that spoils much of his finest work. His recent gospel of the Strong Man in politics and the Intelligent Minority has led him to tolerate even a King who was a King : but once upon a time one had only to mention a crowned head, a peer with an old title, or an English country gentleman, and up went his thumb to his nose automatically. He had the gamin's urge to cock a snook at Authority and Dignity and Tradition. In one way this was excellent; it made him a Utopian, a critic, a visionary. In another it was bad; for it blinded him to the merits of stability. No living political thinker is more stimu-

lating and prolific ; but he must be allowed to criticize events his own way. If the facts swing a movement out of his chosen route for it, he ignores all the facts. Towards the League of Nations, towards women, towards the English public schools, he preserves a virginal mind, wholly uncontaminated by

contact with 'Something a little rapscallion . . . cheerful, cocky, friendly pugnacity.'

reality. In his novels Drawing by Low, reproduced by permission from ' The Sew Statesman' he has the Cockney soldiers'

way with women. Even Ann Veronica, exquisitely observed as she sometimes was, had to endure her bitter apprenticeship that she might flower into the Perfect Mate. She was not a human being, so much as a 'bit of skirt.' All the Wellsian heroines are rather 'bits of skirt,' whom we see sent into rigorous training that they may become the mellow and forgiving acceptors of Cockney male standards. In 'Marriage' in 'The male standards. In 'Marriage,' in 'The New Machiavelli,' in 'The Passionate Friends,' and 'Meanwhile,' we see them presenting on the Morning After, docile and sympathetic bosoms to the penitent of a night before. In the present fashion for Sheiks this may be all very well; but while the Dell Sheik, being an Arab by conviction, feels no need for repentance, the Wells Sheik is at best a Street Arab, and suffers from a consequent inferiority complex:

That inferiority complex overshadows the great man's work. Unintimidated before majesty though he is, he seems never quite sure that a cat may look at a king. We catch him wondering darkly whether his brave agnosticism is really quite as impressive as the serenity of faith, wondering whether there is not really something about Old Families and Royal Blood. And sometimes we feel that he puts his tongue out just to convince himself that he is unafraid.

Still, there is this advantage about an inferiority complex : it discourages com-placency. In his years of prosperity and influence Wells has never grown complacent. He is never pontifical, never idle, never content to call ill well, and then leave well alone. He does not pose as a leader, but he goes before us, an indomitable adventurer, exploring our whole range of knowledge, scolding us into public spirit, mocking our narrow vision. Human Life is more spacious because he has lived in it. WINIFRED HOLTBY.

As announced by 'The Broadcasters' on page 161, the 'Points of View' series will be continued next week by J. B. S. Haldane and Sir Oliver Lodge. The text of these important talks will be found each week in The Listener.

H. J. MASSINGHAM writes here of picturesque George Borrow A PICARO AMONG THE VICTORIANS.

EORGE BORROW was the last of the Picaros, or, shall I say, the of the 'Autobiography of a Super-Tramp' has been gathered to the fireside. He was at the tail-end of an illustrious if motley company—Don Quixote, Gil Blas, Eliza-bethan Nash's Jack Wilton, Benvenuto Cellini, Autolycus, Smollett, and Defoe, and in the earlier part of the last century, Edward John Trelawny, the pirate friend of Byron and Shelley. All these vagabond heroes, whether in books or their own persons, and however widely separated in personality and purposes, wear in their hats the recognizable plume of the picaro. The race is extinct now, for the motor road and the standardization of culture that follows it have left little or no room for the oddities and waywardnesses of the unconforming character, any more than for the out-ofthe-way places wherein they find their proper setting. The *picaro* shouldering his pack would nowadays be either an advertisement for a highbrow revival of an ancient

craft or he would simply be run over. Borrow, who was of a Cornish family like Trelawny, became the literary vagabond in London before his forcible and passionately independent nature sought a wider field of self-expression than a man so full of defiant life could ever have been content with in the atmosphere of seedy bookishness alone. Once he had left London and taken the open road, as a travelling tinker, he had found his true milieu, the object of every true man and woman upon this earth. His employment with the British and Foreign Bible Society between 1833 and 1840 was the due evolu-tion of that profound instinct, and henceforward Borrow's life was a blend of nomadism and bookishness, both very compatibly wedded, since Borrow's book-learning followed as errant a fancy and curious an exploration as did his feet.

I say bookishness and not literature, because it is the mark of the true picaros not to create new kingdoms of imaginative truth, in the manner of Shelley, Blake, Milton, Wordsworth, and Thomas Hardy, but to draw their heady brew out of the depths of their own lives and actual ex-periences. Your picaro is an autobiographist or he is nothing. The general public recog-nizes this, and with undiscerning tyranny clamours for the whole truth and nothing but the truth. It forgets that the knight, tinker, or shady customer errant, ' wandering companionless among the stars that have a different birth,' is something more than this, he is also an artist. His own life is the raw material of his books, but he is a story-teller not an accountant. Since his business is to make fact stranger than fiction, he is bound to use a certain element of fiction in making the very best out of his facts. A true work of art is always in a way more intense and real than life itself, because it selects the most telling, dramatic, and significant elements of lifethose that occur in life together with what is, from the artist's point of view, a lot of



GEORGE BORROW.

Borrow, the 'super-tramp' of the Nineteenth Century, and the author of the well-known 'The Bible in Spain,' is one of the travellers considered by Miss Flora Grierson in her talk next Thursday (Oct. 24), on 'Armchair Travels.'

undifferentiated slag. The picaro, in turning his life into literature, always recognizes that in making a photographic record of his adventures, he achieves dullness rather than verisimilitude. There is now no doubt whatever that Borrow did colour, heighten, and exaggerate a great deal of what he has told us

in 'Lavengro,' the 'Romany Rye', and even 'The Bible in Spain.' Do we read him any less eagerly for that? We know or ought to know that, if he hadn't, we probably shouldn't read him at all. It is the same with Benvenuto Cellini. His vainglorious yarns would have been far less readable had they been more credible. They are strictly faithful to his own character, which reflects so clearly the form and pressure of the Renaissance-as it would have liked to see itself. And Trelawny's 'Adventures of a Younger Son' are all the livelier (that is to say, more likelife) because they could not have happened precisely in the way they are related.

The same principle applies to Borrow. One of his biographers has said of him that he was 'a realist who, Defoe-like, could make fiction seem truer than life.' Borrow was disappointed and embittered at the cool reception given to 'Lavengro' (1851), because he realized that the public was a fool to expect of it the same fidelity to actual occurrences as was more apparent in 'The Bible in Spain,' which mounted into five editions before he could turn round. Isobel Berners, for instance, is an entirely lifelike figure, and Borrow, like all true picaros, was incapable of conceiving her portrait from his imagination alone. He knew her, he made her twice herself and so immortalized her from all the accidentals and drearinesses of mortality.

Borrow's best work was written in the strong English tradition of Defoe, especially in its simple, graphic, sinewy idiom. The

(Continued on page 210.)

WINTER ANTICIPATIONS. FRANK HOWES on the forthcoming Symphony Concerts.

THE pleasures of anticipation, say some people, are greater than their actual enjoyment. But such are dismal folk. Of what use to a man during a heat wave is the promise of a drink? The anticipation of pleasure becomes a present torment in such a case. We may have a tendency to look forward or backward according to age and temperament, but whether we like it or no, we live in the present, and the all-important thing is to enjoy ourselves now. Let us not then delude ourselves that the shadow which anticipates the event is as solid as the substance.

None the less, there is a pleasurable thrill about eyeing the good things that are to come. Who can

turn over the pages of the prospectus of the B.B.C Symphony Concerts without excitement? The Promenades may for the moment have slaked our immediate thirst, but by the end of October, when they are no more than a happy memory, we shall be more than ready for our weekly symphony concert. 'Friday night,' we read on the advertise-ment in the Tubes, 'is Amami night,' but Friday night this winter is to be B.B.C. night, and our shingled lasses would do well to choose another night of the week on which to bend their remaining locks over the perfumed wash-bowl, lest they miss hearing not only the music they have never heard (Continued on page 189.)



FAMOUS CONDUCTORS AT THIS WINTER'S SYMPHONY CONCERTS. (Reading from left to right) Hermann Scherchen, Sir Landon Ronald, Sir Henry Wood, Franz Von Hoesslin, Ernest Ansermet.

We have International Broadcasting,' says Mr. Lloyd James, 'but no International Language?'

CAN THE WORLD LEARN TO SPEAK ONE LANGUAGE?

THE age of international broadcasting is upon us, long before we are ready for it. The wireless medium is steadily becoming more and more perfect, but we have no universal language. The nations of Europe, of Asia, and America spend hours daily in adding to the babel of confused tongues that vie with one another in making the ether hideous with their prattle. There is no single language that can be understood by the whole world, and there appears not the smallest particle of hope that we are within centuries of attaining this very desirable end, notwithstanding the efforts of a long line of scholars, stretching from Descartes and Leibnitz down to Jespersen. I am not concerned at the moment with discussing the relative merits of any one language, be it living, like English and French, or artificial, like Esperanto and Novial. My aim is to point out why I believe that we are not within centuries of attaining anything like a universal speech fit for transmission by radio.

Speech and language are by no means the same thing; language embraces, I suppose, all the means known to man of communicating with his fellows, whether by word of mouth, by written symbol, by sign, by gesture, by waving flags, by semaphore, by Morse code, or by knotted string.

Speech is a term restricted to that form of language which is made by the so-called organs of speech, and which is apprehended by the car. Speech is an act, or a perform-ance. Certain rapid muscular adjustments have to be made, in certain sequences; the adjustments and the sequences vary from nation to nation, or, as we say, from language to language. The muscular adjustments that are necessary for what is known as English speech are quite unlike those re-quired for French speech, and still more unlike those required for Siamese, for Arabic, and Japanese. The structure of the human body and mind is such that the muscular, mental, and nervous habits acquired in youth become very firmly ingrained, and are seldom uprooted, or modified in later years. The habits of speech are amongst the earliest acquired: we can perform the act called speech in the way we first acquired it, and there, as a rule, our familiarity with speech, our capacity to

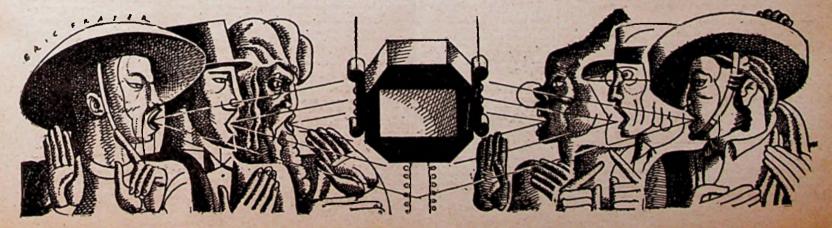
perform speech, ends. We find it increasingly difficult, as time goes on, to perform this act in the French way, or the Spanish way, or the Zulu way. Even if we learnt and knew every detail of French, Spanish, or Zulu syntax, vocabulary, and sentence structure, we should still not be able to make the muscular adjustments made by the Frenchman, the Spaniard, or the Zulu, or make these adjustments follow one another in the French, Spanish, or Zulu fashion. Moreover, we are by-long habit accustomed to associating certain adjustments, or modifications with certain adjustments, or mout emotions; we should find ourselves un-consciously repeating these associations in the foreign speech, with possibly deplorable results upon our performance. _ Every spoken language, in short, has its own sounds, its own rhythm, and its own intonation, and speakers of each language have by long practice acquired the habits necessary for the performance of these so thoroughly that they find it almost beyond their ability to disturb them,

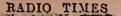
LL of which is merely a laborious but nccessary way of saying that the pronunciation of a foreign language is hard to come by ! Suppose we chose our ideal universal language ; for the sake of example, let it be English. How will this sound when spoken with the speech habits of the Burmese, or of the Yorubas? How, in fact, does it sound when spoken with the speech habits of the Middle West? We must refrain from any æsthetic judgment; let us confine ourselves to the simple test that all language must pass-Is it intelligible? Latin pronounced in the French way is completely unintelligible to those who learnt their Latin in England or Germany. M. Camerlynck, the late interpreter at the League of Nations, told me that he once had to repeat, in the French way, a Latin quotation used by an English speaker, because the French members had not understood it. Try the simple experiment—if you can—of talking English with French rhythm—and see if your friends understand you. Ask a Spaniard to pronounce the word 'jazz' and see if you recognize it; do the same with a Japanese, and ask a Chinese to make the distinction between 'pray' and play.' Ask an Englishman to make the

difference between the Yoruba words ba and gba.

The first step towards a universal ' speech ' is to find, from among the welter of sounds in the whole realm of speech, those that are common to all languages-if there are any ! Our universal language must be such that all the nations of the earth can pronounce it without fcar of being unintelligible. It will have to have a definite rhythmic system, and this will have to be taught throughout the world. If you have any doubts as to how difficult it is to persuade a nation to adopt a new rhythm in its speech habits. I invite you to come to the school of Oriental Studies and listen to a class of Indian graduates try to recapture the rhythm of This is the house that Jack built.' The rhythm of a language is as essential a part of its structure as its syntax and its sentence formation; and in no respect are the languages of the world more at variance than in their rhythms.

A universal speech is impossible unless and until all the nations of the world can be taught to perform the act of speech in the same way. Then they will have to be taught to think along the same lines, for speech and thought go hand in hand. Elementary attempts to make English a universal language lead sometimes to disaster; there is a notice in a certain Swiss hotel to the effect that 'It is defended to circulate in the corridors before seven hours with the boots of ascension.' Even if we had our universal language, would the Chinese mind think aloud, in this medium, as the English mind would? We might teach the Chinese. to do so, but it would be a long task. What the universal language will be, if it ever comes, it is impossible to say. It will most likely be the language of the race that will be economically most powerful in the world of the future? It may be a form of English, or it may be a form of Chinese, which, when all is said and done, is spoken in one form or another by more people than any other language. If England and the United States can settle their political and economic differences, they might try their hand at settling their linguistic differences, for agreement in that direction will be a very big step towards establishing the universal language of at any rate the Western world. A. LLOYD JAMES.







WE ARE A MUSICAL NATION.

WE ARE A MUSICAL NATION. The playing of the viola d'amore by Mr. Henri Caxdesur was a perfect joy. So was the singring of the English and dent of gratitude for restoring chamber music to something days of the 'Pops' – those days when we could hear the best was and the finest artists for a shilling. People talk as if the total and the finest artists for a shilling. People talk as if who could sing a part at sight, and ignoring the Elizabethans of the 'Pops' as they now do to the Promenades, and provincial who could sing the transfer is Italian. Londoners used to flow to to orchestral concerts when they get the chance. I believe is the transfer sould do. I can't see how one of your heat the Maoris could do. I can't see how one of your is said the Maoris could do. I can't see how one of your is the Maoris could do. I can't see how one of your is the Maoris could do. I can't see how one of your is the Maoris could do. I can't see how one of your is the best your because there is no record of such. What be the Maoris could do. I can't see how one of your is the Maoris could do. I can't see how one of your is the past just because there is no record of such. What be the merval of descant. - ' A concert to Wireles.'

ARNOLD BAN.

Limerick written after hearing Arnold Bax's ' Three Orchestral Pieces' broadcast on October 3 :--

There was a composer named Bax Of music he wrote simply stacks But nobody knew what it meant, save a few Who followed like sheep in his tracks.

From one who respects the musicianship of Mr. Bax, but deplores his apparent determination to avoid anything ap-proaching a good British tune. Elgar came like a breath of summer after the others.—G. M. R., Ashurst, Kent.

THE TRUTH ABOUT 'AITCH.'

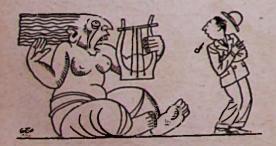
THE TRUTH ABOUT 'AITCH.' Word represented in English by 'what, 'which is closely related to 'why 'and 'when 'in the original Indo-Germanic tongue, commenced with the velar gutteral sound 'Q.' This velar gutteral in Latin, Greek, Celic and the Germanic tongues developed fairly regularly a slight 'u' sound following it. Thus we find in Latin equer, sequor, and quod all representing words beginning with velar gutterals. In English which belongs to the Germanic group, the bard gutteral becomes appirated and the soft dental 'd' is hardened into 't' regularly according to Greinns Law, so that in 'what' we find the inevitable repre-sentative of 'quod' provided we pronounce it 'hwat.' The person who says 'wat' loses the original Indo-Germanic 'u' sound. But say 'hwat' and your word is the amazingly legitimate auccessor of what was taid is thousand years ago by your ancestor in guest of information.—'A Scot living in Ireland.'

PROGRAMMES FOR THE LESSER BROWS.

TROGRAMMES FOR THE LESSER BROWS. I THENE is it time that a little 'smaller brow' stuff was broadcast. I notice there are many supporters for symphony concerts, talks on lives of great music masters, chamber music, etc. I cannot imagine a troop of 'our lads' in barracks, or the general labourer, miner, etc., who come home tired from work, pricking up their cars to sort out this medley. What we want is something plain and cheery. I feel sure you will agree with me, it is this class of people who do not complain.— E. C. Kirk, 5, Church Close, Northneood, Middx.

MODERNITY IN ART.

PLEASE do not print any more letters like that of M. F. Jefferic. Why can't all those who are as intolerant as she think of this. Many thousands of listeners hate modern music, but people in authority will not allow it to be eliminated from the programmes, for those to whom it makes no appeal need hear no more than the first faw bars before switching off. Therefore it is only fair that modern art should similarly be brought to our notice, since those who dislike it need do no more than glance at the first page before turning over. To all with violent passions, tearing out a page will prove less expensive than



smashing a loud speaker! To keep up with the times, one should, surely, attempt to understand either new music or art, and whereas a 'modern music' programme will stop one listening for the evening, a front page of modern design will not prevent enjoyment of the contents of *The Radio Times.*— '*Tolerant.*'

WHEN THE PREMIER LANDED IN NEW YORK. AFTER hearing the broadcast of the arrival of Mr. MacDonald in New York, I feel I must write at once to thank you for enabling us to hear it in our own homes. The reception was excellent and was quite as clear as we usually get your pro-gramme.—George E. R. Wilson, 50, Langholm Crescent, Dar-lington.

[A number of other listeners have written to The Radio Times expressing their appreciation of this broadcast,— Editor.]

MUSIC FROM RESTAURANTS.

YOUR correspondent on lunch-time music seems to be labouring under a delusion. It is not enough for music to be written by a great composer and played by a great arist; it is also necessary that the music should be written for the instrument or instruments on which it is performed. What,



for instance, would be the use of Kreisler coming to the micro-phone to play the Siegfried Idyll? Schubert never wrote the Unfinished Symphony to be played by an ill-balanced res-taurant orchestra of half-a-dozen performers to the accom-paniment of crashing plates and other extraneous noises. No music lover can pretend that the result is anything but a ghastly travesty of the real thing. No wonder Mr. P. M. Baker finds it nauseating; many of us do. Doubless he recognizes his Beethoven and Debussy only too well.—P. A. Walford, Lynsted, Walmer, Kent.

LIKES AND DISLIKES.

LIKES AND DISLIKES. I QUITE agree with 'Sceptic' about the amusement to be derived on Fridays from the 'past bag' page. I don't think there is much 'leg-pulling,' it takes all sorts to make a world, and some people have very queer ideas. Personally, I think that if people cannot find a programme from some station that they are able to enjoy, they must be ultra-particular or peculiar. The Promenade Concerts' have been wonderful. I agree with A. S. McCrea about Honegger—I neither like nor dislike Jack Payne, but I think it is a pity he is not oftener allowed to conduct 'concert' music. I admire A. J. Alan he has a lovely voice, but he wears a monocle and has a family, so he can't be as young as he sounds. Everyone has their personal likes and dislikes—most sets are not difficult to turn off or on 1 Need one say more ?—M. Gisby, Ware, Herts.

LET ME BE CENSOR.

LET ME BE CENSON. I'D gladly use my pen To wipe out from the programmes All griss who sing like men, All soul-less syncopaters, Vibrato balladists, Those topical debaters, And Negro melodists, Comedians whose patter is scarcely worth a rap, Who chuckle, whine and chatter To fill a programme's gap. Al these and many others Would come beneath my ban; Please send along the brief, sir, I reckon I'm your man. J. A. W., Cosham, Hants

FROM OPERA TO JAZZ.

I WOLLD like to voice my feelings by saying how very much I appreciate the Cinema Organ music we get on the ether from time to time. The way in which the programmes are carried out is most enchanting. Also the way in which one is inducted to jazz and from jazz to opera is electrifying to me, and always makes me feel that life is worth living. Here's hoping that this pleasurable item may long form part of our radio programme.—T. A. Joner, 58, High Street, Barroz-on-Soar, Loughborough.

READINGS IN FOREIGN LANGUAGES.

READINGS IN FOREIGN LANGUAGES. Wouth it not be possible to include in your programme (which is otherwise excellent), one or two readings from works in foreign languages, for example, Goethe's 'Faust,' any of the great French writers' masterpieces, or the beautiful Italian compositions? I notice that in every evening programme there is a 'Musical Interlude' from 7.15 to 7.30 and I am sure that many of your readers will agree with me when I ask you to include a foreign language of some kind, even if it be only the reading of a good novel. When I was in Cologne recently, I heard on the wireless a rendering of Oscar Wilde's 'The Importance of Being Ernest,' read by the English pro-fessor of the University, a lady from London, and a gentleman educated at Cambridge. This is the sort of thing I mean.--E. R. S., 18, Greeneroft Cardens, Hampstead.

THE RHYTHM OF SHAKESPEARE.

THE RHYTHM OF SHAKESPEARE. Wittle agreeing with much of the article entitled 'Shakes-peare still unbeaten as the world's greatest Radio-Dramatist, a suggest that the Poet used the word 'Egypt' in the phrase 'I am dying, Egypt, dying,' not for the purpose of 'crystallizing a situation,' but for the sake of a purer rhythm. A better example to have cited would have been 'The majesty of buried Demmark 'from Hamlet. The success of Shakespeare as a radio-dramatist is largely helped by the fact that listeners are more or less acquainted with the plays beforehand, and can so release part of their imagination to an esoteric enjoyment of them. Thus, 'King Henry the Eighth' lends itself to broadcasting pecause of a pre-knowledge of its distinctive language, but such plays as 'Cymbeline' and the three parts of 'King Henry the Sixth' would not be so successful unless accompanied by explanatory notes to bring them to the mind's eye.-. A. R. P. Leigh-on-Sea, Estex.

MENDELSSOHN'S 'HYMN OF PRAISE.'

I WOULD like to thank all who took part for their beautiful rendering of Mendelssohn's 'Hymn of Praise,' especially Mr. F. Titterton for his 'Watchman, will the night soon pass l' It brought back memories of nearly 20 years ago, when I used to hear it sung in my own church in Holloway, and although some memories were happy and others sad, it was a great joy to hear it again, which I had thought was not possible. I trust the pleasure will be repeated at some future date.— M. A. L., Royal Home for Incurables, Putney.

ANOTHER VIEW.

MAY I put in a plea for something a little more cheerful for the last hour and a half on Sunday evenings than, for instance, today's Mendelssohn's 'Hymn of Praise.' Surely the serious minded have been sufficiently catered for in the usually heavy symphony concert in the afternoon, followed by a Bible reading, a Bach's Cantata and Religious Service.-L. T., N.W.3.

THE END OF THE 'PROM' SEASON.

THE END OF THE 'PROM' SEASON. As we listened to the magnificent ovation accorded to Sir Henry Wood at the close of the Promenade Season on Saturday we resolved that we must attempt—not to express our appre-ciation of him and his orchestra, for no words could do that— but to acknowledge our gratitude to Sir Henry and the Queen's Hall Orchestra, to the B.B.C., and to the fortunate combination of circumstances which enabled us to hear that memorable close. The B.B.C. has arranged the broadcasts splendidly; the times (8 to 9.40) are, I am sure, most convenient to every-one; the transmission has usually been exceptionally clear, and all the change we could ask for next season might be for more relays from 5XX instead of 5GB and an occasional second half in addition to (not instead of) the first portion of the concert.—H. & M. Waddington, The Burteains, Port Hill Drive, Shreesbury.

THE ANTI-DANCE MUSIC FOLK.

BEING a great lover of dance music, the letters which so often appear in *The Radio Times* referring to such music as 'saw-grinding, rail-hammering burble,' I think, are ridiculous. I consider it an insult to such skilled musicians as we have in some of the broadcasting bands. It is an art to be able to play music to induce people to dance and really make them feel alive. If dance music is referred to as 'saw-grinding, rail-hammering' noise, words fail me to express 'highbrow' music. —' Dance Lover,' Birkenhead.

ONE 'POINT OF VIEW.'

I AM shush that we are all in favah of hearing mosh from Dean Inge in the futchah.—C. K., Mants.

THE COMPLEAT LETTER WRITER.

MAY I offer my services, at a moderate fee, for writing the whole of the page ' What the Other Reader 'Thinks ' ? It would save you the anguish of selection.

- Here are specimen letters :--



OCTOBER 18, 1929.

ILLIAM DUNBAR, the Scottish poet who wrote a century after Chaucer, in the days when England and Scotland were political foes, is nevertheless enthusiastic in praise of London; to him it was a city unique, though he had seen Paris also. The 'beryl streams' of the Thames enchanted him, 'Where many a swan doth swim with winges fair; Where many a barge doth sail and 'row with oar, Where many a ship doth rest with toproyal, O town of towns, pattern beyond compare.' The refrain of all his seven stanzas runs : 'London, thou art the flower of cities all !'

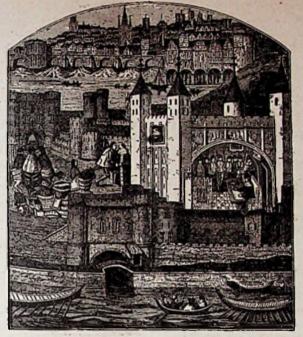
For, to the artist's or poet's eye, the City was truly what William Morris has called it, 'London small and white and clean.' In spite of the popular modern notion that whitewash was invented by wicked churchwardens in the eighteenth century, it was highly esteemed in the Middle Ages, not only as a preservative of stone (as Professor Lethaby has wisely used it in Westminster Abbey), but for its own clean and cheerful sake. Where medieval building accounts have sur-vived, we constantly find a concluding item, so many loads of lime for white-wash. We have Henry III's royal com-

mand to lengthen the gutters of the White Tower, so that the rain may fall altogether clear of the walls and cease to stain their whitewashed surface.

London then was small, some forty or fifty thousand inhabitants at most, though its population was equal to that of any other three English cities put together. To the outward eye it was white and clean, if we speak of the buildings alone. The streets would not come up to modern standards; for the medieval citizen was often also a peasantfarmer in his small way; and London had here and there its barns and cattle-stalls and carefully-nursed manure-heaps, quite apart from the accumulations of household refuse which by-laws did indeed attempt to regulate, but too often in vain. The scavenging was done in earlier times by the pigs; but this was found a doubtful policy, and at length the doom went forth : 'He that will keep a pig, let him keep it in his own house.' The frequent repetition of this regulation

bears testimony to its lack of complete success. In 1281 it was decreed 'that no swine, and no stands (for the sale of wares) or timber lying, shall from henceforth be found in the streets, after Monday next. And as to swine so found, let them be killed, and redeemed of him who shall so kill them for fourpence each '--the market price of 'a fat lamb' at that date was is. 4d. In 1202 the regulation was repeated, and four official swinc-killers elected for the year. In 1297 it was repeated again; now the pig itself is to be forfeited if caught abroad, and 'the pigsties that are in the streets shall be speedily removed.' The swine of St. An-

• At 7.25 on Thursday evening Dr. Coulton gives his fifth talk on ' England in the Middle Ages.'



From an illumination of 1450.

LONDON IN CHAUCER'S DAY. The Tower, with the spire of Old St. Paul's in the background. The house on arches is probably the Customs House in which Chaucer worked as an official.

thony's Hospital, in Threadneedle Street, were, however, privileged; they had bells round their necks and were free of the streets. But this led to abuse; and in 1311 the master of the hospital was called upon to swear on the Gospels that, from henceforth, he would not allow other people's swine to be belled and to pass fraudulently under St. Anthony's privilege.

Houses were almost universally of wood ; a stone house was sometimes known as the stone house. The partition-wall between house and house, however, was of stone, in order that the frequent fires might spread as little as possible. In each ward a great iron hook with pole and ropes was kept, to tear down the burning house and localize the conflagration. The ordinary house had only two living rooms, the 'hall ' and the ' bower,' or bedroom. The shop was commonly closed with shutters on hinges, which turned downwards in the daytime and formed a sort of exterior shell for the display of wares. But Chaucer's fellow-poet, John Gower, complains that many shopkeepers found it more convenient to show their wares in the dark background of the shop itself, where the flaws in the fabric might pass unobserved. These shops, like the inns, had their projecting signs, which the by-laws tried to keep within such bounds as not to obstruct passers-by.

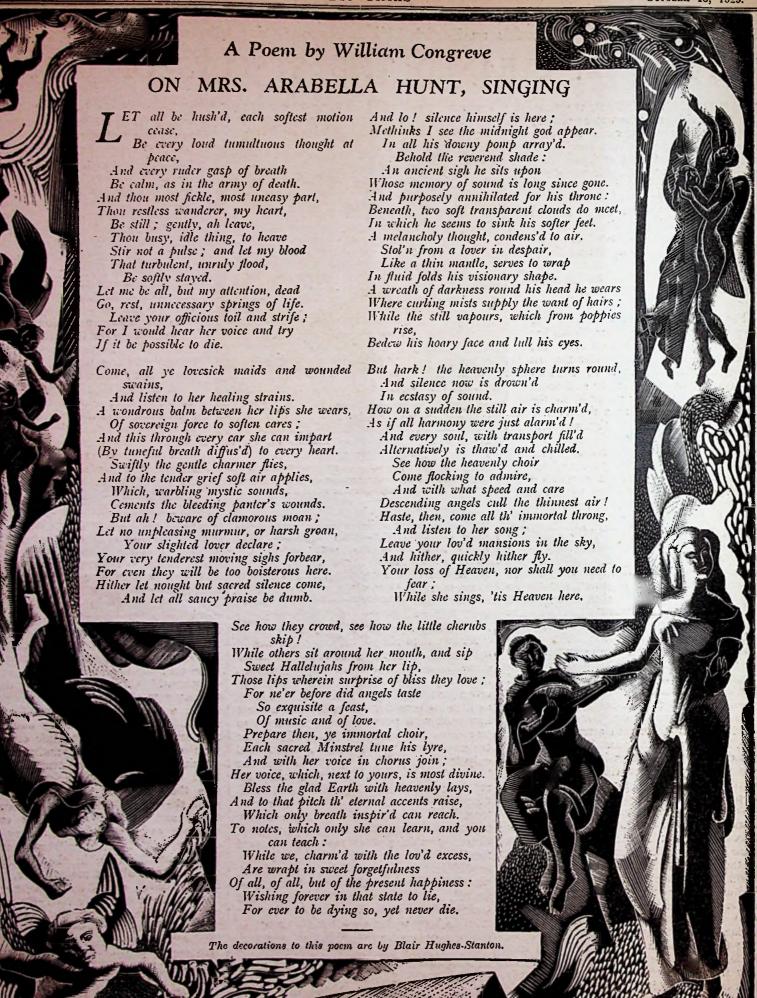
In comfort we should find that the dwelling-house of Chaucer's day left much to be desired. The window was commonly closed with a wooden shutter only; you might exclude the air, but then you must shut the light out. Many, however, had a frame of oiled linen; comparatively few were glazed; the expense was too great. Chimneys, again, in the modern sense, were far from universal; the smoke com-monly escaped through a hole in the roof; and, here again, the owner might take his choice; if he wished to be free from smoke, he must have 'no fire. Draughts were considerable; a man needed his furs and his warmest clothing more when he sat indoors than when he went abroad. The walls were mostly lath-and-plaster; our word 'house-breaker' consecrates the fact, which we know definitely from other evidence, that in these carliest centuries the burglar did not open a door or window, but dug through the wall. The carpenter's con-tract for building a London house rather above than below the average has come down to us from the year 1308; it amounts to less than £15. Folk com-monly slept more than one in a bed; Chaucer, as King's Squire, had to share his couch with another squire; even a great nobleman's domestic chaplains had to sleep two or three together.

Chaucer might have moralized, as he sank to sleep, exactly as Gascoigne moralized in the sixteenth century on the significance of slumber as a premonition of death :-

'The hungry fleas which friske so freshe, to wormes I can compare, which greedily shall gnaw my fleshe, and leave the bones full bare.'

But to this our ancestors were hardened, just as they were to cold; and thus their familiarity with God's humble creatures was only typical of their close contact with unsophisticated nature in general. Their standpoint was far removed from that of the modern boarded-out child who complains: 'In London, we get our milk from a bright 'In London, we get our milk from a bright brass can, but here it comes from a nasty, dirty cow!' Chaucer, living as he did over the city gate of Aldgate, led what we should call a villager's life, enlivened by village sports. The Maypole dance, and Christ-mas mumming, and Shrovetide cock-fights, were obnoxious to the authorities, but popular among the citizens. Moreover, there were periodical religious plays out-side the walls: at Clerkenwell, so called side the walls: at Clerkenwell, so called from the junior clergy who performed in them, and at Holywell. Nor can we conclude even the most summary sketch of medieval London without one word on its beer. This, in the Middle Ages, did duty not only for modern beer, but also for tea, coffee, cocoa, lemonade, ginger-ale, and water; it may be added, for cigarettes and pipes also. Teetotalism was so uncom-mon that Drinkwater, with its equivalent in Continental languages, is not only a distinctive surname but rather uncommon. For one town, Coventry, we happen to have statistical evidence; the consumption came to one quart per diem and per soul-man, woman, and child. Shall we add that the expectation of life was less than two-thirds of our modern expectation ?

G. G. COULTON,



THIS WEEK YOU WILL HEAR THE FIRST SYMPHONY **CONCER** B.B.C.

On Friday, at 8.0, the first of this season's Symphony Concerts will be relayed from the Queen's Hall. Sir Henry Wood conducts, and the soloists are Maria Nemeth and Walter Gieseking. These concerts, which will be given weekly through twenty-one weeks of winter, offer music-lovers an unusual opportunity. Below will be found some informative notes on the first programme.

Strings in Ten Parts.

IN the third of the six splendid Concertos dedicated to the Markgraf Christian Ludwig of Brandenburg there are no winds. Violins, Violas, and 'Cellos are each in three parts, and the foundation is provided by double-bass and cembalo (or harpsichord). But the string parts are so full that a wholly satisfying effect can be made without the keyboard instrument.

There are only two movements, the Adagio, consisting of but two massive chords; their intention is obviously to give the listener a momentary change of key—a mere breathing space—amid the bustle and merriment of two Swift-footed movements which are both in G major. Together they form one of the most wholly joyous pieces of sane and healthy music which the world possesses ; and that the devout Bach knew no hard-and-fast dividing line between the laughter and sunshine of everyday and the glad exulting of a simple faith is made clear by the fact that he used the first movement again in one of the Church Cantatas.

' Ocean, thou mighty monster.'

BERON, the Fairy King, had quarrelled with his Queen, Titania, vowing never to be reconciled until two human lovers should prove themselves constant through trials and temptations. In Weber's opera, Huon, a Knight of Charlemagne, and his Eastern bride Rezia, suffer many perils by sea and land before their unfailing devotion wins them happiness, and brings about the reunion of Oberon and Titania. In the great scene for Rezia, demanding a voice of power and big range, she likens the cruel ocean to a great serpent that lies coiled about the world

Strauss's ' Domestic' Symphony.

Y 1003, the year in which the Symphonia Domestica was finished, Strauss's position in the world of music was such that a new work from him was an event of importance. But the Symphony made something of a sensation on its own merits-or



MARIA NEMETH.

defects, as some critics will have it-apart from the interest of expectation and the interval which had elapsed since his previous big orchestral work—Ein Heldenleben, produced in 1898. Its subject seemed to promise the plain man something he could understand and sympathize with—a refreshing change from the perplexities of Zarathustra and from the unrealitics of Quixote and the visionary 'Hero.' There is no difficulty in recognizing the three personages who form the dramatis personæ of the work, nor the simple daily incidents which it sets forth. Dedicated 'To my dear wife and our boy,' it might not unfairly be called a musical family portrait album, in which the household joys and troubles are set before us.

But since its first enthusiastic welcome, the work has not contrived to keep its hold either on popular affection or on the admiration of musicians, as the earlier tone-poems have done. By contrast with their bold, soaring themes, its melodies are apt to sound fragmentary, and the means by which the scenes are set before us begin, after repeated hearings, to seem rather childish—unworthy of the genius who gave us Don Juan. None the less, it will always have an interest of its own, as an illustration of Strauss' dictum that there is no such thing as absolute music-only good and bad music. Good music, he maintains, is that which means

something, and is thus programme music. Its programme is quite a simple one. The Symphony, in one continuous movement, falls into four distinct sections, following one on another without breaks. The first sets forth and expands the three principal themes, or groups of themes-the father, in moods which vary between a comfortable screnity and fiery impetuosity; the mother, gracious, kindly, but with her moments of capricious liveliness; and the child, 'the image of his father,' say the aunts, ' the image of his mother,' say the uncles. The first appearance of the child's theme, on the oboc d'amore, is one of the most beautiful moments in the Symphony, very tender and simple.

The second part is the Scherzo, in which we hear the parents' pride and happiness in their baby, then the child himself at play, and finally his lullaby as he is put to sleep and the clock strikes seven of the evening. With a change to Adagio, the next section tells of Hopes and Visions, of a Love-Scene, and of Dreams and cares ; it closes with the clock striking seven at

morning. The Symphony comes to an end with a double fugue; it is to set before us a merry dispute which follows on awakening, and which reaches a happy conclusion.

Tchaikovsky's First Pianoforte Concerto.

EDICATED to Nikolas Rubinstein, and intended by Tchaikovsky as a tribute to him, this concerto met with a reception so crushingly unkind when the composer played it to him that it was given instead to Hans Von Bulow. He lost no time in bringing it before the musical world, and before long both sides of the Atlantic had welcomed it warmly. Rubinstein was wise enough to change his mind about it then, and to cry 'peccavi'; he, too, played it often in his own concerts. It has ever since been one of the most popular of pianoforte concertos.

It begins with one of his noblest tuncs, given

out with the whole sonority of the orchestra, the pianoforte accompanying with great chords. In pianotoric accompanying with great chords. In one of his letters Tchaikovsky says that he first heard this tune sung by a blind beggar, adding that in little Russia, all blind beggars sing the same tune with the same refrain. It is astonish-ishingly unlike any tune which blind beggars ever sing in this country. After brilliant use has been made of that first subject, a new theme appears in which the nignofects acts meinling appears, in which the pianoforte acts mainly as accompaniment. Then there is another expressive melody, and before the actual working out of the movement begins there is one more tune. in which the soloist has a large share. The slow movement begins, after a few intro-

ductory bars by the strings, with a melody given first on the flute. The middle section of the movement, in more lively time, is founded on an old French song which Tchaikovsky tells us that he and his brother 'used continually to troll and hum and whistle in memory of a bewitching singer.'

The last movement is a brilliant Rondo.

' Cockaigne ' Overture.

EDICATED 'To my many friends, the Members of British Orchestras,' this Overture is as vividly descriptive as-music may be of the many-sided life of a busy capital. The opening sets before us the crowds and bustle of the streets, and then there is an episode in more serious vein-London's dignity. The vivacious opening returns, and then we are. told of two young lovers-a melody on the violins. Street urchins are portrayed by a merry doubling of the dignified theme, and the next episode is a military band, coming from a distance, and passing by with pompous step. Again, a little later, band music intrudes on the two young people-this time a street band, with a playful mockery of the military music. Then, in a quieter section, we are to imagine the lovers as having found a refuge where only far-off echoes of the streets can reach them.

The themes, after the traditional development, are repeated, and the Overture closes with a reminder of the gay spirit in which it opened.



WALTER GIESEKING.

5GB Calling ! THE MORRIS FIDDLER OF WARWICKSHIRE.

How Some Old Melodies were Saved-A Russian Play-Writing Music in a Railway Train-More New Artists in Birmingham Vaudeville Programmes-The Family Spirit in Social Work.

RADIO TIMES

Violin and Organ Recital. XCEPTIONAL interest was taken a short time ago in the violin and organ recital given by Frank Cantell and Gilbert Mills, and relayed from the Church of the Messiah. In view of its reception another recital has been fixed for Friday, November 1, when once again the transcriptions of the accompaniments will bo Mr. Mills' own arrangements. Frank Cantell is, of course, the leader of the Studio Symphony Orchestra and the Midland Pianoforte Sextet.



Mr. GILBERT MILLS, A. C. Cosper who, with Frank Cantell, is to give another recital on Friday, November 1.

' In a Fiddler's House All Are Dancers.'

HIS country owes a great deal to the activitics of Cecil Sharp and Percy Grainger in the preservation for future generations of the old English Morris melodics. Books of musical reference lay stress on the folk dances in the North and South of England, but little mention is made of the Midland counties, with the exception of the fact that at one time the Morris Dance became incorporated with a Robin Hood pageant, which, of course, must have originated in Nottinghamshire. Many of the old melodies, however, which are now familiar to music-lovers owe their revival to the playing of old Sam Bennett, the Morris fiddler of Ilmington, Warwickshire, from whom the tunes were taken down. A sixteenthcentury dance, A Clouch's Dance, was taken down from Mr. Bennett's playing by Fred Adlington, the leader of the well-known octet, orchestrated by him, and will be broadcast by the Birmingham Studio Symphony Orchestra on Tuesday, October 29. It has been dedicated to the Orchestra's conductor. Mr. Joseph Lewis. The soloist in the same programme is Gertrude Johnson (soprano).

' Michael.'

NE of the most impressive dramatic adaptations of a Russian tale is that made by Miles Malleson of Leo Tolstoy's What Men Live By. There is a popular idea that the majority of Russian plays, or plays taken from the Russian, are unhappy, perhaps morbid, in character, but *Michael*, which is its English title, finishes on a note of glorious triumph. This play will be broadcast from Birmingham on Tuesday, October 29, the incidental music from the Midland Pianoforte Quintet being that specially written for the first production by Norman O'Neill, whose skill at providing effective background music is so well known. Michael will be followed by a delicate little cameo in verse, A Minuet, dealing with a brief episode during 'The Terror' in France, the scene being the prison of the Conciergerie. The author is Louis N. Parker, upon whose reputation as a playwright there is no need for enlargement.

Composer as Soloist-

NE of the outstanding items in the Orchestral Concert on Thursday, October 31, opus 6, which is to be played by the composer. This work was first performed at Bournemouth by Sir Dan Godfrey. It is planned on symphonic lines, the planoforte being sometimes considered as part of the orchestra and sometimes as a solo instrument. The influence of the War is undoubtedly evident in parts of the work. Mr. Gaze Cooper's musical career has

been interesting, in that he showed, until eighteen years of age, a posi-tive distaste for music. Then a tive distaste for music. pianoforte recital, for which he was given a ticket, entirely changed his outlook upon life, and he turned to music with an enthusiasm which resulted in his tackling moderately difficult piano works in a very few weeks. Like many other musicians, he finds the rhythm of a railway journey most inspiring for composition, and owing to a somewhat strenuous life, most of his first pianoforte concerto was written in the train travelling backwards and forwards between Nottingham and Derby. Under the circumstances surely one should expect to find a brief dedication on the fly-leaf of this work—' To L.M.S.'

-and Composer as Conductor.

THE chief attraction of the Orchestral

Concert on Saturday evening, November 2, is a Pianoforte Concerto by Stanley Wilson, which will be conducted by the composer. It will be remembered that Mr. Wilson's Skye Sym-phony, which received a Carnegie Award in 1928, was produced in Birmingham from 5GB. The soloist in the Concerto will be James Ching, and, in addition, the programme contains Stanley Wilson's Two Impressions-(a) Gull Cove, (b) By Bracedale, which he will also conduct. Stanley

Wilson is music-master at Ipswich School and James Ching is the well-known Leicester pianist, the two being lifelong friends and former fellow students at the Royal College of Musio.

The Tin-Whistle Saga.

A N hour's Vaudeville on Thursday, October 31, includes items by Pauline and Diana, in their popular instrumental act, and a newcomer-Robb Wilkin, who, I understand, promises to trace and demonstrate the history of the common or garden tin-whistle-how it has progressed from the depths of the misty ages, through the drum-andfife band period of the eighteenth and ninetcenth centuries, up to the present-day instrument. In view of this, I am awaiting with interest con-

firmation of a report that the tin-whistle was in use amongst the cohorts of the Roman Army of Occupation. There is a strong belief locally that as the legionaries sat round the braziers in their winter quarters at Bremenium (held by many to be the original Birmingham) the limpid notes of this same instrument were frequently wafting out on to the frosty air the popular ditty of that day-' We are Fred Karno's Army.'

The Trials of a Comedian

NOTHER first appearance in front of Birmingham's microphone in this programme is Anita Sharpe-Bolster, the actressentertainer, who, in addition to her stage experience, is well known in films, both 'talkie' and silent. She has appeared with her character sketches at the Cafe Anglais and principal West-End cabarets. Also in the bill is George Buck, who has figured so frequently in Birmingham revues, and always brings fresh material to the microphone. It is a mystery to me the source (truly in the nature of a widow's cruse') from which these comedians extract new songs with which to end their acts. I remember many years ago a struggler in the cause of Thespis and, self-styled, a comedian, arriving at a small provincial hall on Monday morning for rehearsal with a new song. He produced the parts from his breast pocket and handed them out to the band. 'You might put it down a semi-tone,' he said to the conductor, "it's too high at present." 'Let me see,' said the wielder of the baton, 'that will bring it into G flat.' Oh, but that's six flats.' 'That doesn't matter,' said the comedian, 'play it in six flats.' 'Sorry, old boy, it can't be done,' came from the musical director (sic), ' there are only five of us in the band '!

The Birmingham Settlement.

THE Birmingham Settlement was founded in 1899 as a centre of social work in one of the poorest and most crowded districts in the city. It occupies four large old houses in Summer Lane, Birmingham, and is the only settlement of its kind in Birmingham or the near Midlands. A special feature of its work is the homely spirit created by the way in which each member of the family can find a place in one or other of the Settlement Clubs. These clubs are numerous, and amongst other prominent activities include meetings for men and mothers, young men and young women, boys, girls, guides, Brownies and children; libraries for all ages, after-care visiting, a large provident bank, and a branch of the Poor Man's Lawyer Association. Students taking



THE BIRMINGHAM SETTLEMENT, cn behalf of which an appeal will be broadcast on Sunday, October 27.

the Social Study Diploma of the University live at the Settlement during their practical training, and invaluable help is also given by many men and women who come regularly to the clubs, libraries, and other meeting places. On Sunday, October 27, Miss Margaret Moffat, Joint-Warden of the Settlement with Miss Barbara Botsford, will make an appeal from 5GB for funds to enable this excellent work to go on. ' MERCIAN.'

OCTOBER 18, 1929.

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The 1930 COSSOC "Melody Maker"

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To Messrs. A. C. Cossor Ltd., Highbury Grove, London, N.5. Please send me a free Constructor Chart showing how to build the wonderful 1930 Cossor Melody Maker (a) A. C. Mains Model (b) Battery Model. (Please strike out one you do not require)

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3.30 A MILITARY BAND CONCERT

10.30 a.m. (Daventry only) TIME SIGNAL, GREEN-WICH ; WEATHER FORECAST

3.30 A MILITARY BAND CONCERT WINIFRED DAVIS (Mc:20-Soprano) NORMAN WILLIAMS (Bass) THE WIRELESS MILITARY BAND Conducted by B. WALTON O'DONNELL

Overture, 'The Flying Dutchman' Wagner HIMSELF no sea-farer, Wagner yet contrives, in The Flying Dutchman, to present a very vivid picture of the sea and ships. He had read Heine's version of the old story of Vanderdecken and was already icheming to write an opera on the subject, when he made the acquaintance of the North Sea in one of its grim and angry moods. He has recorded his own impressions of the journey: 'I shall never forget the voyage; it lasted three weeks and a half.... Tho legend of the Flying Dutchman was confirmed by the sailors, and the circumstances gave it a definite and charaeteristic colour in my mind.'

In its original form, the opera was 'A Dramatic Ballad,' to be performed without a break. On its first performance, however, at Dresden, in 1843, it was divided, in accordance with convention, into three acts, and for many years was always played in that form. The restoration to its original design is due to the late Sir Charles Stanford and the pupils of the Royal College, who performed it at the Lyceum Theatro in London as Wagner originally intended. The result was so entirely successful that Bayreuth adopted it for performance there in 1901, and again in 1902, on the lines originally laid down by its composer. The overture, forming, as it does, a concise

The overture, forming, as it does, a concise epitome of the drama, is really an expansion of Senta's Ballad, which, in itself, embodies the whole germ of the story. It opeus with the wild theme of the Dutchman's dread destiny, and storm and angry seas are vividly presented; the beautiful subject which portrays Senta, announced by the Cor Anglais, is also unmistakable.

3.42 NORMAN WILLIAMS

Il lacerato Spirito (The Wounded Spirit) Verdi When the King went forth to war

Kocnemann

3.50 BAND

- Picturesque Scenes Massenet
 1. Marche
 - 2. Air de Ballet
 - 3. Angelus
 - 4. Fête bohême (Bohemian Fête)
- ALTHOUGH we remember him best as a composer for the stage, and one who understood his own musical public as very few composers have done, Massenet left some purely orchestral music which is hardly less popular than his operas. And among them this Suite has always held a favourite place. Though popular in the best sense, tho music is thoroughly sound in workmanship, and full of that sensitive grace which makes French music so easy to enjoy. The claim which he makes in the name of these Scenes is no idle one; if any music was ever picturesque, it certainly is. The names of the four movements are sufficient clue to the scenes they would set before us.

| 4.10 WINIFRED | DATIS |
|---------------|-------|
|---------------|-------|

| Isobel | Frank Bridge Kccl |
|------------------|--|
| Birds in the No | choreaux |
| 4.18 BAND | and a start of |
| Six Waltzes from | Op. 39 (Second Set) Bruhms, arr. Gerrard Williams |
| 1.28 NORMAN WIT | ERVIT |
| Sombre Woods | Lully |

A Birthday Cowen

| | | - |
|----------|--|---|
| | 4.35 BAND | Ī |
| ×- | Rhapsody No. 3 Liszt | |
| | 4.42 WINIFRED DAVIS | 1 |
| | Absence | |
| | Everywhere I go Easthope Martin Wayfarer's Night Song | L |
| | | |
| | 4.50 BAND | |
| | The Fairy Tarapatapoum | |
| A | Tarantello Chopin | |
| cr | (For 5.0-8.45 Programmes see opposite page) | |
| in id | 8.45 The Week's Good Cause | Ĺ |
| | Appeal on behalf of the Royal National Mission | |
| ld - | to Deep Sea Fishermen by Lieutenant-Com- | |

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 20

2LO LONDON & 5XX DAVENTRY

842 kc/s. (356.3 m.)

mander R. G. STUDD, D.S.O., R.N., Retired.



LOTTE LEHMANN,

the prima donna, among the pigeons outside St. Mark's, Venice. She is singing from London and Daventry during tonight's Orchestral Concert.

Donations should be sent to Lieutenant-Commander R. G. Studd, the Royal National Mission to Deep Sca Fishermen, 68, Victoria Street, London, S.W.1

THE ROYAL NATIONAL MISSION TO DEEP SEA FISHERMEN is the only Mission solely devoted to helping those gallant men who, winter and summer, supply us with fish. The life is one of incredible hardship, afloat in small craft winter and summer, following the most dangerous of all our National industrics. The Mission, in addition to its spiritual work, provides the only means of rendering first aid to the men hundreds of miles from land-over 10,000 cases wero dealt with last year alone-and provides for tho men warm clothing to mitigate the hardships of winter. To do this, four Mission ships are constantly at sea, ministering to these men. Tonight's appeal is made by the Chairman of the Mission, Commander R. G. Studd, D.S.O. (son of the Lord Mayor of London), who had a number of fishermon serving under him during the War in the Dover Patrol.

8.45 AN APPEAL FOR DEEP-SEA

OCTOBER 18, 1929.

FISHERMEN

'The News'

WEATHER FORECAST; GENERAL NEWS BULLETIN; Local News; (Daventry only) Shipping Fore; cast

9.5 An Orchestral Concert

LOTTE LEHMANN (Soprano) The Wireless Symphony Orchestra

(Lendor, S. KNEALE KELLEY)

Conducted by PERCY PITT

ORCHESTRA

8.50

Overture, 'Sakuntala' Goldmark Preludo 'Romantiquo'.....d'Erlanger

THIS Overture by the Viennese composer Goldmark is not the prelude to any bigger work ; it is almost in the nature of a symphonic poem, and is founded on an old Eastern tale which goes back conturies before the Christian era. The story tells how a great King fell in love with the maid Sakuntala, whom he mot while hunting in a sacred grove, and how he gave her a ring. But the king is enchanted by ovil spirits, and forgets her, while sho loses the ring, and is disowned by the King when sho presents herself before him. After much unhappiness, a fisherman finds the ring and restores it to the King, who immediately remembers the maid and at once makes war on the evil spirits, overcoming them and rescuing Sakuntala, so that all ends well.

9.30 LOTTE LEHMANN and Orchestra

Aria, (' The Taming of the Shrew ')

Hermann Goetz

9.38 ORCHESTRA

Symphony in C (Jena)Beethoven I, Adagio—Allogro vivace : II, Adagio cantabilo ; III, Menuetto—Maestoso ; IV, Finale, Allegro

ALTHOUGH discovered only comparatively recently, the MS. of this Symphony bears just as good evidence of being genuine Beethoven as one or two other carly works which are universally accepted as his, and from internal ovidence, in the music itself, its genuineness is practically certain. There are several striking passages which almost any Beethoven enthusiast would recognize as undoubtedly the work of the master; even the listener who hears it for the first time is certain to discover these for himself.

It must of course be the work of a very youthful Beethoven, but is none the less interesting on that account : that he was planning a Symphony oven before the one which we know as the first sheds a new light on his carly years. No orchestra score was found, only the parts in MS. ; these were among the papers of the Music Academy in Jena, a vory old society closely bound up with the University there. The score had to be compiled from the instrumental parts, and the task was full of difficulties as there were obvious orrors in many places. There are four movements, a lighthearted

There are four movements, a lighthearted Allegro, a melodious slow movement, the Minuet and Trio (Beethoven had not yet substituted the Scherzo for the minuet), and another brisk Allegro.

| 10.5 LOTTE LEHMANN and Pianoforte | |
|--|----------|
| Zueignung (Dedication) Wiegenlied (Cradlo Song) Ständchen (Serenado) | Strauss |
| 10.15 ORCHESTRA Balkanaphonia | larcneży |

10.30

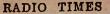
Epilogue 'HIS LOVE !

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RADIO TIMES

193 kc/s. (1,554.4 m.)

OCTOBER 18, 1929.



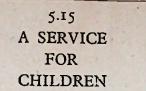
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5.45

THIS WEEK'S

BACH

CANTATA



(For 3.30 to 5.0 Programmes see opposite page) 5.0 BIBLE READING PAUL OF TARSUS-X Back to Jorusalem Acts xxi, 1-39 THE CHILDREN'S SERVICE 5.15 Conducted by The Rev. Canon C. S. WOODWARD Relayed from St. John's, Westminster Order of Service : Hymn, 'Jesu, good above all other' (English Hymnal, 598) Confession Lord's Prayer Psalm 146 Lesson : St. Luke 4, 38-44 Creed Prayers Hymn, 'He who would valiant be' (English Hymnal, 402) Address by Canon WOODWARD



The Rev. Canon C. S. WOODWARD. This afternoon's Children's Service.

THE DAY OF REST Sunday's Special Programmes. From 2LO London and 5XX Daventry. Hymn, 'Thou to whom the sick and dying' (English Hymnal, 527) Tho Blessing 8.0 5.45-6.15 app. CHURCH CANTATA (No. 38) BACH 'AUS TIEFER NOTH SCHREI ICH ZU DIR ' ('From depths of woe I call on Theo.') Relayed from the Guildhall School of Music The Singers MARY HAMILIN (Soprano) DORIS OWENS (Contralto)

JOHN ARMSTRONG (Tenor) STANLEY RILEY (Bass) The Wireless Chobus The Players AMBROSE GAUNTLETT (Violoncello) EUGENE CRUFT (Bass) Continuo LESLIE WOODGATE (Organ) THE WIRELESS OBCHESTRA (Oboes, Trumpet, Trombones and Strings) Conducted by STANFORD ROBINSON (For the words of the Cantata see below) (Daventry only) RELIGIOUS SERVICE IN WELSH 6.30 Relayed from Pembroke Terrace Presbyterian Church of Wales TREFN Y GWASANAETH Intrada. 'Dyfod mae yr awr' Emyn 112, Gloucester Darlieniad o'r Hen Destament Salmdon 5, 'Yr Arglwydd yw fy Mugail' Darlieniad o'r Testament Newydd

Emyn 331, Amsterdam Gweddi a chanu Gweddi'r Arglwydd Anthem 19, 'Gwynnach na'r eira' Pregeth Gweddi Emyn 376, Caerllyngoed Y Gendith Defnyddir Llyfr Newydd y Methodistiaid Calfinaidd a Wesleaidd

From the Studio Hymn, 'Praise to the Holiest' (Westminster Hymnal 56), Ancient and Modern, 172 Reading from the Gospel for the Day; St. Matthew xxii, 15-21 Prayer Address by The Rov. Father C. C. MARTINDALE, 8.J. Hymn, 'Crown Him with Many Crowns (West-minster Hymnal, 64) (Ancient and Modera, 340)

A RELIGIOUS SERVICE

Prayers Hymn, 'Soul of my Savour' (Westminster Hymnal, 74)

(For 8.45-10.30 Programmes see opposite page)

10.30

Epilogue 'HIS LOVE' (For details of this week's Epilogue see page 181)



Father C. C. MARTINDALE. The Studio Service at eight o'clock.

THIS WEEK'S BACH CANTATA.

CANTATA No. 38.

'AUS TEIFER NOTH SCHREI ICH ZU DIR.' ('From depths of wee I call on Thee.')

THE opening chorus here is to all intents and purposes a motot; the orchestral accompaniment has practically no unde-pendence from the voices. It may be that at the time of its composition Bach had rather a weak choir to deal with, and the voices needed

all the support his instruments could give them. The tenor aria, the only aria in the Cantata, is clearly borrowed from some other work. The music and the text are not akin, in Bach's happy music and the text are not akin, in Lacra surgers way which so often suggests that the music was born of the text, and the aria is difficult and born of the text, and the aria is difficult and born of the text, and the aria is difficult and born of the text, and the aria is difficult and born of the text, and the aria is difficult and born of the text, and the aria is difficult and born of the text, and the aria is difficult and born of the text, and the aria is difficult and born of the text, and the aria is difficult and born of the text, and the aria is difficult and born of the text, and the aria is difficult and born of the text, and the aria is difficult and born of the text, and the aria is difficult and born of the text, and the aria is difficult and born of the text, and the aria is difficult and born of the text, and the aria is difficult and born of the text, and the aria is difficult and born of the text, and the aria is difficult and born of the text are are are arbitrary the text are are arbitrary text are are text are arbitrary somewhat ungrateful to sing. The music, as music, is, needless to say, instinct with Bach's endless fertility of melodious invention.

The final trio, before the chorale, has, like the opening chorus, something of motet character; it is usual to have it sung by a

small choir, rather than by three soloists.

The concluding chorale is very simple and straightforward.

1.-Chorus : From depths of woo I call on Thee,

O God, now hear my crying! Thy gracious ear incline to me

To my complaint roplying. If Thou, O Lord, wilt call to mind

The sins and failings, of mankind,

Alas! who may abide it ?

II.-Recitative (Alto):

- In Jesu's mercy will we trust Whose might alone can raise us from the dust ; For Satan still our souls would claim,
- And, to his bondage given, Our life wero nought but sin and shame. Then how could guilty mortals dare to pray, Or cherish hopes of Heaven,

If Jesu wore not strong to drive the foe away ?

III.-Aria (Tenor) :

- What voice is with the tempest blending ? O comfort 1 'Tis my Saviour dear ! Then, troubled spirit, fear no longer ! Than Satan's power Thy God is stronger ; His mighty arm is over near, His truth and mercy have no ending.
- IV.-Recitative (Soprano):

Ah! what a wav'ring faith is mine !



BACH AT THE ORGAN.

Alas! how feebly grounded, And still with doubt and fear surrounded! How often, when my focs assail me, My heart will fail me!

What! Canst thou doubt thy loving Lord, Who oft with but one whisper'd word Will calm thy fears ?

Oh, think how swiftly then appears thy

consolation ! Then trust in His unfailing love,

And in His sure salvation !

V.-Trio (Soprano, Alto, Bass) :

With heavy fetters sin had bound me, A load more grievous day by day ; When at the last my Saviour found me, And all my burden quickly fell away. How brightly dawns the joyful morrow Upon my night of need and sorrow !

VI.-Choral:

- Yea, though our sin be no'er
- so great, God's grace at last prevaileth; His arm is roady soon and late,
- His morcy nover faileth. Good Shepherd of the flock
- is Ho; His chosen people He shall
- free From sin's dark house of bondage.
- The text is reprinted by cour-tesy of Messrs. Novello and Co., Ltd.

7.50 BOYS' & GIRLS'

UNION



FOR THE **KOLSTER-BRANDES** SUNDAY CONCERTS

K-B 161 or 169 All-Mains 3-Valve receiver, Price £17 10s., including valves and royalty, for best reception of the fortnightly Sunday Concerts broadcast from the Hilversum Vara station by the Kolster-Brandes Radio Orchestra, under the direction of Hugo de Groot.

KOLSTER-BRANDES CONCERT, October 20.

(1,071 metres) 5.40 p.m.

- 1. Overture. Beautiful Galathea Fr. V. Suppe 2. Waltz. Transactionen Jos. Strauss Tin Soldiers O. Kockert 3.
- Selection. Songs of Scotland Bodewalt-Lampe 4.
- 5. Heinzelmannchen's Wachtparade Noack
- 6. A Perfect Day Carrie Jacobs-Bond (Solo on the V.A.R.A. STANDAART Organ by Joh. Jong)
- 7. Pas des Fleurs. (Waltz from Naila) L. Délibes
- 8. Two Guitars Harry Hornick
- 9. By the Swance River Myddleton
- 10. Intermezzo Sinfonico from 'Cavalleria Rusticana' Pictro Mascagni

11. Melodies from the Opera ' Faust' .. Ch. Gounod



SUNDAY, OCTOBER 20 **5GB DAVENTRY EXPERIMENTAL** 626 k/cs. (479.2 m.)

TRANSMISSIONS FROM LONDON EXCEPT WHERE OTHERWISE STATED.

Chamber Music 3.30-5.0

JEANNE DUSSEAU (Soprano) THE BROSA STRING QUARTET QUARTET

Quartet No. 2 Mathew Locke (1630-1677) ONE of the great Purcell's most important prede-

cessors, Matthew Locke, beginning his nusical carcer as a chorister in Exeter Cathedral, soon made a name for himself as a composer of music for stage pieces. It was he who wrote the music for the procession of Charles II through the city the day before his coronation, and that won him the appointment of 'Composer in Ordinary' to the King. His masques, and anthems for the Chapel Royal, are much better known than the fow pieces for strings which he left, and it is supposed that these were specially written for his own pupils. At that early date, of course, they were not written for the string quartet as we know it now, but for a 'Consort of Viols.'

He was a man of strong character and enterpriso and there is a good deal of originality in his music; he was one of the very first, if not the first, to composo a piece descriptive of a storm. It occurs in music which he wrote for Shadwell's version of The Tempest.

3.40 JEANNE DUSSEAU

O luvo will venturo in In mezo al mar . . Sadero Der Schmied (The Smith) Brahms

3.52 QUARTET

Quartet in E Flat (K. 428) Mozart

THIS quartet is one of six which Mozart dedicated to Haydn, with a preface in which ho says that they were the fruits of long and arduous toil. That is one of the things which is very difficult to believe; they all sound

in their spontaneous flow of gracious happy melody as if they must have been written down just as they occurred to his fertile mind. The dedication was partly the outcome of a warm-hearted testimonial of Mozart's great gifts which Haydn gave to Mozart's father, assuring him that his son was the greatest composer he knew, either personally or by reputation. But Mozart always considered that it was from Haydn he first learned to compose string quartets, so that the dedication of these fine works to the older man was, in Mozart's own words, 'only his due.'

4.12 JEANNE DUSSEAU

| At Night | lachmaninov |
|---|-------------|
| Marie Im Herbst (The Autumn) Aus meinen grossen Schmerzen (Fr my great grief) Er ist gekommen (He has come) | om Franz |

4.25 QUARTET

Quartet No. 2 in D Borodin BORDIN, a brilliant Doctor of Medicine and Pro-fessor of Chemistry, in both of which faculties he made a lasting mark, used to say that the only time he had for music was whon he was too ill to do his medical work. None of his music sounds as though that were true; it is all strong, health music with a were true; it is all strong. healthy music, with nothing morbid or unwhole-some in it, although he could express tragic moods when he wished. In his chamber music he is less obviously a Russian than in such well-known things as the dances from *Prince Igor*, and this quartet suggests that Schumann's chamber music was quito well known to him. Melodious and



Vaughan & Freeman ALBERT SANDLER and the Park Lane Hotel Orchestra are being relayed by 5GB tonight at 9.0.

SERVICE graceful throughout, it has something of the

warmth and forvour we associate with what is called 'the Romantic School.' 7.50 The Birmingham Boys' and Girls' Union

ANNUAL SERVICE

Conducted by Canon T. GTY ROGERS Rolayed from St. Martin's Parish Church, Birmingham THE BELLS

Hymn, 'O beautiful my Country' (191, Songs of Praise)

Thanksgiving Prayers Hymn, 'Ho who would valiant be' (255, Songs of Praise); Lesson, St. Luko ix-51-62 Club Prayers

Hymn, 'Pioneers' (Walt Whitman) (See below) Address; Hymn, 'Soldiers of Christ, ariso' (353, Songs of Praise)

BENEDICTION 1.

All the past we leave behind We take up the task

eternal, and The burden, and the

lesson, Conquering, holding, dar-

ing, venturing, So wo go the unknown WAYS.

Pioncers! O Pioncers! 2.

for delectations Not sweet,

Not the riches safe and palling, Not for us the tame en-

joyment ; Never must you bo divided, in our Ranks you move united,

Pioncers ! O Pioncers ! 3.

All the pulses of the World,

All the joyous, all the sorrowing, These are of us, they

are with us;

We today's procession heading, we The route for travel clearing, Pioneers! O Pioneers!

On and on the compact ranks, With accessions over waiting, we Must nover yield or falter, Through the Battle, through defeat, Moving yot and never stopping, Pioncers ! O Pioncers !

| 8.45 | The | Week's | Good | Cause |
|------|-----|--------|------|-------|
|------|-----|--------|------|-------|

' The News '

8.50 I DE NEWS WEATHER FORECAST ; GENERAL NEWS BULLETIN

Albert Sandler 9.0

| Incore culturer |
|---|
| and The Park Lane Hotel Orchestra |
| From the Park Lane Hotel |
| Overture, 'Rosamunde' Schubert Sanctuary of the Heart Ketelbey |
| GLADYS RIPLEY (Contralto) Lovo, from thy power Saint-Saens |
| ORCHESTRA Suito, 'Peor Gynt' Grieg |
| ALBERT SANDLER Ave Maria |
| GLADYS RIPLEY Nono but the weary heart |
| ORCHESTRA Selection 'Martha' |
| ro.30 Epilogue |

| Su | nday's | Programmes continued | (October 20) |
|--|-------------------------|--|--|
| 5WA CARDIFF. | 968 kc/s. (309,9 m.) | 2ZY MANCHESTER. 797 kc/s. (376.4 m.) | Don Juan's Scronade . To Anthea |
| 3.30-6.15 app. S.B. from London 5.30 A RELIGIOUS SERV (in Welsh) | | 3.30 A Light Orchestral Concert THE NORTHERN WIRELESS ORCHESTRA Conducted by T. H. MORRISON Overture, 'Rosamunde' | Tais has no connection we any of the best-known a is just such a scrended sung in any of the var know him. The origin Tolstoy. Tchaikovsky |
| Relayed from Pembroke Terraco Presbyterian C Relayed to Daventry Trofn y Gwasanaed | 5XX | First Suite, 'The Wand of Youth' Elgar Overture; Serenade; Minuot (Old Style); Sun Danco; Fairy Pipers; Slumbor Scene; Fairies and Giants | and each strain begins as a screnador might p running figuro which les simple air given to the |
| Intrada. 'Dyfod mae yr awr' Emyn 112, Gloucester Darlleniad o'r Hen Destament Salmdon 5, 'Yr Arglwydd yw fy Darlleniad o'r Testament Newyd | Mugail ' | JOSEPH SUTCLIFFE (Bass) with Orchestra When a maiden takes your ('Tho Seraglio') fancy | Nisota, and she is bidde screnade, to come forth her in the moonlit garde ORCHESTRA |
| Emyn 331, Amstordam Gweddi a chanu Gweddi'r Arglw, Anthem 19, 'Gwynnach na'r eir Progeth | dd | THE original name of the Opera which we usually call simply The Seraglio is The Abduction from the Seraglio. The story was adapted from a play of that day, modified by Mozart himself. It | Overture, 'The Magic F 5.0-6.15 app. S.B. from |
| Gweddi Emyn 376, Caerllyngoed Y Gendith Defnyddir Llyfr Nowydd y Methy | od- | turns on the capture of a fair lady by a Turkish 'Bashaw' and her rescue by her faithful lover, | 8.0 A REL |
| istiaid Calfinnidd a Wesleaidd 8.0 S.B. from London | | | Relayed |
| 9.0 West Regional Nows | | | Hymn, 'I heavens add Hymnary, |
| 9.5 A CONCERT Relayed from the Park Hall, Car NATIONAL ORCHESTRA OF WAL (Cerddorfa Cenedlaothol Cymru | ES | E) Address | Reading fr Hymn, 'H Jesus soun (Congreg Frayers |
| (Leader, Louis Levitus) Conducted by WARWICK BRAT WAITE Minuet | State State | | Anthem, ' dwelling Address Costain |
| Phantasy, 'The Three Bears' Eric Coo NORMAN ALLIN (Bass) The Passionate Shepherd to his lo | | | School Hymn, 'I dwelling ary, 603 |
| II. Stanley Tay All Suddenly the Wind. Alan D Captain Stratton's Fancy Peter Ward | urr | | 8.35 SACREI M WIT Music sur |
| OBCHESTRA Symphonic Poem, 'Les Prelud L 10.0 S.B. from London | os' iszl | - Strand | WIRELES 8.45 S.B. fr 9.0 North 1 |
| 10.30 Epilogue | | | 9.5 S.B. fro 10.30 |
| 10.40-11.0 The Silent Fellows | nip will be | A RELIGIOUS SERVICE IN WELSH relayed from the Pembroke Terrace Presbyterian | |
| 55X SWANSEA, 1040 40 | vales th | his evening at 6.30, and broadcast from Cardiff, Sw htry. The Rev. John Roberts (inset) conducts the | service. 5NO NEW |
| 3.30-6:15 app. S.B. from London 6.30 S.B. from Cardiff 8.0 S.B. from London | | a young Spanish gentleman. The whole story is treated in the most lighthearted spirit, and Mozart's gay and tuneful music suits it admirably. It is recorded that when the Opera was first per- | 3.30-6.15 apj S.B. from Lond 5SC GLAS ' 3.30-6.15 app :-S.B. from I vice from the Studio. Conduc M.A. Church of Sectiond. Bon |
| 9.0 West Regional News. S.B. f9.5 S.B. from London10.30Epilogue10.40-11.0The Silent Fellows | | formed, in the presence of the Emperor, he thought the scoring too full—it probably was consider- ably richer than any he was accustomed to—and that he said to Mozart: 'There are too many | M.A., Church of Scotland, Bon to the Lord, Our God' (R.C. Scripture, Hynn; 'Holy F 629). Address, Frayce, In closeth '(B.C.H. 284). Benedic 9.0:-Scottish News Bulletin. Epilogue. |
| S.B. from Cardiff | | notes in the music.' If report be true, Mozart replied that there were just as many as there ought to be. The Opera has been heard in this | 2BD ABER |

1,040 kc/s (288.5 m.) 6BM BOURNEMOUTH. 3.30-6.15 app. S.B. from London 8.0 S.B. from London 9.0 Local News 9.5 S.B. from London Epilogue 10.30 PLYMOUTH. 1,040 kc/s (288.5 m.) 5PY

3.30-6.15 app. S.B. from London 8.0 S.B. from London 9.0 Local Nows 9.5 S.B. from London 10.30 Epilogue

..... Tchaikovsky Hatton

with the Opera, nor with stories, of Don Juan, but a stories, of Don Juan, but de as he might well have arious guises in which wo inal text was a poom by ky has set it very simply, s with a little prelude such play on his lute, a little leads very happily into the e voice. The lady is called den, as ladies are in every the to the lover who awaits h to the lover who awaits len.

Flute' Mozart

n London

ED MUSIC

TER WIRELESS QUARTET

LIGIOUS SERVICE ed from the Central Hall

Service

Praiso the Lord ! Ye dore Him '(Congregational 5) from Scripture

- How Sweet the Name of ands
- egational Hymnary, 161)
- 'O how amiable are Thy gs (J. H. Maunder) by the Rev. A. J.
- s, Head master of Rydal
- Father, in high heaven g (Congregational Hymn-3)

ED MUSIC by THE MANCHESTER IRELESS QUARTET

ung by THE NORTHERN ESS CHOIR

from London

Regional News

rom London

Epilogue

ner Stations.

WCASTLE. (261.3 m.) pp. :-S.B. from London. 8.0 :-ndon. 10.30 :-Epilogue,

ought to be. The Opera has been heard in this country both under Sir Thomas Beecham's guidance, and afterwards from the B.N.O.C., and one or two of its separate numbers appear. frequently in concert programmes, this air for bass more often than any other. It and its companion, the song 'Ah, my pretty brace of fellows,' were specially composed by Mozart for a famous bass of his day with an unusually deep voice, and have always been popular with basses whose lower notes are sufficiently full and resonant to do them justico.

ORCHESTRA

Second Symphony in D Haydn Adagio leading into allogro; Andante; Menuetto (allogro); .Allegro spiritoso

JOSEPH SUTCLIFFE Now Phoebus sinketh in the west

Arne, arr. Moffall Droop not, young lover Handel SGOW. 752 kc/s. (398.9 m.) London. 8.0:-A Religions Scr-ucted by the Bev. Oliver Drycr, onnyrige. Hymn: 'Come, let us C.H. 400. Prayer. Reading of Father, in Thy Morey '(R.C.H. Hymn: 'The dutcous day now liction. 8.45:-S.B. from London. . 9.5:-S.B. from London. 10.30:

| ABERDEEN. | -995 ke/s. |
|-----------|------------|

3.30-6.15 app.:-S.B. from London. 8.0:-S.B. from Glas-cow, 8.45:-S.B. from London. 9.0:-S.B. from Glasgow. 9.5:-S.B. from London. 10.30:-Epilogue.

2F

| 3E | BELFAST. | 1,238 kc/s. (242.3 m.) |
|----|----------|---------------------------|
| 5E | DELFAJI. | (242.3 m.) |

2DE DELLFAD1. (222,3 m.) 3.30:-S.B. irom London. 6.15 app. :-Organ Recital relayed from the Fisherwick Presbyterian Church. Organist, T. H. Crowe: Offertoire in B Fisht (A. Thomas). Jessie Coulter (Soprano): Recit, 'Open unto me the gates of rightcourness'; aria, 'I will extot Thee. O Lord, for Thom hast litted me up. ('Eil') (Costa). T. H. Crowe: Bustle Fantasy (Wolsten-holme). Jessie Coulter: Aria, 'Hear yo Israel, hear what tha Lord speaketh.' from 'Eiljah' (Mendelssohn). T. H. Crowe: Prayer and Berceuse (Guilmant). 6.45:--A Religious Servico Prayer and Berceuse (Guilmant). 6.45:--A Religious Servico Service: Scripture Sentences; Doxology, 'Praise to the Lord' (Ilyma No. 22, ILC.IL): Invocation: Praise, 'All people that on carth do dwall' (Met Pasim 100, Tune 15); Reading; 'Trayer; Praise, 'Father in High Heaven' (Hymn No 283, R.C.H.); Anthem, 'Look on the fields for they are white already to harvest' (C. Macpherson); Prayer and Lord's Prayer; Praise, 'Lovo Divino' (Hymn No, 470, R.C.H.); 'Ladress by the Res.' James Ried, M.A., of Estbourne; Prayer; Praise, 'Come Unto Me, yo weary' (Hymn No, 300, R.C.H.); Benediction, 8.4:--S.B. from London, 10.30;--Eplicgue,





THOUSANDS LEARNING LANGUAGES THIS AUTUMN.

New Pelman Method of Learning French, German, Spanish and Italian Which is Winning Popularity Everywhere.

THOUSANDS of men and women are now learning French, German, Spanish and Italian who never thought they would ever be able to learn a Foreign language.

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This new method is achieving a wonderful popularity. It is not only so exceedingly simple that even a child can understand it, but it is most absorbingly interesting. Readers find that once they start a Pelman Course in French, German, Spanish, or Italian they go on with it and master the language in question in quite a short time. They can listen with interest to talks and sketches sent over the Wireless from foreign stations, they can read French, German, Spanish, and Italian books and newspapers, they can go abroad and talk to the people they meet (and understand what is said to them in reply), they can pass examinations in Foreign subjects-and they can do all these things without spending hours, weeks and months studying dull Grammatical rules, and learning by heart long strings of foreign words. In fact, this new method is enabling men and women who have never been able to "get on" with Foreign languages before, to learn these languages quite easily and in much less than the usual time.

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This method enables you to learn a Foreign language in that language. In other words you learn French in French, German in German, Italian in Italian, and Spanish in Spanish, and without using a single word of English. Yet the method is so simple that even a child can follow it, and so interesting that once you start on one of the Pelman Language Courses you will go on to the end, when you will find you have gained a complete mastery of the particular language in question.

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"I can read and speak Spanish with ease, though it is less than six months since I began." (S. M. 181.)

"I thank you for your really wonderful (Ger-man) Course. It is the first time I have met anything really good and cheap." (G. H. 304.)

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"I have made more progress (in French) during these last weeks than during the whole 18 months under a master. The method of Pronunciation is perfect, and the best I have seen." (S. 450.)

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"Each lesson has been a pleasure. A few months ago I knew not a word of Italian, whereas I can now carry on a conversation with Italians, and I find I think in the language—I do not have to translate." (I. S. 192.) (I. S. 192.)

"I have enjoyed the German Course exceedingly. I was two-and-a-half years with the Army of Occupation in Cologne and learned nothing. It seems strange that I should have picked up through your course in six months-in England -enough German to make myself understood when my $2\frac{1}{2}$ years in the country itself left me practically as ignorant as when I went there." (G. F. 171.)

"I am extremely pleased with the (Italian) Course. I found it of the greatest possible ser-vice to me during a recent visit to Italy." (I. T. 127.)

"I am delighted with the progress I have made (in German). The Course is splendid. It is the simplest way of learning and the most delightful." (G. C. 268.)

"Your method is the pleasantest method of learning a language imaginable. I always found languages a very difficult subject at school, but. have had no difficulty whatever with the (French) Course." (F. 684.)

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OCTOBER 18, 1929.

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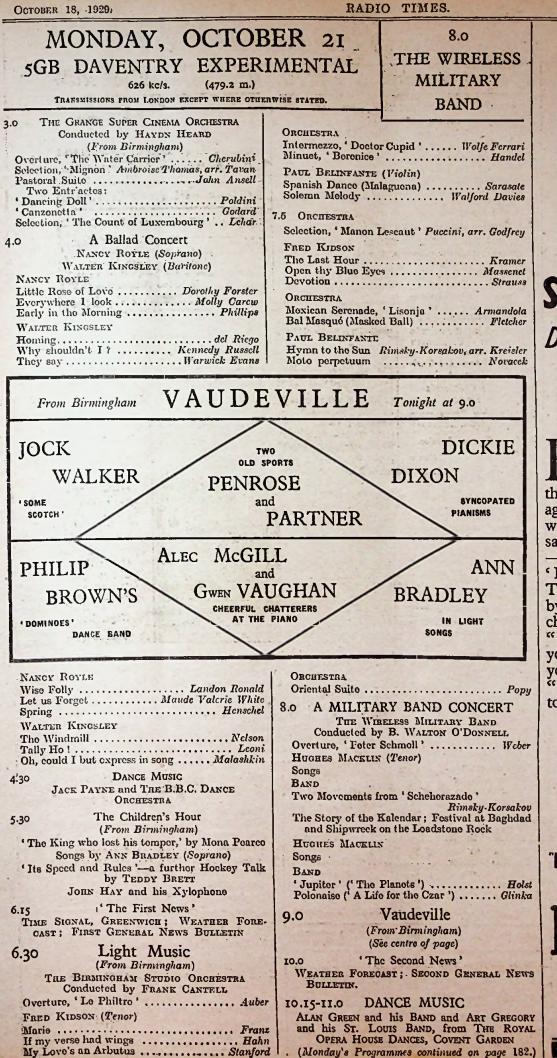


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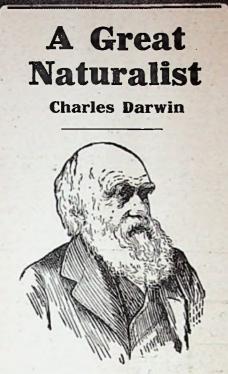
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RADIO TIMES

Programmes for Monday

(Manchester Programme continued from page 182.) THE NORTHERN WIRELESS ORCHESTRA Conducted by T. H. MORBISON ALFRED BARKER (Violin)

9.0 S.B. from London

9.15 North Regional Nows9.20 S.B. from London

9.50-II.0 Band Music and a Play THE MANCHESTER CITY POLICE BAND Conducted by STANLEY G. OWEN (By kind permission of the Chief Constable, Mr. JOHN MAXWEIL) 'The New Poor' A Farce in One Act by GERTRUDE E. JENNINGS

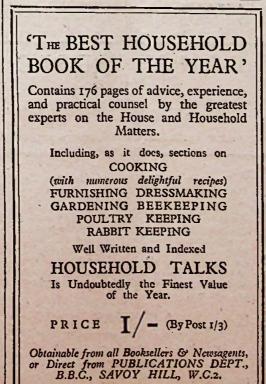
Other Stations.

5NO NEWCASTLE. 1.146 kc/s. 2.0:--London Programme relayed from Daventry. 5.15:--The Children's Hour. 6.0:--London Programme relayed from Daventry. 6.15:--London. 6.30:--Järy Pettie and Laldman Browne in Duologues. 6.45-11.0:--London.

5SC GLASCOW. 752 kcfs. 398.9 m.) 2.40:-S.B. from Edinburgh. 3.0:-An Hour with Schubert. The Octet. Dorothy Pugh (Soprano). 4.0:-A Scottish Concert. John Edington (Tenor). 4.45:-Dance Music by Charles Watson's Orchestra. Relayed from the Playhouse Baltroom 5.15:-The Children's Hour. 5.57:-Weather Forecast for Farmers. 6.0:-Londou Programme relayed from Daventry 6.15:-S.B. from London. 6.30:-Talk for Juvenile Organizations. Ballid Violet Craig Roberton, C.D.E. (Vice-President, Y.M.C.A of Great Britaun). 'Girls' Weck, Glasgow, 1929.' 6.40:-Builtetin of Juvenile Organizations: 6.45:-London. 9.15:-Scottish News Bulletin. 9.20-11.0:-London.f

2BD ABERDEEN. 995 kc/a. (301.5 m.) 2.40:--Lidinburgh. 3.0:--Glasgow. 6.0:--London Programme relayed from Daventry. 6.15:--London. 6.30:--Glasgow. 6.40:--Buileltin of Juvenile Organizations. 6.45:--Loudon. 9.15:--Glasgow. 9.20-11.0:--London.

2BE BELFAST: (242.3 m.) 12.0-1.0: —Light Music. The Radio Quartet. 2.0: —London Programme relayed from Daventry. 3.30: —The Radio Quartet William Willar (Baritone). 4.30: —Clifton Delliwell (Plano forte). 4.45: —Organ. Ausie by George Newell, from the Classie Cinema. 5.15: —Children's Hour. 6.0: —London Programme relayed from Daventry. 6.15: —S.B. from London. 7.45: — Light Entertainment :The Orchestra : Grace Ivell and Vivian Worth will entertain. 9.0: — The Second Nows.' Weather Forecast, Second General News Bulletin. 9.15: —Regional News. 9.20: —S.B. from London. 9.50: — Taikle Town.' A Super Special. A Sam'E. Hokum Production. 10.30-11.0: —Dance Music. Jan Ralfin's Regal Dand, from the Plaza Belfast.





'It's 'ow you set about it, Mum !' -says Mrs. Rawlins

"Many's the time I've gone round to one of my places in the morning and the missis has said 'It's a 'eavy wash this week Mrs. Rawlins ' and my word, Mum, it 'as been ! But it's knowing 'ow to set about it and not letting yourself get put about as counts. Put Reckitt's Blue in your rinsin' water and you're sure of one thing as you've got to watch. That's a real glistening white for your white things. And then when you come to the ironing, Mum, yoù can get 'elp. Robin Starch is a proper 'elp, Mum.

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| 184 | 1000 | RADIO | and the second | OCTOBER 18, 1929. | | |
|--|---|--|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| 7-45 | Т | UESDAY, C | OCTOBER 2 | 22 | 9.40-12.0 | |
| THE GERSHOM PARKINGTON QUINTET | 2L0 | LONDON & 42 kc/s (356.3 m.) | | TRY | VAUDEVILLE ITEMS | |
| | | 6.0 A Reading of Go RONALD WATKINS | erald Gould's Poems by | | DANCE MUSIC | |
| 10.15 a.m. THE DAILY SERVICE 10.30 (Daveniry only) TIME SIGNAL, GREENWICH, WEATHER FORECAST | | 6.15 'The First News' TIME SIGNAL, GREENWICH'; WEATHER FORECAST, EVEN CONTRACT NEWS BUILDING | | | 30 (Daventry only) Ressor W. do Burgh : 'The Meaning of ics_V, 'Duty' | |
| 10.45 Miss MABEL COLLINS: 'Store Meals' MISS MABEL COLLINS is Principal of School of Cookery. She will give sor providing meals at short notice from cupboard. 11.0-11.30 (London only) Experimontal Television Transmission | f the Soho ne hints for m the store | 6.45 THE FOUNDA BACH'S O Played by J Relayed from Bi Choral Preludo, 'Nun k ('Come, Redeemo | orist-III, Col. J. T. C. | WEAT is conscion tho que Burgh ought an that, sin met ful moral r | implied in the plain man's con- iences of duty? This is one of estions answered by Professor do in tonight's talk on Duty—tho nd the is. Ho will also show how nee the claim of duty can never be ly in particular acts of duty, no ales are absolute or exceptionless: al law remains ever unfulfilled. | |
| the Baird Process | | 7.15 Musical | LINDA SEY | MOUR Armez vous d'un noble courage | | |
| 11.0 (Darentry only) Gramophone Records 12.0 ORGAN MUSIC Played by EDGAR T. COOK Relayed from Southwark Cathedral | FROM 9.40 | FROM VAUDEVILLE TO 9-40 VAUDEVILLE TO 10-45 | | | (Arm you with a noble courage) ('Iphigenia in Aulis') Gluck O Mon from the Fields Hughes A Feast of LanternsBantock The Bold, Unbiddable Child Stanford | |
| Prelude and Fugue in C Bach CONSTANCE READ (Soprano) I follow in gladness to meet Thee (St. John Passion) Bach | NO | IORMANBOBBIEQUINTET On Wings of SongMen Campana à Sera (Evening Soir d'Automno (Autumn ILONGCOMBERSoir d'Automno (Autumn I | | | | |
| EDGAR T. COOK Chorole No. 2 in B MinorFranck Intermezzo from Third Symphony Vierne | | ng, a Story | The Well- | Known median | Douste Waltz No. 5Chopin STANLEY POPE | |
| CONSTANCE READ (Soprano) Queen of Israel | and a | Loveliest of Trees the Cherry now Somercell The Lover's Garland} Parry Ballado | | | | |
| I.O-2.0 LIGHT MUSIC ALPHONSE DU CLOS and his ORCHESTRA From the Hotel Cecil | A Varii | Comec ETY ITEM | dienne J SQUIRE | AND | Suite of Dances ('The Blue Bird') O'Neill LINDA SEYMOUR and STANLEY POPE O Lovely NightLandon Ronald Shepherdess and Beau Brocado Phillips | |
| 2.0 (Darentry only) Experimental Transmission of Still Pictures by the Fultograph Process | S. La Carlo | ed from ALHAMBRA | HIS CELESTE OCTET | | Drink to me only with Thine Eyes Trad., arr. Newton It was a Lover and his Lass Waltheu QUINTET | |
| 2.25 (Daventry only) Fishing Bulletin2.30 FOR THE SCHOOLS | FROM | DANCE | MUSIC | 10 | A Dancer in Red Beely o 'The Second News' WEATHER FORECAST, SECOND GEN- | |
| Sir WALFORD DAVIES : Music (a) A Beginner's Course; (b) A Miniaturo Concert; (c) An Advanced Course | 10.45 | Fro The Piccadilly He | ontel, played by | 12.0 9 | ERAL NEWS BULLETIN 15 Sir WALFORD DAVIES: 'Musio and the Ordinary Listener.' Series | |
| 3.30 Interludo 3.35 Monsieur E. M. STÉPHAN : Elementary FRENCH | | THE PICCADILLY PLAYERS, and PICCADILLY GRILL ROOM I | d | Hoey 9. | IX, 'Words and Music' 35 Local News (Daventry only); Shipping Forecast and Fat Stock Prices | |
| 4.0 ORGAN MUSIC Played by PATTMAN | | 7.25 Professor W. W. W Began '—V, 'Evolution | of Land Forms' | 9.40 | Vaudeville (See centre of page) | |
| Relayed from Brixton Astoria 15 Special Talk for Secondary Schools : Squad- ron-Leader W. HELMORE, M.Sc., 'Flying '-III 'Aircraft in War' 30 LIGHT MUSIC FRED KITCHEN and the BRIXTON ASTORIA ORCHESTRA Relayed from Brixton Astoria | | carth; some of his examples being the falls and gorge of Niagara, the falls of the Zambesi River, and the mile deen caffyons of the Colored Biver, Al | | AL STARITA, | | |
| 15 THE CHILDREN'S HOUR 'Liobesfreud' (Kreisler) and other Viol Played by DAVID WISE 'The Inexorable Laws'—another Mortime Story 'Queer Zoo Tastes,' explained by LE MAINLAND | in Solos r Batten | 7.45 A CONCERT THE GERSHOM PARKINGTON QUINTET STANLEY POPE (Baritone) LINDA SEYNOUR (Contralto) QUINTET Selection, 'The Mastersingers' Wagner | | ' LC Hymn, | This Week's Epilogue: 'LORD, WHAT IS MAN?' HIS LOVE Hymn, 'O Love Who formedst' Solomon's Song ii, 1-13 Hymn, 'O Strength and Stay' St. Luko vii, 47 | |

OCTOBER 18, 1929.

RADIO TIMES

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| RADIO TIMES | UCTOBER 18, 1929. | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Tuesday's Program | nes continued (October 22) | | | | |
| 5WA CARDIFF. 968 kc's. (309.9 m.) | 6BM BOURNEMOUTH. 1.040 kc/s. (288.5 m.) | | | | |
| 2.30 London Programme relayed from Daventry 5.15 The Children's Hour 6.0 Dn. WALFORD DAVIES, Director of the National Council of Music: 'The Music of Wales' 6.15 S.B. from London 7.0 S.B. from Swansee 7.25 S.B. from London 7.45 Sixty Years of Song | 12.0-1.0 London Programme relayed from Daventry 2.30 London Programme relayed from Daventry | | | | |
| A Programme in Memory of Fred E. Weatherly | 5PY PLYMOUTH. (288.5 m.) | | | | |
| From Cardiff at 7.45 SIXTY SIX | 12.0-1.0 London Programmo relayed from Daventry 2.30 London Programme relayed from Daventry 5.15 The Children's Hour 'All that was wrong has suddenly all come right.' So ends our new play, 'THE NOISOME BEAST' (Marjorie J. Redman) 6.0 London Programme relayed from Daventry 6.15 S.B. from London 7.0 Mr. C. W. BRACKEN: 'Old Plymouth, and some old Plymothians—I, Plymouth, Guilds and Guildhalls' 7.15-12.0 S.B. from London (9.35 Local News) 2ZY MANCHESTER. 797 kc/s. (376.4 m.) 12.0 Gramophone Records 1.0-2.0 THE NORTHERN WIRELESS ORCHESTRA Overture, 'Preciosa' | | | | |
| | ORCHESTRA | | | | |
| SX SWANSEA. 1,040 kc/s. (288.5 m.) 30 London Programme relayed from Daventry 15 S.B. from Cardiff 0 London Programme relayed from Daventry 15 S.B. from London 0 Egwyl Gymraeg | March, 'The B'hoys of Tipperary' Amers Waltz, 'Nights of Gladness' Ancliffe A Children's Suite, Part II John Ansell The Dance of the Russian Doll; In my Party Frock; Romance; The Wicked Robbers; Shem, Ham and Japhet Cavatina Raff Overture, 'The Mistress' | | | | |
| 'PYNGIAU'R DYDD YNG NGUYMRU' Gan i Yr Athro E. ERNEST HUGHES A WELSH INTERLUDE 'Current Topics in Wales' | DOLLY'S DAY' and a Sketch by JACE SAYES 6.0 Mrs. PAXTON CHADWICE: ! How Stories are Made' | | | | |
| A Review in Welsh, by . Professor E. Ennest Hughes | 6.15 S.B. from London | | | | |
| 25 S.B. from London 15 West Regional News, S.B. from Cardiff | 7.0 S.B. from Liverpool 7.15 S.B. from London | | | | |

(Manchesen Programme continued on page 189.)

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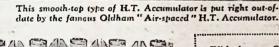
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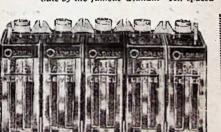
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189

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Programmes for Tuesday (Manchester Programme continued from page 186.)

A Programme of Works 7.45

by Liszt

(Liszt born this day, 1811) THE NORTHERN WIRELESS ORCHESTRA Conducted by T. H. MORRISON First Rhapsody

STEPHEN WEARING (Pianoforte) with Orchestra Concerto in E Flat, No. 1

ORCHESTRA Les Preludes STEPHEN WEABING Waltz Mephisto ORCHESTRA

Second Rhapsody

9.0 S.B. from London

5NO

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9.35 North Regional News

9.40-12.0 S.B. from London

Other Stations.

NEWCASTLE. 1.148 kc/s. (261.3 m.)

NO NEWCASILE. (261.3 m.).
"12.0-1.0:-Gramophone records. 2.25:-East Coast Fishing Pulletin relayed from Daventry. 2.30:-London Programme relayed from Daventry. 5.15:-The Children's Hour. 6.0:--Mr. Percy Mall: 'Country Talks-VI, On Wild Life-Harmfal and Beneficial.' 6.15:--S.B. from London. 6.30:---Thomas Hopkinson (Jouth Organ). 6.45:--S.B. from London. 7.0:--Harold Orton: 'The Dialects of Northumberland and Durham-IV, Historical Bearing.' 7.15:-S.B. from London. 7.45:--Exhibition Memories of 1929. Written by E. A. Bryan. Music composed by Olive Tomilinson. 9.0:--S.B. from London. 10.30:--Dance Music relayed from the Oxford Galleries, Newcastle-on-Tyne. 11.15-12.0:--S.B. from London.

GLASGOW. 5SC 752 kc/s. (398.9 m.)

5SC GLASGOW. (395.9 m.) 10.45:--Mrs. Stuart Sanderson: 'Food for Growing Boys and Girls'--V. 11.0-12.0:--A Recital of Graupphone Records. Broadcast to Schools. 2.40:--M. Jean-Jacques Oberlin, assisted by Mme. Oberlin: 'Elementary French--IV, Dialogue. 3.5:--Musical Interlude. 3.10:--S.B. from Edinburgh. 3.30:--Martial Moments. The Octet: R. Galloway (Bass-Barttone): Charles Stirling (Reciter). 5.0:--Organ Music by E.M. Buekley. Relayed from the New Savoy Picture House. 5.15:--The Children's Hour. 5.7:--Weather Forceast for Farmers. 6.0:--Mr. Archibald Walker (Relayed itom Edinburgh): ''' Waverley.' The First of Scott's Novels.' 6.15:--S.B. from London. 7.0:--S.B. from Edinburgh.J. 7.15:--S.B. from London. 7.45:--A Jacoblte Concert. The Octet: John Mathewson (Barttone): R. B. Wharrie will read some lesser known Jacoblto' Verses. Mas Johnston (Soprano). 8.40:--The St. George Co-operative Musical Associa-tion. Conductor, William Wilson. 9.0:--S.B. from London. 9.35:--Scottish News Bulletin. 9.40-12.0:--S.B. from London.

ABERDEEN. 995 kc/s. (301.5 m.) 2RD

11.0-12.0:—Relayed from Daventry. 2.40:—S.B. from Glasgow. 3.10:—S.B. from Edinburgh: 3.30:—S.B. from Glas-gow. 6.0:—Relayed from Edinburgh (See Glasgow). 6.15:— S.B. from London. 7.0:—S.B. from Edinburgh. 7.15:—S.B. from London. 7.45:—S.B. from Glasgow. 9.0:—S.B. from London. 9.35:—Glasgow. 9.40-12.0:—London.

1.238 kc/s. (242.3 m.) 2BE BELFAST.

2BE BELFAST. 1.238 kc/s. (242.3 m.) ¹² 12.0-12.30 app. :--Official Opening of the Municipal Museum and Art Gallery in Botanle Gardens Park, Belfast, by His Grace The Governor of Northern Ireland, The Duke of Abercorn, K.G., K.P. 2.30 app. :--The Ceremony of the Conferring of the Freedom of the City upon The Most Noble James Albert Edward, Duke of Abercorn, K.G., K.P., First Governor of Northern Ireland. 3.0:--London Programme relayed from Daventry. **4.30**:--Dance Music. Jan Ralfint's Regal Band from The Plaza Bellast. 5.0:--Pauline Barker (Harp): Fantasie (Saint-Saens), Four Preludes (Tournier). 5.15:--The Children's Hour. 6.0:--London Programme relayed from Daventry. 6.15:--S.B. from London, 7.45:---Varlety: Vyvien Lambelet (Soprano). Mai Ramsay (Contraito) (Songs and Duets); John Rorke (Enter-tainer); Treacy and Wilkinson (Syncopation on Two Piance); Llongd Millard (Saxophone); The Orchestra. 9.0:--- The Second News.' Weather Foreenst; Second General News Builetin. 9.15:--S.B. from London. 9.40-12.0:---S.B. from London.



FRANK HOWES on THE B.B.C. SYMPHONY CONCERTS (Continued from page 166.)

before but also the things like Bach's suites and concertos, which are enjoyed more at every hearing.

Which is the greater attraction, the old favourite or the unknown novelty? In a numerical sensethe old favourite has the greater drawing powers, hence a Wagner night in this, as in any other series. Herr Fritz von Hoesslin. has absorbed the pure tradition. of Wagner at Bayreuth, and he conducted a similar concert here last year. But even the superficial listener ultimately tires of his too narrow circle of favourites. Hence we get wider programmes of the classics and other music whose general idiom is familiar and easily intelligible.

This is musical nature's daily food. A symphony concert is an occasion for absorbing into oneself the satisfying sustenance of music. Overtures and other light music find a place in a symphonic programme, but the main function of a big concert is to give the big works-works of deep thought or great emotional significance, music that is not necessarily solemn but is certainly to be taken more or less scriously. But though there is more than enough music of this kind available to fill any ordinary music-lover's needs for a lifetime, no series of concerts could be regarded as satisfactory that stuck to these virtuous paths. Music, like life itself, is a thing that cannot stand still : if we cease to take in new experiences we are as good as dead already: so that though one may get more actual pleasure out of the old, familiar music, one cannot be musically healthy if one is not perpetually hearing new music. 'New' music may mean actually new, first performance of contemporary works, or it may mean compositions of all generations that, from one source of neglect or another, are unfamiliar, and so have not contributed their particular quota to our experience.

Among such works promised us for this winter are the two symphonies of Mahler, No. 4 and No. 8. Gustav Mahler (1860-1911) was a Czech Jew who brought the Vienna Opera to the highest pitch of excellence it has ever known. But besides being a conductor possessed of electrical powers of inspiration and interpretation he was a considerable composer who continued to write in the Wagnerian style (though the form he employed was symphonic not operatic). Like the other Austrian composer, Bruekner, he has had a vogue only in certain places (notably Amsterdan) and has never conquered England at all. And it is unlikely that he ever will, if only because the line of musical development has diverged sharply since the beginning of the twon-tieth century. Even Germans no longer write long-windedly in the grand manner; the more sentimental kind of romance is not only out of fashion, but out of tune with the modern spirit, which has been shaped to starker habits of mind by the War. Mahler was essentially the product of the opulence of the nineteenth century and was not quito big enough, as Wagner and just possibly Strauss were, to have a universal appeal. None the less, he has something to say which is worth hearing. The Fourth Symphony, for example, which Adrian Boult has performed three times in the last few years, is a delightful representation of a child's view of heaven as a place full of good things to eat and to play with, all in an atmosphere compounded of a fairy-tale and human love. The Eighth Symphony is a much more pretentious affair, in two parts, set for a very large orchestra, two choruses, and eight soloists. It is a choral



Sir Thomas Beecham.

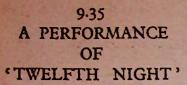
work rather than a symphony proper, and the words are taken from the Latin hymn Veni Curator Spiritus and from Part II. of Goethe's Faust. It is therefore an expression of the aspirations an expression of the aspirations of the soul towards perfection. This quasi-philosophical kind of text has been very fertile in producing great music in Ger-many, so that though it does not accord altogether with the taste of this generation, either in Germany or anywhere else, it will be heard, when it is given under Sir Henry Wood-for the first time in England, twentythree years after it was composed, with very great curiosity and interest.

A similar kind of text has been used by Frederick Delius, whose Mass of Life is to be heard under Beecham at the second concert. This has been performed in London some half a dozen times since it was written in 1905, and is regarded by Mr. Heseltino and other Delius experts as his greatest work, for the very good reason that it expresses an affirmative attitude to life, unlike his *Requiem*. Other major works to be heard are Bantock's Omar Khayyam, which is fairly well known in the North of England, but rarcly performed in its entirety elsewhere, and Handel's Solomon, both under Sir Thomas Beecham.

These are the rarities; now for the novelties. We find a Viola Concerto by Hindemith, the most prominent of the modern German composers and himself a viola player. Bela Bartok, the Hungarian composer, is to play his own Piano Concerto at a concert, which will also include a performance of The Amazing Mundarin, a pantomime composed in 1921, but never yet heard in England. Bartok, beside being a pianist and composer, is an authority on folk-song, and his work in distinguishing the Magyar from the Rumanian and Slovak elements in Hungarian folk-music has helped him to keep his own personal style frec from an excessive nationalism. His music is forceful, abrupt, tart in flavour and regardless of convention, independent, in fact without being perverse. Another new concerto is that of the Austrian, Ernst Toch, which : will occur in a classical programme to be conducted by Hermann Scherchen, the German conductor who has specialized in modern music and first became known to English critics by his brilliant performance at the Festival of Contemporary Music held at Geneva in the spring of this year. Mention of modern music at Geneva recalls the fact that Ernest Ansermet, likewise an interpreter of modern music, but in this case more particularly of the French and Russian schools, is to conduct a concert in which Stravinsky's Chant du Rossignol will be played. M. Ansormet is a man of generous sympathies and charm and manner, which havo endeared him to English audiences. A new symphony by Arnold Bax and a new, but unspecified, work by Peter Warlock exoite lively expectations. A Spanish programme, conducted by Schor Perez Casas, will be sure to have all the fascination of an oxotic.

One advantage that anticipation has over actual experience is that in the case of music the excitement is concentrated into the few minutes required to read and ponder upon this syllabus. The actual hearing of all this mouth-watering music would take so many hours as to orush us with weariness. Wo have these many hours of pleasure to come, but, by St. Cecilia i we can enjoy the prospect of it all now, this very minute. 190

OCTOBER 18, 1929.



THE DAILY SERVICE 10.15 a.m.

10.30 (Darentry only) TIME SIGNAL, GREENWICH ; WEATHER FORECAST

10.45 Mrs. OLIVER STRACKEY : 'A Woman's Commentary

11.0-11.30 (London only) **Experimental Television Trans**mission by the Baird Process

11.0 (Daventry only) Gramophone Records

A Ballad Concert 12.0 DOROTHY GLOVER (Soprano) DAVID LEACH (Tenor)

12.30 A Recital of Gramophone Records

LIGHT MUSIC 1.0-2.0 FRASCATI'S ORCHESTRA directed by GEORGES HAECK From the Restaurant Frascati

2.25 (Daventry only) Fishing Bulletin

2.30 FOR THE SCHOOLS Miss C. VON WYSS : ' Nature

Study for Town and Country Schools -IV, "Daddy-long-legs"

Interlude 2.55

3.0 Miss MARJORIE BARBER : 'Stories and Story-Telling in Prose and Vetse '-- IV. Greek Myths' (contd.)

22 223

3 95 Interlude "

30 Mr. LEIGH ASHTON : . . . The History of Embroidery-V, The Eighteenth Cen-3.30 tury

A Light Classical Concert 3-45 THELMA PETERSEN (Mezzo-Soprano) THE HETTY BOLTON TRIO ROWENA FRANKLIN (Violin) EDITH LAKE (Violoncello). HETTY BOLTON (Pianoforte) Trio No. 1 in G Mozart Allegro; Andante; Allegretto

4.10 THELMA PETERSEN

Liebestreu (Faithful Love)....} Der Jäger (The Huntsman) ...} Das verlassene Mägdlein (The Forsaken) Maiden) . Wolf In dem schatten meiner Locken (In the shadow of my locks) Marchen Die Krone gerichtet I Wolff

4.25 TRIO

4-45

Theme and Variations, Trio in A .. Tchaikovsky

ORGAN MUSIC

Played by ALEX TAVIOR Relayed from Davis' Theatre, Croydon

5:15 THE CHILDRIN'S HOUR

FREDERICE CHESTER-Nigger Songs and Stories Genial Jomima will contribute some Plantation

Melodies Another Brer Rabbit Adventure told by ETHEL MALDEN

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 23 2LO LONDON & 5XX DAVENTRY 842 kc/s. (356.3 m.) 193 kc/s. (1,554.4 m.)

> 6.0 Muscial Interludo 6.15 ' The First News ' TIME SIGNAL, GREENWICH, WEATHER FORE-CAST, FIRST GENERAL NEWS BULLETIN 6.30 **Musical Interlude**

RADIO TIMES



MALVOLIO AND THE COUNTESS From the painting by Maclise in the Tate Gallery

'TWELFTH NIGHT' 9.35 OF

> WHAT YOU WILL by

WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE Arranged by BARBARA BURNHAM With Incidental Music played by THE GERSHOM PARKINGTON QUINTET

Persons Represented Orsino, Duke of Illyria Curio Valentine } Gentlemen attending on the Duke Viola, in love with the Duke A Sea-Captain, friend to Viola Sir Toby Belch, Uncle to Olivia Maria, Olivia's Woman Sir Andrew Ague-Check Clown, servant to Olivia Olivia, a rich Countess Malvolio, Steward to Olivia Antonio, a Sea Captain, Friend to Sebastian Sebastian, a young Gentleman, Brother to Viola Fabian, Servant to Olivia Lords, Priests, Sailors, Officers, Musicians and other attendants Scene—A City in Illyria and the sea coast near it The Play produced by Howard Rose

6.45 THE FOUNDATIONS OF MUSIC BACH'S ORGAN MUSIC Played by JOSEPH BONNET Relayed from the Bishopsgate Institute Prelude and Fugue in E Minor (Cathedral)

Rach (a) In dulci Jubilo (G Major)
(b) 'O mensch bewein dein Sunde Gross ' ('O

man, bemean thy fearful Sin ') (c) ' In dir ist Freude ' (' In Thee is Gladness ')

7.0 Professor A. S. WATSON: 'Performance Tests in Livestock Improvements'

7.15 **Musical Interlude**

7.25 Mr. ROGER FRY: 'The Meaning of Pic-tures '-V

THE definite reaction, today, to any pictures that 'tell a story,' raises the obvious question as to

II.0-12.0 DANCE MUSIC FROM THE MOTOR BALL

how far a picture (like music) is keeping within its proper purpose by being literary. Late ninetcenth century painters were never so happy as when they were painting subject so happy and of those painters Luke Fildes was among the most popular. In discussing this question, "Mr. Roger Fry will refer to Luke Fildes and, in contrast to him, to

Giotto, the fourteenth century painter who took for granted in his public a foreknowledge of the story he was illustrating and so concentrated on the form and spiritual content.

7.45 An Orchestral Concert

MEGAN THOMAS (Soprano) Tom Clare (Entertainer) The Wireless Orchestra Conducted by JOHN ANSELL

Triumphal March, 'Cleopatra' Mancinelli Overture, ' The Jolly Robbers '

Suppé MEGAN THOMAS Down in the Forest) Landon

ORCHESTRA

Selection, ' Pagliacci ' Leoncavallo

TOM CLARE

Songs at the Piano

ORCHESTRA Danso des Bacchantes Gounod

MEGAN THOMAS

Sorrow and Spring Graham Pcel Blackbird Song Cyril Scott Ship of my Delight Phillips

ORCHESTRA

Four Indian Love Lyrics Woodforde-Finden

TOM CLARE

Songs at the Piano

ORCHESTRA Processional March..... Finck

' The Second News' 9.0 WEATHER FORECAST, SECOND GENERAL NEWS BULLETIN

MINIATURE BIOGRAPHIES-I 9.15 The Hon. HAROLD NICOLSON on William Fletcher

This is the first of a series of Biographies . in Brief,' specially written by some of the most distinguished biographers of today. The advance announcement of this sories in-

dicated that the biographies might be either real or imagnary; and we are not in a position to say for certain into which category Mr. Nicolson's present contribution will fall.

9.30 Local News (Daventry only), Forecast and Fat Stock Prices Shipping

'TWELFTH NIGHT' 9.35

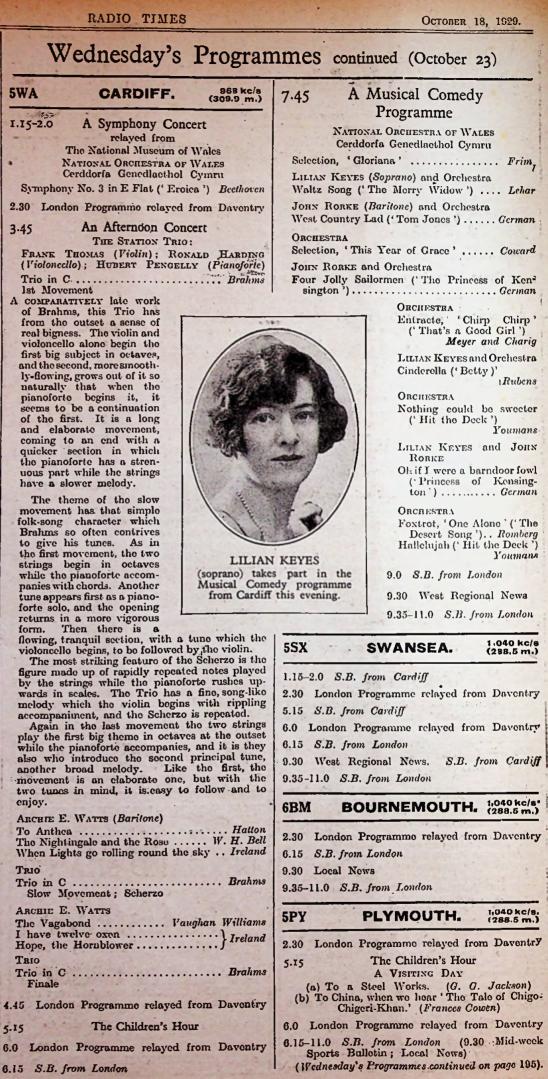
> 'WHAT YOU WILL' by William Shakespeare (See centre of page)

DANCE MUSIC II.0-12.0

ALAN GREEN and his BAND, and ART GREGORY and his ST. LOUIS BAND, from THE MOTOR BALL AND CARNIVAL, COVENT GARDEN







OCTOBER 18, 1929.

RADIO TIMES.

A MARVELLOUS MUSIC BARGAIN 15%-WORTH OF MUSIC for 1/2

PART 1 TO-DAY

contains all these popular numbers

THE BELLS OF ST. MARY'S Sung by Lilian Burns VILLIKENS AND HIS DINAH

Sung by Muriel George and Ernest Butcher

WHISPER, AND I SHALL HEAR Sung by Lucy Clarke

KATJA (Leander) Sung by Ivy Tresmand and Gene Gerrard

ASK A P'LICEMAN Sung by James Fawn

BETTY IN MAYFAIR (Dreamland Lover) s

amland Lover) Sung by Evelyn Laye

The ROAST BEEF of OLD ENGLAND Sung by Everybody

CARMEN (The Toreador's Song)

PLANTATION MELODIES

Piano Selection. Arranged by Herman Finck Oh! Dem Golden Slippers. Marching through Georgia. The Old Folks at Home. Poor Old Jeff. I'se gwine back to Dixie. Poor Old Joe. Oh! Honey, my Honey. My Old Kentucky Home. So Early in the Morning. Massa's in de cold, cold ground. Camptown Races.

PART 2

On Sale October 31st, will contain

WHEN YOU AND WERE DANCING

Played by Debroy Somers' Band

JOHNNY SANDS

Sung by Mariel George and Ernest Batcher

KATJA (Try a Little Kiss)

Sung by René Mallory

THE COTTAGE WHERE DREAMS COME TRUE

JOGGIN' ALONG THE HIGHWAY Sung by Thorps Bates

MADAME POMPADOUR (The well-known Serenade) Piano Solo avranged by Percy Elliott

TWO OBADIAHS Sang by G. H. MacDermott

KILLARNEY Piano Solo crranged by Ernest Newton

est Newton Sung by Agnes Croxton
OLD MUSIC HALL FAVOURITES

(Piano Selection Herman Finch) Polly Perkins of Paddington Green. Slap, Bang, Here IVe Are Again, Sweethearts and Wives One more Glass before we Part. We are a Merry Family. Tommy make Room for sour Uncle. Here upon Guard and I. Up in a Balloom Boys. Oh I You Little Darling, I Love You. I'll Meet Her When the Sun Gees Down. Don't make a Noise or Else You'll Wake the Baby. Dear Old Pals.



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FAMOUS SONGS, OLD AND NEW, may only be exported to the British Dominions (excluding Canada) and possessions overseas, including Earph and mandated territories.

ALL THE OLD FAVOURITES and the pick of the NEW

193

Songs our fathers and mothers used to sing; all those rollicking, lilting melodies that will make the family sing-song the jolliest thing in the world, will be found in



Edited by PERCY PITT, Musical Director of the B.B.C.

Fortnightly Parts 1/3 each.

In the pages of this new fortnightly part work you will find all those popular airs of yesterday and to-day which you have heard and enjoyed so much on the gramophone and wireless. There will be songs for every member of the family arranged in keys that all can play and sing; tuneful melodies from the recent plays and most of the operas, old time plantation airs. haunting ballads and famous hits of the old time music halls will be given in their entirety. For those who do not sing there will be one or more full-length piano solos in each part. This unique work will provide many cheery hours and make any party go with a swing.



OCTOBER 18, 1929. 60



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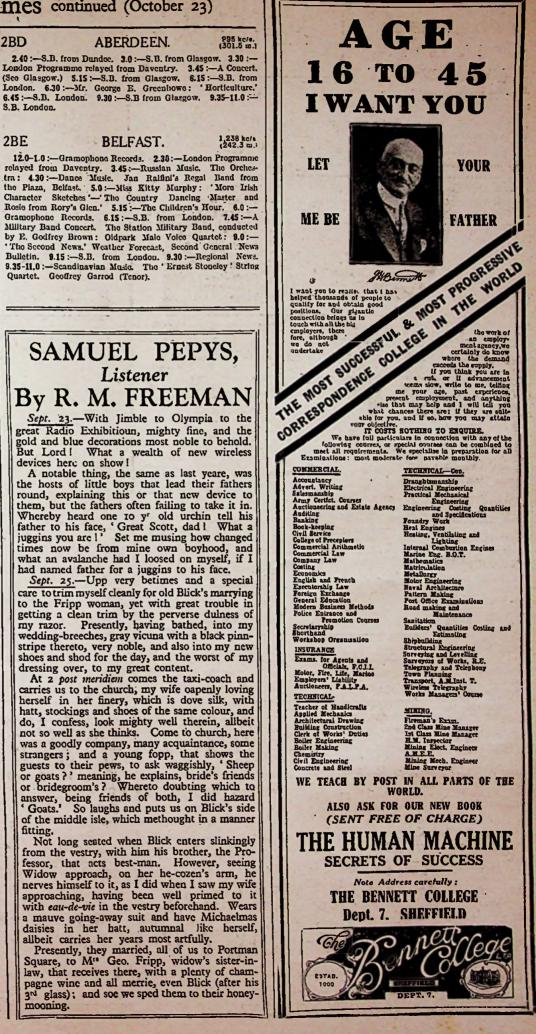


"EKCO-LECTRIC" RADIO RECEIVERS AND POWER SUPPLY UNITS



ABERDEEN.

BELFAST.



| Wednesday's | Programmes | continued | (October 23) |
|-------------|------------|-----------|--------------|
|-------------|------------|-----------|--------------|

797 kc/s. (376.4 m.) 2BD MANCHESTER, 2ZY London Programmo relayed from Daventry 2.30 An Afternoon Concert 3.45 THE NORTHERN WIRELESS ORCHESTRA S.B. London. 2BE GOULD and GOULD (Entertainers with a Piano) ORCHESTRA Danses Miniatures de Ballet..... John Ansell Allogretto; Andante con moto; Allegretto; Tempo di Valse Old Porcelain Humphries GOULD and GOULD ORCHESTRA Selection, 'The Catch of the Season' Haines and Baker

March Medley arr. Winter

The Children's Hour

THE ROYAL STATUES A Story by NORMAN HUNTER with illustrative songs by DORIS GAMBELL and HARRY HOPEWELL

6.0 London Programme relayed from Daventry

6.15 S.B. from London

5.15

An Orchestral Concert 7.45

Relayed from the SIXTH MANCHESTER RADIO EXHIBITION at the City Hall, Manchester THE NORTHERN WIRELESS ORCHESTRA Conducted by T. H. MORRISON

Overture, 'Plymouth Hoe'..... John Ansell Selection, 'Iolanthe'.... Sullivan LILIAN COOPER (Soprano) with Orchestra Jewol Song (' Faust ') Gounod ORCHESTRA LILIAN COOPER

ORCHESTRA

Military March in D Schubert

9.0 S.B. from London

9.30 North Regional News

0.35-11.0 S.B. from London

Other Stations.

1,148 kc/s. (261.3 m.)

5NO

NEWCASTLE.

23:--East Coast Fishing Bulletin relayed from Daventry 230:--London Programmo relayed from Daventry 230:--London Programmo relayed from Daventry Music relayed from Fenwick's Terrace Tea Rooms, Nowcastle-on-Tyne. 5.15:--The Children's Hour. 6.0---London Pro-grammo relayed from Daventry. 6.15:--S.B. from London. 6.30:---Margaret Magnay (Soprano): O Lovel from thy pow'r (Sammoo and Delliah) (Saint-Sačas)]: Spring Waters (Rachmani-nov); Tho Setting Sun and Margaret at the Spinning Wheel (Schubert). 6.45-11.0:--S.B. from London.

GLASGOW. 752 kc/s. (398.9 m.) 5SC

SSC GLASCOW. (1598.9 m.)
2.49:--S.B. from Dundee. 3.0:--Danco Music by Charles Watson's Orchestra, rolayed from the Playhouse Ballroom 3.0:--London Programme relayed from Daventry. 3.45:--A Concert. The Octot: Three Dances from 'The Bartered Bilde' (Smetana). 4.0:--Allco Fettes (Soprano). S.B. from Aberdeen.): (On, could but express in song (Malashkio): Oh, yes, inte eo ('Phæbusi and Pan') (Bach): Will o' the wisp (Spress) A. B. Cruickshank (Bartlone) (S.B. from Aberdeen): (Night (Rachmanhov): The Dreary Steppe (Gretchanhov); Loving Smile of Sister Kind ('Faust') (Gounod). 4.20:--The Octet: Overture, 'Peters (Eschen): (Weberd): 4.40:--Allco Fettes: Aready is ever young (Moackton): Shepherds Gay Sanderson); Love, the Jestor (Phillips). A. E. Cruickshank: Heraclitus (Stanford): Drake's Drum and Onaway, Awako, Beleved (Coven). 5.0:--The Octet: Selection, 'Werthor' (Masende, art. Tavan). 5.15:--The Children's Hour. 5.7:-- Weather Forceast for Farmers, 6.0:--Musical InterIndo. 8.15:--S.B., from London. 6.30:--M. Children's Movella: 'Bedding for Spring Flowers,' Topical Gardening Notes. 6.45:-- S.B. trom London. 9.30:--Scottish News Bulletin. 9.35-11.0:-

SAMUEL PEPYS, Listener By R. M. FREEMAN

Quartet. Geoffrey Garrod (Tenor).

Sept. 23.-With Jimble to Olympia to the great Radio Exhibitioun, mighty fine, and the gold and blue decorations most noble to behold. But Lord! What a wealth of new wireless devices here on show!

A notable thing, the same as last yeare, was the hosts of little boys that lead their fathers the nosts of little boys that lead their fathers round, explaining this or that new device to them, but the fathers often failing to take it in. Whereby heard one to y' old urchin tell his father to his face, 'Great Scott, dad ! What a juggins you are !' Set me musing how changed times now be from mine own boyhood, and what an avalanche had I loosed on myself, if I had named father for a jugging to his force

had named father for a juggins to his face. Sept. 25.—Upp very betimes and a special <u>Sept. 25.</u>—Upp very betimes and a special care to trim myself cleanly for old Blick's marrying to the Fripp woman, yet with great trouble in getting a clean trim by the perverse dulness of my razor. Presently, having bathed, into my wedding-breeches, gray vicuna with a black pinn-stripe thereto, very noble, and also into my new shoes and shod for the day, and the worst of my dressing over, to my great content. At 2 post meridiem comes the taxi-coach and carries us to the church, my wife canenly laying

carries us to the church, my wife oapenly loving herself in her finery, which is dove silk, with hatt, stockings and shoes of the same colour, and do, I confess, look mighty well therein, allbeit not so well as she thinks. Come to church, here was a goodly company, many acquaintance, some was a goodly company, many acquaintance, some strangers; and a young fopp, that shows the guests to their pews, to ask waggishly, 'Sheep or goats?' meaning, he explains, bride's friends or bridegroom's? Whereto doubting which to answer, being friends of both, I did hazard 'Goats.' So laughs and puts us on Blick's side of the middle isle, which methought in a manner fitting.

Not long scated when Blick enters slinkingly from the vestry, with him his brother, the Professor, that acts best-man. However, seeing Widow approach, on her he-cozen's arm, he nerves himself to it, as I did when I saw my wife approaching, having been well primed to it with *eau-de-vie* in the vestry beforehand. Wears a mauve going-away suit and have Michaelmas daisies in her hatt, autumnal like herself, allbeit carries her years most artfully.

Presently, they married, all of us to Portman Square, to M¹⁰ Geo. Fripp, widow's sister-in-law, that receives there, with a plenty of cham-pagne wine and all merrie, even Blick (after his 3rd glass); and soe we sped them to their honey-merching. mooning.



6.0 Musical Interludo

6.15 The First News TIME SIGNAL, GREENWICH ; WEATHER FORECAST, FLEST GENERAL NEWS BULLETIN

| 6.30 | Market Prices for Farmers |
|------|---------------------------|
| 6.35 | Musical Interludo |

BAND Selection, 'The Rose of Persia' Sullivan

ROSICA ROTHSCHILD

is as moving as anything in an interature. Interature, watkins' reading tonight begins with the con-clusion of Socrates' speech in court after his judges had condemned him to death, and then continues with the story as put into the mouth of an eye-witness of his last moments in prison.

10.30-12.0 DANCE MUSIC

JACK PAYNE and THE B.B.C. DANCE ORCHESTRA TONI FARRELL (In some of her own Syncopations) (Thursday's Programmes continued on page 198.)

OCTOBER 18, 1929.

RADIO TIMES

197

O the musician whose trained ear is able to distinguish between the best of present-day reproduction and the new quality which we now offer, AMPLION Radio will bring supreme satisfac-The minute distortions tion. caused by faulty reception, the slight slurs and lapses which were coming to be accepted as inevitable incidents of all broadcast reproduction, but which grated on the sensitive ear, are entirely absent. The sceptic did not believe such sets as these could be made. It was left to us to convince him. We waited until our technical experts advised that this better quality of repro-duction was possible. We

waited until flawless reception could be combined with perfected all-mains operation, by the simple movement of a switch.

LIMITED PRODUCTION

The market for these de luxe sets is necessarily restricted. Only a limited number will be made available, and the price has been fixed

price has been fixed at £50 for the All-Mains, and £25 for the Battery-Operated Sets.

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AMPLION RADIO

The better the reception the more imperative it is that the quality of reproduction should be true in tone and adequate in volume over the whole musical scale. It is the great merit of 'Lion' Speakers that they give equally good results at all frequencies. The 'Lion' chassis is sold at £6 and £8. Enclosed in handsome oak or mahogany Cabinets of exclusive design, the prices range from £8 to £16.

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Especially to men and women over Forty:



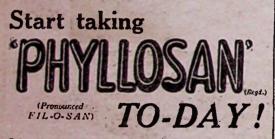
What is your H.P.?

To maintain full Vitality Poweryou must decarbonize your Arteries!

you must decarbonize your Arteries: In middle life, arteries tend to harden and become corroded with accumulated deposits of lime salts. Instead of assisting the circulation of the blood, they, impcae it. Not only is the beart forced to work at high pressure, but the nutrition of every part of the body is seriously interfered with. Consequently, vitality power (your bodily Horse Power) declines, and your heart begins to "knock." That heart "knock." is a warning. Heed it or the consequences may be serious. Decarbonize your arteries, relieve your heart, and increase your vitality power by taking a course of "PHYLLOSAN." "PHYLLOSAN." efficiences the strain upon the heart by freeing the blood from clogging lime salt deposits and by rejucenting the arteries. "PHYLLOSAN" also has a probundly fortifying effect upon the heart muscle itself. At the same time it fifts your blood with natural, revitalizing and recreative elements, which give new vitalizing and recreative elements, which give new vitalizing and recreative clements, which give new vitalizing and recreative for the power body, and increase all your physical and vital forces, irrespective of age!

'PHYLLOSAN' is NOT a Drug!

"PHYLLOSAN" is the most conderful substance in our world.' It is of vesetable origin and contains no deleterious chemicals, no strychnine, no quinne, no animal extracts. It has none of the un-pleasant alter-effects of iron preparations, is non-constipating, tastices, and can be taken with absolute safety by even the most delicately constituted. Just two tiny tasteless tablets three times a day before meals. The results will astonish you 1 Get a 5'- bottle I' contains double quantity.



Of all Chemists 3/- & 5/- (double quantity)

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For the treatment of PREMATURE OLD AGE, HARDENED ARTERIES, HEART WEAKNESS, HICH BLOOD PRESSURE, LOWERED VITALITY, DEBLITY. ANÆMIA. NEURASTHENIA MALNUTRITION,



THURSDAY, OCTOBER 24

5GB DAVENTRY EXPERIMENTAL 626 kc/s. (479.2 m.)

TRANSMISSIONS FROM LONDON EXCEPT WHERE OTHERWISE STATED.

3.0 Symphony Concert

(Relayed from the New Pavilion, Bournemouth) Symphony Concert No. 3 of the 35th Winter Series

THE BOURNEMOUTH MUNICIPAL AUGMENTED ORCHESTICA Conducted by SIR DAN GODFREY

Allegro con brio

POUISHNOFF

Pianoforte Concerto Symphonique .. d'Erlanger (First Performance at these Concerts)

Marcato e staccato; Moderato. Assai. An-dante; Finale. Moderato ma appassionato

The title of this Concerto makes the composer's intention clear; he means the planoforte part to be regarded rather as one of the voices in the

score than as the customary solo with orchestral accompaniment. As an experienced planist him-self, he knows well how to make use of the in-strument's resources, and the result is an effective blend of symphonic music and a brilliant pianoforto part, in which neither handicaps the other, although both are given fullest opportunities. There are four movo-monts, but these are closely united in their thematic material, and the first, the most important, contains in varied forms the nucleus of the three's which follow. The second is in light and joyous mood, and the third has something of the atmosphere of an oriental land-scape. It is closely bound up with the fourth movement, vivid and dramatic

as that is. Near the end it reaches an impressive climax with all the themes welded together. ma ' Variation

| •Enigma · | variations | | Elgar |
|------------------|---|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| .30 Relayed f | Organ Played GILBERT from the Chur | d by MILLS ich of the | Messiah, |
| 2.00 | Birmin | | |
| March in D | ••••• | | Mendelssohn Salom |
| Prelude and | Air | | Corella |
| | LAN (Soprano) | | |
| Oh, that it v | vere so liko a singing | bird | Bridge |
| ORGAN | | | |
| Romance | Fugue in D | | Lemare |
| EFFIE ASHM | the second second second | alle . | |
| Daffodil Gold | i | | |
| ORGAN | | and the second | |
| Evening Idy | | | Cyril Scott |
| 30 | The Childre | n's Hour | |
| 11 6 1 | (From Birm | ingham) | |
| Adventures. | with the Tree | • • | -A White |
| Elepha | nt,' by Winif | red A. Rat | cliffe |

Songs by HORACE PRIESTLEY (Tenor)

SIDNEY HULL (Banjo)

5.3

' The First News ' 6.15 TIME SIGNAL, GREENWICH ; WEATHER FORECAST,

FIRST GENERAL NEWS BULLETIN

ORGAN MUSIC 6.30 Played by Dr. HAROLD RHODES Relayed from Coventry Cathedral Toccata and Fugue in D Minor (Derian) Bach Choral No. 2 in B Minor Franck Concert Overture in C Minor Hollins

JACK PAYNE and THE B.B.C. DANCE ORCHESTRA

Symphony Concert

7.30 Relayed from the Town Hall, Birmingham, THE CITY OF BIRMINGHAM ORCHESTRA Conducted by Dr. MALCOLM SARGENT

Overture, 'Alcestis'

Symphony No. 1, in A Flat, Op. 55 Elgar

OCTOBER 18, 1929.

10.15 THE MUSIC

OF

EDWARD GERMAN

Suite, 'Coq d'Or-' ('Tho Golden Cockerel') Rimsky Korsakov Allegretto, 'The Hymn of Praise'. Mendelssohn Berceuse (Cradle Song) and Finale (The 'Fire-

9.40 'Dixie Land' A Musical Sketch by NORMAN TIMMIS Assisted by THE BIRMINGHAM STUDIO. CHORUS and

PHILIP BROWN'S Dom-INCES DANCE BAND

WEATHER FOBECAST, SECOND GENERAL NEWS BULLETIN

An Edward 10.15-11.15 German Programme (From Birmingham) I. 'MERRIE ENGLAND' THE BIRMINGHAM STUDIO CHORUS and ORCHESTRA Conducted by JOSEPH LEWIS Introduction and Opening Chorus-Sing-a-down Finalo, Act I Bessio : Jill-all-alone WINIFRED PAYNE Raleigh GEOFFREY DAMS Long Tom ... Queen Elizabeth ALICE VAUGHAN II. ' NELL GWYNN' Suite of Three Dances III. ' TOM JONES' Introduction and Opening Chorus 'Don't you find the weather charming ?' **Finale** Act T

| Tom Jones Sophia | EMILIE WALDRON |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|
| Blifil | HAROLD HOWES |
| Western Allworthy IV. 'HENR | GEOFFREI DAM |

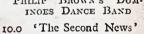
Suite of Three Dances (Thursday's Programmes continued on page 201.)

7.0

8.25 app. Reading fr the London Studio from

8.45 ORCHESTRA

bird ') Stravinsky





SIR EDWARD GERMAN, Programme of whose music is being broadcast from 5GB tonight starting at 10.15.

RADIO TIMES

OCTOBER 18, 1929.

RADIO TIMES





ELECTE (Shert Sammons-Violin) (No. 9415-46, 6d.). Date, Erp. Wednesday: SCHUBERT'S SERENADE (Violin, Finite and Harth (No. 127-48, 6d.). Date: EVENING SONG (Gaspar Caseado-Cellis) (No. D1553-48, 6d.). LA OITANA (Liocel Tertis - Viola) (No. D1554-4., 6d.). Los. 4 Dec. Vocal.

Sunday : WHEN THE KING WENT FORTH TO WAR (Nerman Allin-Biss) (No. L2038-64, 66.1. Monday: HORING (Muriel Brunskill-Contralio) (No. 3325-55.). Dat. Exp. Monday: HORING (Meriel Drunskill-Contraito) (No. 3325-5a.). Theseday: O LOVELY NIGHT (Eva Turcer-Soprano) (No. LI227-6). 6d.). DEINE TO ME ONLY (Master John Griffith-Eoy Morrace) (No. 5405-3s.). IT WAS A LOVEL AND HIS LASS (John Coare-Trevel) (No. 4925-3s.). WHEN DAISTES FIED (Ders Labette-Eoyrano) (No. 9704-4s. 6d.). Wednasday: IN DULCI JUBILO (St. George's Charget Choiri (No. 4578-5s.). TAKE A PAIR OF SPARELING EYEES (John Goatss-Teap) (No. 9506-4s. 6d.). MYBLY WHEN YOUNG (Harold Williams-Baritone) (No. 9599-5s. 6d.). 4903-5a.). UNDEN IA (Marce Coale Eveloce). Dar. Erp. 4303-34.). LINDEN LEA (Edgar Coyle-Baritone) (No. Da T. E.T. 54.]. Dar. Exp. Friday: SONG OF VOLGA BOATNEIN (Norran Allin-Bass) (No. 9303-4s. Gd.). Der. Exp. Saturday: GINGHY BOAD (Harold Williams-Barticae) (No. 4498-5s.). I.ca. 4 Dar. ERL HING (Frank Titlerton - Tecor) (No. 9431-4s. 6d.). A. G.J. DEFF RIVER (Dame Clara Bott-Cottralic) (. 1330-Ga).

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"That you, Joan?"

"Yes, dear, where are you? In town? I suppose you're speaking from the Browne's-or is it from a call-box?"

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Thursday's Programmes continued (October 24)

| 5WA | CARDIFF. | 968 kc/s. 2.30 Lo (309.9 m.) 3.45 Mi |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|
| 2.30 Long | don Programme relayed fro | |
| 3.45 Miss | DOROTHY EDWARDS : Top | |
| Women Miss T | Dorothy Edwards will give l | istoners some |
| atories | of ancient customs and | superstitions 0.30 Ma |
| have an | Iallowo'en in this talk. In opportunity of testing h | her hints the |
| following | g week. | 0.00 LO |
| | on Programme relayed from LIGHT MUSIC | n Daventry 9.35–12.0 |
| 4.45 | BOBBY'S STRING ORCHES | |
| - | from Bobby's Café, Cliftor | n, Bristol |
| 5.15 | S.B. from Swansea The Children's Hour | 12.0-1.0 Daven |
| 5.30 6.0 Londe | on Programme relayed from | |
| | from London | |
| | ket Prices for Farmers | 5.15 We ha |
| 6.35 S.B. | from London | · M |
| 7.45 | A Concert | 6.0 Lor |
| Тие 5 | SWANSEA ORPHEUS CHORAL | |
| | yed from the Central Hall or of the Swansea Orp | |
| | SOCIETY | 2ZY |
| | Conducted by LIONEL ROW | |
| | BANNERMAN (Contralto) | 12.0-1.0 |
| O that i | it were so | Frank Bridge IRENE |
| | ROBERTSON (Bass) and Ch | 1 |
| | on Songsarr. Stan | |
| | BANNERMAN | Bluo I Will y |
| | 'elsh Folk Songs : e Maid in Secret sighed) | JANE |
| Lullaby | ler's Song | |
| CHOIR | ler's Song | |
| Drake's | Drum Co | oleridge-Taylor Ye Ba |
| | . Town | |
| Ethiopia | ROBERTSON a Saluting the Colours | Charles Wood Comin |
| O Mistre | cockpon | Quiller Within |
| CHOIR | Cockpon | JANE |
| 04040 | ugh the Night | |
| 9.0 S.B. | from London | JAMES |
| 9.30 Wes | t Regional News | My lo The E |
| 9.35-12.0 | S.B. from London | The B |
| - | | 4.0 |
| 5SX | SWANSEA. | 1,040 kc/s (288.5 m.) Rolay |
| | don Programme relayed fr | om Daventry |
| | from Cardiff | 'IN |
| 4.0 Londe | on Programme relayed from | |
| 5.15 | The Children's Hour | 4.45 |
| | from Cardiff on Programme relayed from | m Daventry Overt |
| | from London | La Ci Petite |
| | from Cardiff | La |
| 6.35 S.B. | from London | Der Un |
| | t Regional News. S.B. fro. | m Cardiff Tar |
| 9.35-12.0 | S.B. from London | - 5.15 |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | and the state of the | and a service |

BOURNEMOUTH. 1,040 kc/s. (288.5 M.) 6BM

ORGAN MUSIC 1.0-2.0 Played by REGINALD FOORT From the Regent Cinema, Bournemouth Relayed to London and Daventry

ndon Programme relayed from Daventry SS MARJORIE SIMMONDS : 'The Sanctuary South don Programme relayed from Daventry B. from London rket Prices for South of England Farmers B. from London

cal Nows

S.B. from London

1,040 kc/s. (288.5 m.) PLYMOUTH.

| 12.0-1.0 London | Programmo | relayed | from |
|-----------------|-----------|---------|------|
| Daventry | | | |

- ndon Programmo relayed from Daventry
- The Children's Hour tvo gathered new ingredients for another IXED SALAD.' Dressings will be added

don Programme relayed from Daventry

S.B. from London (9.30 Local Nows)

797 kc/s. (376.4 m.) MANCHESTER:

| 2.0-1.0 A SCOTTISH BALLAD CONCERT S.B. from Leeds |
|---|
| IRENE UTTING (Planoforic) Auld Scots Airs |
| ANNIE MELLOR (Contratto) Caller Herrin' arr. Moffat Bluo Bells of Scotland Edward J. Loder |
| Will you no' como back again ?Traditional JANE MARCUS (Violin) Scotch Airs |
| JAMES SCRATON (Barilone) |
| My Ain Weo Houso Munro, arr. Moffat Ye Banks and Braes o' Bonnie Doonarr. Lees Annio Laurio Jane Scott |
| ANNIE MELLOR (Soprano) |
| Coming through the Ryo arr. Lees Within a mile of Edinburgh Town Hook Robin Adair Traditional |
| JANE MARCUS Scotch Dances Mackenzie |
| JAMES SCRATON My love is like the red, red rose The Bonnie Earl o' Moray The Bonnie Banks of Loch Lomond |
| 4.0 Inter-Varsity Debate |
| Rolayed from the Great Hall, the University Leeds |
| S.B. from Leeds |
| Motion : |
| 'IN THE OPINION OF THIS HOUSE, WHAT YORKSHIBE DOES TODAY, LANCASHIBE DOES TOMORROW' |
| 4.45 The Northern Wireless Orchestra Overture, 'Coriolanus' |
| Demande et Roponse (Question and Answer); |

antello Frétillante (The Lively Tarantello)

The Children's Hour S.B. from Leeds MINCEMEAT

A Meeting of the Debating Society will be held Subject: 'That one would rather be a Rabbit than a Cabbage'

Proposer : B. BEVERAN, Esq. ; Seconder : Miss ANN GORER ; Opposer : Miss LETTUCE HART ; Seconder : Captain TOM MARTCH

(Thursday's Programmes continued on page 203.)

The Drugless Remedy for Indigestion

Drugs are Dangerous Dangerous It is dangerous to attempt the treatment of Indigestion with drugs. Drugs are opposed to Nature, and their action is nothing more than a bludgeoning of the symptoms into a false state of inertia that may lead to other and more harmful complications. Know what Indigestion really means, and you will readily understand the danger lucking in "cures" that mean merely a postponement of recurring attacks. postponement of recurring attacks.

What is Indigestion has its origin in the disability of the body to pass incapable of assimilation. The continued presence of those substances has many ill-effects and is responsible for many distressing symptoms, such as Headaches, Lassitude, Flatulence and Acidity. These conditions, however, are merely symptoms—to lull one of them or all of them is not to remove the cause, *i.e.*, the undigested sub-stances fermenting in the digestive tracts, but rather to aggravate and prolong the mischief already done

Help Nature to Cure No matter what the ill—if remedial measures are to be successful. Nature must be helped, not hindered. The surest natural treatment for Indigestion is the Charcoal Treatment. Bragg's Charcoal works hand in hand with Nature in removing the cause of Indigestion, acting in a natural and harmless fashion by arresting fermentation, seizing upon the impurities in the digestive tracts, rendering such impurities in-nocuous, and carrying them out of the system.

Doctors endorse Bragg's The use of Bragg's Char-coal for the treatment of

Charcoal indigestion has been en-dorsed by medical Practi-tioners for more than half a century. This is because Bragg's Charcoal strikes straight at the roots of the malady, and because its action in use follows natural and scientific laws. Bragg's Charcoal is neither aperient nor astringent, tonic nor sedative.

Five Palatable Bragg's pure Vegetable Char-coal is the only palatable form in which charcoal can be taken,

Lasy - to - take in which charcoal can be taken, forms but Bragg's Charcoal is made up into five different forms; so that you can take it in either biscuits, powder, capsule or lozenge, and tablets, whichever is easiest and most palatable for you. Biscuits (the most popular form) 1/8, 3/2, and 6/- per box. Powder 2/-, 3/6, and 5/- per bottle. Lozenges and Tablets 1/5 and 5/- per box. Capsules 2/6 per box. Gran-ules 2/- per bottle. Densylla Tooth Powder, 1/- per pourer container. Obtainable from all Chemists. pourer container. Obtainable from all Chemists.

| A | week's | |
|----|---------|--|
| Tr | eatment | |
| 1 | FREE | |

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202

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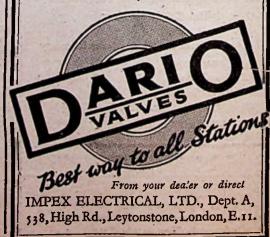
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MANCHESTER RADIO EXHIBITION STAND 107 GALLERY



Programmes for Thursday.

(Manchester Programme continued from page 201.)

6.0 London Programme relayed from Daventry

6.15 S.B. from London

6.30 Market Prices for Northern English Farmers

S.B. from London 6.45

7.45 NORRIS JONES (Tenor)

8.0 The Eastbourne Municipal Orchestra Conducted by Captain H. G. AMERS

Relayed from the North-East Coast Exhibition, Newcastle-on-Tyne

S.B. from Neucastle

| Overture, 'Oberon' Weber | • |
|--|---|
| Ballet, 'La Source' (The Spring) Delibes | 3 |
| Lo Rouet d'Omphale (Omphale's Spinning | Ś |
| Wheel) Saint-Sačna | 3 |
| Danse Slave Chabries | • |
| Neapolitan Serenado Carnella | ī |
| Incidental Music. 'Sigurd Jorsalfar' Grieg | 1 |

9.0 S.B. from London

9.30 North Regional News

9.35 S.B. from London

5NO

'The Sundowners' 10.5 LIGHT UP

10.30-12.0 S.B. from London

Other Stations.

1.148 kc/s. (261.3 m.) NEWCASTLE.

752 kc/a.

 21NO
 INEWCADILE.
 (261.3 m.)

 12.0-1.0:-Gramophone Records.
 2.25:-East Coast Fishing

 Bulletin, relayed from Daventry.
 2.30:-London (Programme relayed from Daventry.
 2.40:-London (Programme relayed from Daventry.

 Alice Robson (Vlolin).
 4.18:-Winnle Warnes and Alec Daurge (Duologues):
 Quarret Scene from 'School for Scandal' (Sheridan);

 Gaffer Halipenny and the District Visitor (Ann Stephenson and Allan Macbeth).
 4.28:-George Newman (Saxophone).

 5.15:-The Children's Hour.
 6.0:-London Programme relayed from Daventry.
 6.15:-S.B. from London.

 Friess for Farmers.
 6.35:-Jusical Interlude.
 6.45:-S.B. from Jondon.
 6.30:-Market Friess of Namers.

 Jondon.
 7.45:-S.B. from Manchester.'
 8.0:-Cajd. II. G. Amers and The Eastbourne Municipal Orchestra, relayed from the North-East Coast Exhibition, Newcastle- on, Tyne.

 9.0-12.0:-S.B. from London.
 752 hete

OL LOCONV

| 5SC GLASGUW. | (398.9 m.) |
|---|-----------------------|
| 10.45 :- S.B. from Edinburgh. 11.0-12.0 :- A | Recital of |
| Gramophone Records. 2.30 :- S.B. from | 'Edinburgh |
| 3.0 :- Dance Music by Charles Watson's Orchestra, ro | layed from. |
| the Playhouse Ballroom. 3.15 :- S.B. from Edinburg | zh. 3.30 : |
| Musical Interlude. 3.40 :- Mid-Week Service, condu | cted by the |
| Rev. J. G. Drummond, M.A. (Dundas Street Con | ngregational |
| Church). 4.0 :- Musical Comedy and Light Opera. | The Octet : |
| Reginald Talbot (Baritone). 5.15 :- The Child | en's llour. |
| 5.57 :- Weather Forecast for Farmers. 6.0 :- Music | al Interlude |
| 6.15 :- S.B. from London. 6.30 :- S.B. from Edinbur | ch. 6.45 : |
| S.B. from London. 7.45 :- Two Plays from Sir W | alter Scott. |
| ' Fairford's First Brief,' adapted by Donald Carsell. | from Red |
| Gauntlet. Presented by The Edinburgh Philosophic | al Institute |
| Dramatic Society. Produced by Douglas Robert | son. The |
| Soldier Boy.' Founded on 'The Highland Widow.' | Presented |
| by The Locksmiths. Produced by Halbert Tatlock. | Incidental |
| Munic by the Octet. 9.0 :- S.B from London. 9.30 | -Scottish |
| News Bulletin. 9.35-12.0 :- S.B. from Loudon. | and the second second |

| 2BD | ABERDEEN. | 995 kc/s. (301.5 m.) |
|----------------|--|-------------------------|
| burgh. 3.30 :- | Relayed from Daventry. 0:-S.B. from Glasgow. 3.1 -S.B. from Glasgow. 6.15: | -S.B. from London. |

6.30 :-- S.B. from Edinburgh. 6.45 :-- S.B. from London. 7.45 :--S.B. from Glasgow. 9.0 :-- S.B. from London. 9.30 :-- S.B. from Glasgow. 9.35-12.0 :-- S.B. from London.

1.238 kc/s. (242.3 m.) BELFAST. 2BE

 ZBE
 BELLFAD1.
 (242.5 m.)

 2.30:-London Programmo relayed from Daventry.
 40:-

 Danco Music. Jan Raifin's Regal Band from the Phaza, Belfast.

 4.50:--Kathicen Daunt (Soprano): Come Again (John Dow

 Iandi (Jan Ballan's Regal Band from the Phaza, Belfast.

 4.50:--Kathicen Daunt (Soprano): Come Again (John Dow

 Iandi (Jan Ballan's Regal Band from the Phaza, Belfast.

 Gesire (Wrn. Corkine): Sorrow (Itubert Brown); Molly-o (Alce

 Rowley).
 5.2:--Doris Bates (Violin): Havanalse (Saint-Saens).

 5.15:--The Children's Hour.
 6.0:--Gramophono Records.

 6.15:--S.B. from London.
 7.45:---The Falthilu Sentinel.'

 Opera in Two Scenes. Music by Franz Schubert.
 English Version

 by Steuart Wilson.
 8.40:--Orchestra : Ballet and Overture to

 ' Rosamunde' (Schubert).
 9.0:--Weather Forecast; Second

 ' Rosamunde' Mons.
 9.35-12.0:--S.B. from London.

 Hegional News.
 9.35-12.0:--S.B. from London.

GERMAN READINGS.

THOSE who intend to listen to Dr. Herbert Schroedor's German Reading to the schools on Monday. October 28, will be interested to note that this will be taken from 'Die Balladon und Ritterlichen Liedor' by Börries Freeherr ven Munchausen.

OLD NORTH-COUNTRY RECIPES

RADIO TIMES

5.—Yorkshire Biscuits, Yorkshire Apple Cake, and Yorkshire Puddings.

ORKSHIRE puddings are simple to make, and only three points concerning them need be specially remembered. Always let the batter stand after making and before usingtwo or three hours, or oven a night, if possible— mix it up thin and beat it for as long as you will with an ordinary whisk. For one to cat with meat use $6\frac{1}{2}$ ozs. flour, $\frac{1}{2}$ teaspoonful baking powder, and algood pinch of salt, 1 oz. lard, 2 eggs and 1 pint

of milk of milk. Put the flour and salt into a bowl, then gradually add the beaten eggs and milk, using a wooden spoon, then, when the ingredients are properly mixed, whisk well, allow the batter to stand and, just before using, stir in the baking powder. Put the lard into a Yorkshire pudding tin in the oven and when it is very hot pour in the batter and

Put the lard into a Yorkshire pudding tin in the oven and when it is very hot pour in the batter and bake in a sharp oven. Another recipe for Yorkshire Pudding as a sweet is as follows: $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. flour, 1 egg, a good pinch of salt, $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. milk (rather under), 3 oz. hrd, $\frac{1}{4}$ ten-spoonful baking powder. The mothod is similar to the other, and when the batter is ready pour it into a well greased tin, cut the lard in small pieces on the top, bake in a very sharp oven and serve very hot with sugar. Apple cake.—Use a shallow round dish the size of a dessert plate, really like a big saucer, line it with crust and heap it fairly high with apples (the best cookers procurable), peeled, cored and cut up, pour in 2 or 3 tablespoonfuls water and add sufficient sugar to sweeten ; brush round the edge with cold water, then put on a lid of pastry, bake in a sharp oven, care being taken to bake it both at the top and underneath. The moment it is baked take it from the oven, make a hole in the centre, drop through this a big piece of butter, dredge the cake thickly with castor sugar, slip it on to a hot plate covered with a lace paper and serve. Yorkshire biscuits.—Use $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. flour, $\frac{1}{4}$ b. lard, a very good pinch of salt, $\frac{1}{4}$ teaspoonful baking powder and cold water. Rub the lard into the flour and salt, then add the baking powder and mix to a paste with cold water. Turn this on to a floured board and work it up very well with the palms of the hands, roll it out very thinly indeed

floured board and work it up very well with the palms of the hands, roll it out very thinly indeed and cut it into rounds with a plain cutter about 2 or 3 inches in diameter. Put these on to a floured baking sheet and prick each one several times with a fork, bake in a sharp oven, put on to a wire stand and when cold butter each with farm butter.

Parkin Cakes.— $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. fine oatmeal, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. flour, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. golden syrup, 2 ozs. butter, 1 oz. sugar, $\frac{1}{2}$ tea-spoonful ground ginger, $\frac{1}{2}$ teaspoonful baking powder, about $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. almonds and a little beaten egg. With the exception of the almonds put the dry ingredients into a bowl and mix well together. Melt the butter and syrup together in a saucepan; blanch and split the almonds. Mix the dry in-gredients to a paste with the melted butter and syrup, and if necessary add a little beaten egg. Turn this on to a floured board, cut it into pieces and roll into balls the size of a walnut, put these on to a well greased baking sheet, press each a little to prevent its rolling, brush the top over with beaten egg and put on half an almond. Bake in a sharp oven. They will not, of course, remain in balls while baking but will spread into little flat cakes.

A good way to obtain the correct weight of syrup is to weigh the empty saucepan on the scales, then weigh the syrup in it. For cookery scales are as necessary as they are in a shop. Ingredients for overything should be weighed with the greatest care and accuracy. It may be of interest to know that 3 pennics weigh 1 oz., that 3 halfpence weigh 1 oz., end that an ordinary sized org weighs woigh $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., and that an ordinary sized ogg weighs 2 ozs.—From a Manchester talk by Miss Laverock.

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8.0 TONIGHT'S SYMPHONY CONCERT

10.15 a.m. THE DAILY SERVICE 10.30 (Dataning only) TIME SIGNAL, GREENWICH, WEATHER FORECAST 10.45 Recipes and Household Hints

11.0-11.30 (London only) Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process

11.0 (Daventry only) Gramophone Records

12.0 A SONATA RECITAL MUTHEL HART (Violin) KATHLEEN COOPER (Vianojorie) Sonata in F Minor ior Viola and PianoforteBrahms Allegro appassionato; Andante un poco Adagio; Allegro grazioso; Vivace

Slow movement, Sonata in C Sharp Minor.....Egon Kornauth

12.30 ORGAN MUSIC

Played by H. A. BATE, Organist and Director of the Choir, St. James', Muswell Hill

(Relayed from St. Mary-lc-Bow) Voluntary in C Minor Greene Air and Gavotte Samuel Wesley Prelude and Fugue in C Minor...Back Rhosymedre.....Vaughan Williams Marche Triomphale Karg Elert

1.0-2.0 A Recital of Gramophone Records by Mr. CHRISTOPHEE STONE

2.25 (Darentry only) Fishing Bulletin

2.30 FOR THE SCHOOLS Miss C. A. SIMPSON : 'Rural Survey—III, The Materials of the Earth's Crust '

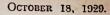
2.55 In

Interlude



VIENNA AND-

The tower of Vienna's beautiful medieval Cathedral of St. Steven rising high above the buildings of the inner city. Mr. Evelyn Wrench, who has just returned from a continental tour. draws a contrast between Vienna and London in his talk tonight.



RADIO TIMES FRIDAY, OCTOBER 25 2LO LONDON & 5XX DAVENTRY £42 kc/s. (356.3 m.) 193 kc/s. (1,554.4 m.) THE 1929-30 SYMPHONY CONCERTS. The first of this important series of twentyone Concerts will be broadcast from London, etc., at 8 p.m. tonight. **Programme**: 8.0 Brandenburg Concerto No. 3 in G, for Strings......Bach Aria, 'Martern aller Arten' ('Il Seraglio')Mozart Soloist: Maria Nemeth Solo Violin, ARTHUR CATTERALL Solo Violoncello, LAURI KENNEDY Solo Flute, ROBERT MURCHIE Solo Oboe, T. McDonagh Symphonia Domestica (Op. 53)......Strauss 5 'The Second News' (From the Studio) 9.5 9.20 Aria, 'Ocean, thou mighty monster' Weber Soloist: Maria Nemeth Concerto No. I in B Flat Minor, for Pianoforte and Orchestra Tchaikovsky Soloist: Walter Gieseking Overture, 'Cockaigne' Elgar Relayed from the Queen's Hall THE B.B.C. SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA (Leader: Arthur Catterall) Conducted by SIR HENRY WOOD.

| 3.0 Peoples of the World and their Homes '-V. |
|---|
| Mr. R. C. C. CLAY: 'When Adam delved and Eve span' |
| 3.25 'Hints on Athletics and Games'-V, Soccer-LieutCol. J. H. GETTINS, D.S.O. |
| 3.40 Interlude |
| 3.45 Play for Schools |
| 'Julius Cæsar' (William Shakespeare) |
| 4.30 LIGHT MUSIC |
| Moscnerro and bis Orchestra From the May Fair Hotel |
| 5.15 THE CHILDREN'S HOUR |
| 'Tales of the Khoja' taken from the Turkish (J. H. Ewing), and told by CHRISTINE SILVER With Music to suit the occasion by THE OLOF SEXTET |
| The 'Wicked Uncle " will tell his story of 'Fritz, Heinrich, and Hans ' |
| 6.0 Miss E. RANDALL: 'A Dinner for the Businoss Girl ' |
| 6.15 'The First News' TIME SIGNAL, GREENWICH, WEATHER FORECAST, FIRST GENERAL NEWS BULLETIN |
| 6.30 The Lady BADEN-POWELL, the Chief Guide: 'The Girl Guide Movement—its Growth and Progress' |
| 6.45 THE FOUNDATIONS OF MUSIC |
| BACH'S ORGAN MUSIC Played by JOSEPH BONNET |
| Relayed from the Bishopsgate Institute Sonata (In Trio Form) No. 3 in D Minor Andante-Adagio e dolce-Vivace |
| 7.0 Mr. ERNEST NEWMAN : 'The B.B.C. Music Critic ' |
| 7,15 Musical Intorlude |
| 7.25 'The Village and the Village Craftsman'- |

V, Major C. P. AckEbs: 'The Uses of Underwood and Home-grown Timber for the Minor Industries' 10.30 WHAT WILL IT BE THIS TIME?

7.45 EDGAR FAIRCHILD and ROBERT LINDROLM (The Famous Twin Pianists)

8.0 B.B.C. Symphony Concert (I) Conducted by SIR HENRY WOOD Relayed from The Queen's Hall

(Sole Lessees, Messrs. Chappell and Co., Ltd.) MARIA NEMETH (Soprano) WALTER GUSSEEING (Pianoforte) THE B.B.C. SYMPHONY ORCHESTBA (Leador, ARTHUR CATTERALL)

Part I 5. 'The Second News'

9.5 'The Second News WEATHER FORECAST, SECOND GENERAL NEWS BULLETIN

9.20 B.B.C. Symphony Concert Relayed from Queen's Hall Part II

(For notes on this Concert see page 171.)

10.10 Local Announcements (Daventry only) Shipping Forecast and Fat Stock Prices

10.15 Mr. EVELYN WRENCH : 'Vienna and London-a Contrast '

10.30 SURPRISE ITEM

10.45 DANCE MUSIC TEDDY BROWN and his BAND from CIRO'S CLUB

11.0-12.0 JACK HYLTON'S AMBASSADCR CLUB BAND, Under the direction of RAY STARITA

12.0-12.15 Experimental Transmission of Still Pictures by the Fultograph Process



-LONDON.

This view of Big Ben and the Houses of Parliament from across Parliament Square, affords an interesting comparison with the picture of Vienna in col. I. Mr. Evelyn Wrench contrasts the English and Austrian capitals in his talk tonight.





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A woman's discrimination makes her delight in saying





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N.C.C. 670

| and the second second | Friday's P | | |
|--|---|------------------------------|--|
| 5WA | CARDIFF. | 968 kc/s. (309.9 m.) | 6.15 S.B. from London |
| 2.0-1.0 L | | relayed from | 10.10North Regional News10.15-10.45S.B. from London |
| Daventry | on Programme relayed | from Daventry | |
| .0 | LIGHT MUSIC | | Other Stations. |
| | EAN'S CARLTON CELEB layed from the Carlton] | | 5NO NEWCASTLE. |
| 15 | The Children's H | our | 2.25 : East Coast Fishing Buildin relayed from Dava 2.30 : London Programme relayed from Daventry. 4.30 : |
| 5.0 [•] Problem Dramati | Mr. IFAN KYRLE FLI s of Production app ists'-III, Problems o | plied by Welsh | relayed from Tilley's Blackett Street Restaurant, Newedst Tyne. 5.15:-The Children's Hour. 6.0:-London Progr relayed from Daventry. 6.15:-S.B. London. 6.30: Farmers, Dr. R. W. Wheldon, 'Farm Feeding-stuffs.' 10.45:-S.B. London. |
| | from London | | 5SC GLASCOW. (398 |
| 6.30 Mr. F | J. REES, Principal o Wales and Monmou | f the University | 2.30:-Broadcast to Schools, 'Travellers' Tales of Lands'-IV, Mr. W. Nisbet Williams'Lako Tangan 2.50:-Musical Interlude, 2.55:'My Day's Work' Mr. Gilbert McAllister'In Newspaper Reporting,' 3. Musical Interlude, 3.15:A Concert For Schools, Music of the British Isles'I. The Octot: 'Songs o Helpfide:' (art Kennedy, Frage) - A V Fraggatt (Barth |
| | on for Business' | vitanito, ottuin; | Mr. Gilbert McAllister—' In Newspaper Reporting, ' 3. Muscal Interlude, 3.15:A Concert For Schools. |
| 6.45 S.B. | from London | | Music of the British Isles -I. The Octet: 'Songs of Hebrides' (arr. Kennedy Fraser). A V. Froggatt (Barit Dabbias is the Inter State of St |
| 10.10 Wes | st Regional News | | Sailor (arr. Cecil Sharp and Baring Gould). John B. Dr (Violoncello): Golden Slumbers kiss your eves farr. |
| 10.15-10.45 | S.B. from London | | Inderidae's (arr. Kennedy Fraser). A V. Froggatt (Baril Dabbling in the Dew, Sweet Nightingale, and The Dark Sailor (arr. Ccell Sharp and Baring Gould). John B. Di (Violoncello): Golden Slumbers kiss your eyes (arr. C Sharpe; The Snewy Breasted Pearl (arr. G. A. O'Cc Morris); The Banks of Allan Water (arr. H. Sharpe). Froggatt: The Katk Market Day (arr. H. Hueles); The |
| 5SX | SWANSEA. | 1,040 kc/s. (288.5 m.) | Morris); The Banks of Allan Water (arr. H. Sharpe). Froggatt: The Next Market Day (arr. H. Hughes); The I Dew (arr. C. V. Stanford); Jicy Ho, the Morning Dew Chns. Wood). The Octet: Reel (Kerr). 40:An Instrum and Orchestral Concert. John B. R. Whitfield (Piano and Orchestral Concert. John B. R. Whitfield (Piano The Octet. 4.45:Organ Music by E. M. Buckley, refrom the New Savoy Picture House. 5.15:The Chill Hour. 5.57:Weather Forceast for Farmers. 615:London. 6. |
| 2.30 Londo | on Programme relayed | from Daventry | from the New Savoy Picture House, 5,15:-The Chill Hour, 5,57:-Weather Forecast for Farmers, 6,0:-L |
| 5.15 S.B. J | from Cardiff | | Programme relayed from Daventry. 6.15 :London. 6. Bulletin of Scottish Market Prices for Farmers. 6.40 : |
| 6.0 Londor | Programmo relayed | from Davoatry | |
| | rom London | | 2BD ABERDEEN. (301. |
| 10.10 West | Regional News. S.I | B. from Cardiff | 2.30:-S.B. from Glasgow. 6.0:-London Programm layed from Daventry. 6.15:-London. 6.30:-Gla 6.45:-London. 10.10:-Glasgow. 10.15-10.45:-Londo |
| 10.15-10.45 | S.B. from London | | 2BE BELFAST. 1.231 |
| 6BM E | BOURNEMOUT | H; 1,040 kc/s. 288.5 m. | 12.0:Organ Music played by Herbert Westerby, from Grosvenor Hall. 12.30-1.0:Gramophono Records. 2. London Programme, relayed from Inventry. 4.30: Music. Jan Raldni's Regal Band, from the Plaza, D 5.0:A Violin Interlude by Dorothy John. 5.15: Children's Hong 6.01. June Bergen Larde (The Vor |
| 2.30 Londo | n Programmo relayed | from Daventry | Marrow-How to Cook and Preserve it.' 6.15 :- S.B. |
| 6.15 S.B. f 10.10 Local | rom London | | ducted by E. Godfrey Brown : Overture, 'Tragic' (Bra |
| | S.B. from London | | 8.12:-Gertrade Peppercorn (Planoforte) and Orche Concerto in E Flat (Liszt). 8.35:-Rispah Goo (Contraito) and Orchestra: Arla, 'O Don Fatalo' (Context) (Cartilio, Second Condette Olivero In contrait, 'O |
| | | | Carles) (Verdi); Secna, 'Condotta ell'era in coppi 'In g fetters they bound her ('II Trovatore') (Verdi). 8. Orchestra: Overture, 'Benvenuto Cellini,' Op. 23 (Be 9.15:'The Second News.' Weather Forceast, Second G Nows Bulletin. 9.20:-Orchestral Concert (Contin -Orchestra: Preluda and Threa Entrances from 'Can |
| SPY | PLYMOUTH. | 1,040 kc/s. (288.5 m.) | 9.15 : 'The Second News.' Weather Forecast, Second G News Bulletin. 9.20:-Orchestral Concert (Contin Orchestra: Prelude and Three Entr'actes from 'Car |
| 2.30 Londo | n Programme relayed | from Daventry | —Orchestra: Prelude and Three Entractes from 'Cal (Bizet). 9.25: —Rispan Goodacre: Come not when I am (Holbrooke); Blackbird Song (Cyril Scott); When the Sw homeward fly (Maude Valerie White); A Birthday (MacFadyen). 9.37: —Gertruide Pepperson: Studles (Ch 9.50: —Orchestra: Wedding Waltz from Suite 'Vell of Pier (Dohnard). 10.10: —Bregloud News. 10.15-10.45: —Lon |
| .15 | The Children's He | | (MacFadyen). 9.37 :- Gertrude Peppercorn : Studies (Ch. 9.50 :- Orchestra : Wedding Waltz from Suite ' Vell of Pier |
| Long Wint | kip' (Elcanor Farjeon) er Evenings and what | to do with them ' | (Dohnanyl). 10.10 :- Regional News. 10.15-10.45 :- Lor |
| 0 London | (M. Newell) Programme relayed | from Deventer | NEW WAVELENGTHS |
| | S.B. from London (10. | | Station Identification |
| Events ; L | ocal News) | | Panels |
| ZY | MANCHESTER | R. (376.4 m.) | Give all the information required to pick up or recognize Foreign Station |
| .30 London | n Programme relayed | from Daventry | FREQUENCY DISTANCE |
| .30 Jer | ry Heywood and his relayed from | Orchestra | WAVELENGTH CALL SIGNS |
| | TH MANCHESTER RADI | | POWER ANNOUNCEMENTS |
| Overture, Selection o | At the City Hall, Manc ⁵ Zampa ⁷ f W. H. Squire's Song ⁷ Zampa ⁷ | Hérold 5 arr. Baynes | of EUROPEAN and some AMERICAL STATIONS |
| CI | reo Irish Dances' | John Ansell | MAP of EUROPE |
| Fox-trot (S | | | MAP OF PUBLICE |
| Fox-troi (S Waltz, 'E | | | SHOWING ALL STATIONS |
| Fox-troi (S Waltz, 'E | spana' That's a Good Girl'. The Children's Ho | . Meycr and Charig | SHOWING ALL STATIONS is included |
| Fox-trot (S Waltz, 'E Selection, ' | spana' That's a Good Girl' | . Meycr and Charig pur | SHOWING ALL STATIONS |



GEMS FROM THIS WEEK'S PROGRAMME ON "HIS MASTER'S VOICE"RECORDS

THE FLYING DUTCHMAN" - OVERTURE -Berlin State Opera Orchestra (conducted by Dr. Leo Blech) -. 1200, (/6 London, Sunday, 3.30

WHEN THE KING WENT FORTH TO WAR-Challapine-DB1068, 8/6. London, Sunday, 3.40. WIEGENLIED - Schumann - DB1065, 8/6. London.

STANDCHEN-Schumann-DBloto, N6. London, Sup-

HOMING-D'Alvarez-DA790, 6/-, Daventry 5GB, Monday,

4.1. OH, COULD I BUT EXPRESS IN SONG-Chaliapine -DA 93, %-. Daventry SGB, Monday, 425. SOLEMN MELODY-Reginald Goss-Custard-Cl335, 4/6. Dave try SGB, Monday, 455. HY.AN TO THE SUN-Isolde Menges-E444, 4/6. Dav-entry SGB, Monday, 740.

SCHEHERAZADE (Symphonic Suite)-Philadelphia 8 mphony orchestra (conducted by Leoroid Stolowski)-2013 - 10, 66 each (Album Series No. 56). Daventry 3GB. Monday 813.

"ER" The Finnets) - Symphony Crchestra ed by Albert Contes)-D1129, 66 Daventy SGB. 845. "JUPITER"

(conduct M nday

M nday, 845. PR LUDE TO ACT 111. AND BRIDAL MUSIC ("Lohengrin") — Symphony Urchestra (conducted by Albert Contes-D1054, 606. London, Tuesday, 12 50. ON WINGS OF SONO — Tudor Davies — D1253, 6/6. London, Lucsday, 8.15.

"EGMONT"--OVERTURE (Beathoven)-New Light Symphony Orchestra--Cl385, 4.6. Daventry 5GB, Tuesday.

"SUZANNA'S SECRET"- OVERTURE- La Scala rehestra, Milan-D1488, 6/5. Daventry SGB, Tuesday, 8.30. (rch ILLGIE - John Brownice - E439, 46. Daventry 5GB,

DOWN IN THE FOREST - Garda Hall - B2523, 3/-

BLACKBIRD SONG-Elsie Suddaby-B2076, 3/-. London,

FOUR INDIA LOVE LYRICS-P Dawson-B2256 and B2255 each. London, Wednesday, \$40. DON JUAN'S SERENADE, (Tchalkovsky) – Peter Dawson-Cl327, 46. Daventy SGB, Wednesday, 3.25. SERENADE (Schubert) – Mavis Bennett – Cl181, 4/6. Daventry SGB, Wednesday, 6.40.

WHO IS SYLVIA (-Derek Oldham-E395, 4/6. Daventry SGB, Wednesday, 650.

•

SGB, Wednesday, 650. "CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA" - SELECTION --Cre tore's Band-C1510, 4:6. Daventry 3GB, Wednesday,

LINDEN LEA-George Baker-B2393, 7-. Daventry 5GB.

TOCCATA AND FUGUE IN D MINOR (Bach) -G. D. Cumbugham-Cl291, 4/6. Daventry 5GB, Thursday, 5-70.

NELL GWYN DANCES-New Symphony Orchestra-112:57 B3036, 3/- each. Daventry 5GB, Thursday, 10.30. OCEAN, THOU MIGHTY MONSTER ("Oberon") ~Austral-D1540, f/8 London, Friday, 8.30.

-Austral-D1540, f/6 London, Friday, 8.30, CONCERTONO, 11N BELATMINOR (Tehaikovsky) -Mark Hamburg and Royal Albert Hall Orchestra (con-ducted by Sir Landon Ronald)-D1130-33, 6/6 each. London, Friday, 4.0.

riday, 4.0. COCKAIGNE" - OVERTURE - Royal Athent Hall reflestra-D1110-1, 6% cach. London, Friday, 9.55. LARGO AL FACTOTUM-Peter Dawson-Cl400, 4/6, London, Saturday, 3.45

KELTIC LAMENT - Victor Olof Sextet - C1578, 4/6. Jondon, Saturday, 40.

Jondon, Saturday, 4.0. SCHERZO ("Midsummer Night's Dream") — San Francisco Symph ny Orchestra (conducted by Alfred Hert2)—D1627, 66. Londen, Saturday, 420, WEDDING MARCH ("Midsummer Night's Dream") San Francisco Symphony Orchestra (conducted by Alfred

-San Francisco Symphony Orchestra (con Hertz)-D1565, 6/6. London, Saturday, 4:0,

Hertz)-DIS68, 6(6. London, Saturday, 450, ERL HING-Robert Rauford-D1276, 6(6. London, Satur-day, 7.35. ON WINGS OF SONG (Mendelssohn) - Heifetz --DH1268, 6(6. Daventry 5GB, Saturday, 4.0. LIEBESFREUD - Kreisler -- DB955, 8(6. Daventry 5GB, Saturday, 4.10. THE YAGABOND-Peter Dawson-B2297, 3(- Daventry 5(B), Saturday, 6.55.

Sill, Saturday, 6.55. SELECTION-" DESERT SONG "- Savoy Orpheans-Cl328, 46." Daventy 5GB, Saturday, 7 10. OVERTURE-" MORNING, NOON AND NIGHT"-Coldstream Guards Band - Cl394, 4/6 Daventry SGB, Saturday, 7 30.

CAPTAIN STRATTON'S FANCY - Peter Dawson-Bassi, M., Daventry SGB, Saturday, 7.45.

B261, M., Daventry 50B, Saturday, Ass. AT THE WINDOW-Gerhardt-DA835, 6/-, Daventry 56B, Saturday, 10.45. WHITHER? - Schumann - D1411, 6/6. Daventry 5GB, Saturday, 10.50.





The New and different Underwear specially made for winter comfort an exclusive 'Vedonis' production

NCE women have come to know J TUPLEX the old standard of underwear comfort no longer satisfies ... They have experienced the cosy warmth, the sure protection and the delightful, Insurious comfort made possible by this latest triumph of underwear making-TUPLEX.

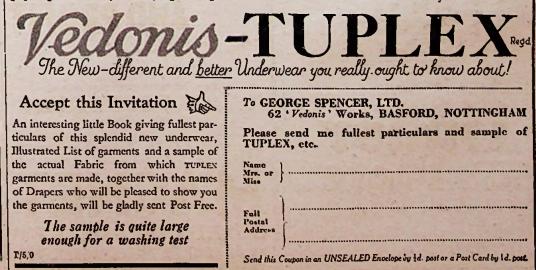
RADIO TIMES

Entirely Different

While TUPLEX is like other underwear in weight, styles and shapes, the fabric is entirely different and much, much better. It is made on quite a new principle and by a very special process

which produces a fabric with its two sides totally different-yet it is only one fabric! And what a beautiful fabric this is . . . so warm, so soft and smooth, so pleasant to the touch, so satisfactory in wash and so practical in wear...it is, by far, the cosiest underwear there has ever been for winter months.

Whatever you may be accustomed to wearing send for a sample of the fabric and see for yourself what superb underwear TUPLEX really is.



"Seeing is Believing"

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TALE OF TWO ISLANDS.

Historical Episodes of Flat Holm and Steep Holm—The Growth of Group Listening—A Famous Bristol Church—The Gorsedd and Its Music—Sunday Afternoon Band Concert.

Two Isles.

THE islands Flat Holm and Steep Holm in the Bristol Channel, small though they

be, have played their part in many historical episodes, but they must have grown somewhat, judging by a question from a passenger on an American liner to an officer of the ship as they steamed up the Bristol Channel : 'Say, friend, are these the British Isles?' 'Two Isles of Purple Shadow' is the title of a dramatic programme by

five scenes will be given in which their interesting story will be told.

Gildas and Cadoc. THESE islands have borne different names at different times. Freeman, in a note to old English History, says : 'Some copies of the Anglo-Saxon Chronicle under the year 918 have Bradanreolice, i.e., Broad or Flat Holm, and some Steapanreolice or Steep Holm. The Anglo-Saxons called Steep Holm, Reed Island. It is a rock whose summit rises to 400 feet above the sea-level and it is about a mile and a half round. Maurice, third Lord Berkeley, built a small endowed Priory in 1320, but



S. C. Summer. THE LIGHTHOUSE ON FLAT HOLM. Erected in 1737, the light from its 156-feet-high tower is visible 18 miles down the Bristol Channel.

no'remains of it are now visible. It is said that Gildas, the early British saint and first nativo writer whose works are preserved, found an asylum for some time there. At the same time -about the sixth century—St. Cadoc went to Flat Holm, and he sent two of his followers by sea to fetch a book, foretelling at the same time that they would never return. And so it came to pass, for they were drowned in the Channel.

Namelcss Graves.

THE Anglo-Saxon Chronicle says that in the year 1067, King Harold's mother, Githa, and 'the wives of many good men' with her, went to Steep Holm and there abode some time, ultimately going away by sea to St. Omer. Flat Holm is mentioned in the Anglo-Saxon Chronicle under the year 918, when the Danes took refuge there after their defeat both at Watchet and Porlock. The few who survived remained on the island until they were forced to go to South Wales owing to want of food. There are nameless tombs on the island which cause much speculation. Many distinguished people fled there to escape justice and persecution. It is asserted that one of the murderers of Thomas à Becket is buried there. Although it would be interesting to know the truth, we may be sure that the graves are without in-scription, not because the sleepers were humble, but because they wished their bones to be undisturbed.

N.O.W. Winter Season.

THE National Orchestra of Wales, conducted

by Warwick Braithwaite, is now working in full swing for the winter season. On Sunday, October 27, it is to give a Popular Concert in the Park Hall, Cardiff, at 8.15 p.m., when the programme will be broadcast from 9.5 p.m. The Orchestra is also giving a Symphony Concert at the Assembly Room, City Hall, on Tuesday, October 29, and listeners will hear this between 7.45 and Shadow' is the title of a dramatic programme by Dorothy Howard Rowlands which is to be given on Thursday, October 31, at 7.45 p.m. The title is from Coleridge, but the isles are Steep Holm and Flat Holm, and 29, and insteners will near this between 1.40 and 9.0 p.m. Stuart Robertson will sing The Fire Mystical Songs of Vaughan Williams, and Elgar's Variations for Orchestra will be performed. The Popular Concert will

take place on Saturday as usual, but this will not be broadcast. However, listeners may like to know that the artists will be Dorothy Bennett Gladys (soprano), Gladys Palmer (contralto), Trefor Jones (tenor), and Harry Brindle (bass). The pro-gramme will include excerpts from Faust, the choruses being sung by the Cardiff Grand Opera Society.

ANY new groups are being formed in the West Country this autumn listening to the every Friday to hear

A October 28, from 9.50-11.0 p.m., entitled 'At Eventide,' in which all the items are chosen

to build up a restful and quiet atmosphere. It opens with Organ Music from St. Mary's Parish Church, Swansea, played by the organist, A. Cyril Baynham. Margaret Wilkinson (soprano) will sing Are Maria and Song of Sleep, with violin obbligato by Louis Levitus, and Ronald Harding (violoncello) will play Slumber Song and other items. It is to be hoped that wind and rain will keep within reasonable bounds and not disturb the poetic fiction of the sympathy of nature with human happenings.

A Cure for Insomnia. THE sleepless should make a special note of a programme arranged for Monday,

Welsh Music.

THE Ceremonial of the Gorsedd has steadily advanced during the past few years mainly due to the efforts of such men as Captain Geoffrey Crawshay, the Herald Bard of Wales and Master of Ceremonies, and one of his most valued helpers on the musical side has been Mr. W. S. Gwynn Williams. His talk therefore on 'The Gorsedd and Its Music' will be, not only an account of what has been done but of what this versatile musician hopes to do in the future, with the co-operation of the various organizations devoted to the study of music in the Principality. This talk will be given on Saturday, November 2, at 7.0 p.m.

Silver Band Contest.

THE Ystalyfera Town Prizo Silver Band is down to broadcast a concert on Sunday afternoon, October 27, at 3.30 p.m. I always look very carefully at the programme when setting out the name of this band, for the meaning would probably bo gravely imperilled if the order of the qualifying words were altered. Vocalists at the concert will be Beattie Rhys (soprano) and M. H. Jones (contralto), in ducts, and Rhys Williams (baritone) in solos. Iwan Davies, the boy soprano, from Llandyssul, will sing a group of songs. He was a winner at the Royal National Eisteddfod at Liverpool this year, and although he is only fourteen years of age, he has won many trophics, challenge cups, and other prizes. Gwilym Lloyd Roberts will read Welsh poems. He comes from Burry Port, and won the elocution prize at Liverpool.

'STEEP HOLM.'



A ROYAL NATIONAL EISTEDDFOD WINNER. Iwan Davies, the boy soprano, who is broadcasting to Welsh listeners on Sunday, October 27, is seen here with some of his many trophies.

Group Listening. for the purpose of broadcast talks. A group of craftsmen meet at Taunton the talks on 'The Village and the Village Craftsman.' In Bristol, the Transport and General Workers' Union has in-

stalled an all-mains set in its offices, and a group

is being formed to listen to the talks on Economics

on Thursday evenings. At Abercymboi, in South

Wales, a strong local committee is also organizing listening groups.

P. Hicks, Curate of the church, on Monday, October 28, at 4.45

p.m. Many writers have sought to find models abroad for the cir-

cular window in the west end of

the church. Ruskin compared it to a 'Byzantine reticulation,' but he cautiously added, 'the resem-blance is probably accidental. I can easily credit a Norman

builder with the ingenuity of it.' Ho was nearer the mark than a

certain historian, who dismissed it as 'a pretty Gothio window, although as Mr. Hicks will show,

the window contains not a single feature which enables us cor-

rectly to call it Gothio.

SECOND talk on St. James'

Church, Bristol, will be given by the Rev. F. W.

Ruskin's Caution.

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3.30 THE NORTHERN WIRELESS ORCHESTRA

10.15 a.m. THE DAILY SERVICE

10.30 (Daventry only) TIME SIGNAL. GREENWICH ; WEATHER FORECAST

10.45-11.0 Miss ETHEL R. HAM-BRIDGE: 'Dressmaking Hints on Small Matters which make or mar'

LIGHT MUSIC 1.0-2.0 MOSCHETTO and his ORCHESTRA from the May Fair Hotel

3.25 (Darentry only) Fishing Bulletin

An Orchestral 3.30 Concert

S.B. from Manchester THE NORTHERN WIEELLSS ORCHESTRA

Conducted by T. H. MORNISON FRED SUTCLIFFE (Barilonc)

Overture, 'Ruy Blas' Mendelssohn Suite of Ancient Dances. .Stanford FRED SUTCLIFFE

Largo al Factotum (Make way for the factotum) Rossini The Ginchy Road. Lauri Edward The Scavenger . . Kennedy Russell

ORCHESTRA

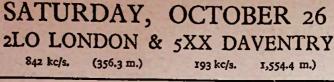
The Keltic Suite Foulds The Call ; The Lament ; Gather-ing of the Clans

FRED SUTCLIFFE

Come into the Garden, Maud Somercell My Love's an Arbutus Stanford Love, could I only tell theeCapel ORCHESTRA Scherzo and Wedding March ('A Midsummer Night's Dream') Mendelssohn ORGAN MUSIC 4.45 Played by ALEX TAYLOR from Davis' Theatre, Croydon THE CHILDREN'S HOUR 5.15 Songs at the Piano by LAWAENCE BASKCOME 'The Meeting Pool'—the first adventure from the book of that title by Mervyn Skipper Something to think about—a new Competition -so have your pencils and papers ready Musical Interlude 6.0 The First News 6.15 TIME SIGNAL, GREENWICH ; WEATHER FOBECAST ; FIRST GENERAL NEWS BULLETIN Musical Interlude THE FOUNDATIONS OF MUSIC BACE'S OBGAN MUSIC Played by Joseph Bonner

6.40 6.45 Relayed from the Bishopsgate Institute Passacaglia et Thema fugatum

RADIO TIMES





THE PICCADILLY PLAYERS, under the direction of Al Starita, are one of the two Piccadilly Hotel Dance Bands, well known to listeners, which provide tonight's dance music from London and Daventry between 10.35 and midnight.

| 7.0 Mr. BASIL MAINE: 'Next Week's Broadcast Music' |
|--|
| 7.15 The Week's Work in the Garden by the Royal Horticultural Society |
| 7.25 Musical Interlude |
| 7.30 A CONCERT MARION BROWNE (Soprano) |
| OWEN BRYNGWYN (Baritone) |
| THE GERSHOM PARKINGTON QUINTET |
| Selection, 'Manon' Massenet |
| A Melodie Tchaikovsky |
| MARION BROWNE |
| Though we'll go no more a-roving |
| Maude Valeric White |
| At the midhour of night} Cowen |
| QUINTET |
| The Erl King Schubert |
| Sincerité Sanderson |
| The Bee Schubert |
| THIS last item is the best known piece by one Franz |
| Schubert. He was so anxious that there should be |
| no confusion between his work and that of his |
| illustrious namesake that he allowed his name |
| to appear on programmes as Francois Schubert, |
| much to the indignation of an anonymous |
| listener who wrote to protest against this |
| 'Frenchifying' of the great Schubert's German 'Franz.' |
| rauz. |

9.35

OCTOBER 18, 1929.

VAUDEVILLE OF OTHER DAYS

This Schubert was a distinguished violinist who served for fifty years in the Royal Orchestra at Dresden. retiring, after some years as leader, on the fiftieth anniversary of the day of his joining. His wife and daughter were both opera singers and both made successful appearances in London on the stage and on the platform of the old ' Monday Pops.' OWEN BRYNGWYN Three Poor Mariners. . arr. Quilter QUINTET Irish Fantasie Mulder MARION BROWNE The Stars OUINTET Negro Melody, 'Deep River' Coleridge-Taylor OWEN BRYNGWYNRichardson Mary

The Road to the Isles arr. Kennedy-Fraser

QUINTET Passepied..... Delibes J'ai pleuré en rève (In my dreams I have wept) Hue Gopak Mussorgsky

THE Gopak is a lively Russian Dance with two beats in the bar, one which it is easy to think of as being danced by the Russians in the open air with their winter boots on. It is full of that kind of energy which suggests stremous exercise amid the cold of winter. The Fair of Sorotchinsk, from which this one is taken, is an opera founded on one of Gogol's Russian stories; Mussorgsky left it unfinished at his death. There are a four introductory here and then the lively are a few introductory bars, and then the lively dance tune is taken up by woodwinds and violins with the other strings accompanying, pizzicato. It grows to a boisterous climax and then dies away quietly without slackening speed.

'The Second News' 9.0

WEATHER FORECAST; SECOND GENERAL NEWS BULLETIN

9.15 Mr. GERALD BARRY : ' The Week in London '

9.30 Local Announcements; (Daventry only) Shipping Forecast and Fat Stock Prices

9.35 Special Old Time Vaudeville Programme Presented by PHILIP RIDGEWAY

Book by RALPH NEAL

DANCE MUSIC 10.35-12.0

THE PICCADILLY PLAYERS, under the direction of AL STARITA, and the PICCADILLY GRILL BAND, under the direction of JERRY HOEY, from the PICCADILLY HOTEL

GEORGE BORROW. The Last of the Picaros. (Continued from page 166.)

betrayed and outcast Moll Flanders became the Romany Ishmael, for all the *picaros* worth their salt are of the rebel kind. It is probable that the failure of 'Lavengro,' which so disillasioned Borrow and cast him down from the lionizing that was none too good for him, was partly due to the Defoe-like elements in the style of the book. It was published plump in the middle of the Victorian period, when an ornate and florid taste ruled supreme, whence all simple and powerful emotions were banished, and where gentility, which Borrow hated almost more than he did Popery, was the mode in literature as in life. An iron formalism, a sule-of-thumb conduct, dammed all the springs of original life, and Borrow was to find himself

benceforward an exile from the pleasant paths of | literary fondling.

Borrow was never really at ease in society. He loved best to rub shoulders with the simple-minded dwellers in the tents of the wilderness where his own single-mindedness could be at home. He possessed all the pride and self-reliance of the lonely wanderer, but here he could be with people who, though parasites on society, had lived a tradition of independence for century after century. Nowadays he is becoming a legendary figure to us, for his gipsies are being ground under the mechanical wheel of progress, while the seeker of romance turns his attention to the Arab chieftain of the desert and the cowboy of the Western plains rather than to the Borrovian gallery. Natural

history has supplanted him in another direction, for Borrow was no naturalist.

for Borrow was no naturalist. But his masterful, tenacious personality will survive all changes of fashion as surely as his in-dividual quality shines through all the outlandish costumes he chose to array himself in throughout his varicoloured life. He possessed the art of throwing an individual magnetism over all he wrote and did, even his most pedantical work, even his Bible-thumping. It is for the individuality that lies behind his multifarious activities that he will be always remembered. for Borrow was conwill be always remembered, for Borrow was con-sistently his own self, and, however wayward his journey through life, he was steadfastly true to that great individual Borrowness with which he was born. H. J. MASSINGHAM.







Schoolboy ... Pudding

.... MADE LIKE THIS The Boy can make it himself. Mixed in a minute. Take a jar of Robert-son's Mincemeat with 3 ozs. of self-raising flour, place in a basin and boil for 3 hours. This will make a delicious and nourishing pudding. Just the thing for growing boys and girls. Remember — it must be ROBERTSON'S . . . MINCEMEAT ('Golden Shred' Brand). This contains just the cract propertion of ingredijust the exact proportion of ingredients to make a very successful pudding.



988 kc/s. (309.9 m.) 5WA CARDIFF. 12.0-12.45 A Popular Concert **Relayed** from The National Museum of Wales NATIONAL ORCHESTRA OF WALES (Cerddorfa Genedlaethol Cymru) Manchester Programme relayed from Daventry DANCE MUSIC 4.45 by THE CONEY BEACH FIVE, Relayed from the The Dansant, Hotel Metropole, Swansea The Children's Hour 5.15 6.0 S.B. from Swansca 6.15 S.B. from London 6.40 Regional Sports Bulletin

idleness with his wife and children, 'cating and sleeping, without dress-coat, without piano,' and so on, but the idleness by no means meant that ho was not composing. The Violin Concerto was completed largely in consultation with his friend, David, the foremost Violin master of the day, and other works belong to this happy time also.

To a flowing accompaniment, the solo Violin enters at once with the first principal tune, a typically Mendelssohn melody; the orchestra repeat this and then the soloist enters with the second subject, accompanied vory lightly. On these foundations the brilliant and swift-flowing movement is built up in orthodox form, with a cadenza which comes at a somewhat carlier stage than is usual. A short presto brings it to an end.

The slow movement begins with a few bars of prelude for the orchestra and then the soloist enters with another of Mendelssohn's character-istic flowing melodies. There is a second main tune of more stirring character, but the suave melody returns again at the end.

The last movement opens with an energetio little introduction, and the vigorous rhythm of the closing section follows. Robust chords are heard on the winds, and then the violin enters with a little hint of the main tune, and this is



Saturday's Programmes continued (October 26)

Mr. Vincent Thomas (left) talks on Welsh Music at 7.0. Eda Kersey and Glyn Eastman (right) are the soloists in the Popular Concert relayed from the City Hall at 7.45.

6.45 S.B. from London

7.0 Mr. VINCENT THOMA'S, ' The Music of Wales': I, a Young Composer's Point of View

7.15 S.B. from London

7.30

'The Brute' A Duologue

by F. MORTON HOWARD Characters : The Wife The Husband

A Popular Concert 7.45 Relayed from

The Assembly Room, City Hall, Cardiff NATIONAL ORCHESTRA OF WALES (Cerddorfa Genedlaethol Cymru) (Leader, Louis LEVITUS) Conducted by WARWICK BRAITHWAITE

Overture, 'Cockaigne' Elgar

EDA 'KERSEY (Violin) and Orchestra Concerto in E Minor, Op. 64 Mendelssohn

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ORCHESTRA Lyric Suito Gricg GLYN EASTMAN (Baritone) and Orchestra ORCHESTRA ' Prince Igor ' Dances Borodin'

9.0 S.B. from London

9.30 West Regional Nows

9.35-12.0 S.B. from London

1,040 kc/s. (288.5 m.) 5SX SWANSEA.

12.0-12.45 S.B. from Cardiff

- 3.30 Manchester Programme relayed from Daventry
- 4.45 London Programme relayed from Daventry

5.15 S.B. from Cardiff

6.0 Mr. Rowe HARDING : 'Topical Sport in South Wales '

6.15 S.B. from London

(Swansea Programme continued on page 215.)

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(Sucansea Programme continued from page 212.) 0.40 S.B. from Cardiff 6.45 S.B. from London 7.0 S.B. from Cardiff 7.15 S.B. from London 7.30 S.B. from Cardiff 9.0 S.B. from London 9.30 West Regional News. S.B. from Cardiff 9.35-12.0 S.B. from London

BOURNEMOUTH. (288.5 m.) 6BM

| 12.0- | I.O Gramophone Recita | 1375 1 | |
|-------|--------------------------|---------|--------|
| | Manchester Programmo | relayed | from |
| Da | ventry | | |
| 4.45 | London Programme relayed | from De | wentry |
| 6.15 | S.B. from London | | |
| 6.40 | Sports Bulletin | | |
| 6.45 | S.B. from London | | |
| 9.30 | Local News | | |
| 9.35- | 12.0 S.B. from London | | |

| 5PY | PLYMOUTH. | 1.040 kc/ (288.5 m |
|-----|-----------|-----------------------|
| | | |

Gramophone Recital 12.0-1.0 OF LIGHT ORCHESTRAL AND INSTRUMENTAL Solos

Wattz and Allegro, 'Gipsy Suite'.....German Guitar, 'Elegio'.....Massenet Lo, here the gentle lark Bishop, arr. F. Godfrey Xylophone, 'Danse d'Hesoin'....C. F. Abbey Invitation to the WaltzWeber Pianoforte, 'Barcarolle in F Sharp, 'Op. 60 Chopin Vicille Chanson Espagnole......Aubert Organ, 'Annie Laurie'.....arr. Casey

3.30 Manchester Programme relayed from Daventry

4.45 London Programme relayed from Daventry The Children's Hour

- 'ACROBATICS,' including the merlin's fight in the story, 'Those of the Air' (H. Mortimer Batten)
- 6.0 London Programme relayed from Daventry

6.15 S.B. from London

6.40 Sports Bulletin

6.45-12.0 S.B. from London (9.30 Items of Naval Information ; Local News)

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12.0-1.0 THE NORTHERN WIRELESS ORCHESTRA CHRISTINA STRUGGLES (Contralto)

An Orchestral Concert 3.30

Relayed to London and Daventry THE NORTHERN WIRELESS ORCHESTRA Conducted by T. H. MORRISON FRED SUTCLIFFE (Baritone)

- 4.45 London Programme relayed from Daventry
- The Children's Hour 5.15 S.B. from Leeds
 - THE LITTLEST ONE

Songs by MIRIAM DITCHBURN BENHAM and GUNNELLE HAMLYN

6.0 S.B. from Liverpool

- 6.15 S.B. from London
- 6.40 North Regional Sports Bulletin
- 6.45 S.B. from London

- 7.0 Aldorman MILES MITCHELL: 'Pages from a Lord Mayor's Diary-II'
- 7.15 The Royal Horticultural Society's Bulletin for Northern English Listeners
- 7.25 Musical Interludo
- 7.30 Leeds Symphony Concert Relayed from the Town Hall, Leeds S.B. from Leeds THE LEEDS SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

Conducted by JULIUS HARRISON

9.0 S.B. from London

9.30 North Regional News

9.35-12.0 S.B. from London

Other Stations:

5NO NEWCASTLE. 1,148 %c/* (261.3 m.) 5NO NEWCASTLE. 1,148 %ci (261.3 m.) 12.0-1.0: --Music relayed from Fenwick's Terrace Tea Rooms, Newcastle-on-Tyne. 3.25: --East Coast Fishing Bulletin relayed from Daventry. 3.16: --Condon Frogrammo relayed from Daventry. 5.15: --The Children's Hour. 6.0: --Andrew Mag-nay (Tyueside Entertainer). 6.15: --S.B. from London. 6.40: --Local Sports Bulletin. 6.45: --S.B. from London. 7.15: --The Royal Horticultural Society's Bulletin. 7.25: --Musical Inter-nude. 7.30: --Ernest Polts (Hass): Song of the Shoemakers (Hoist): The Tramp.Stanley Taylor): As I sat musing (G. S. Bird). 7.37: --Noralu Wiggins (Soprano): Recitative and Air, 'Softly sighs the voice of evening '(Der Freischutz). (Weber) ; Butterfly wings (Phillips). 7.46: --Ernest Polts (Bass): Three Sea Song (Paul Corder): Hells's pavement; The turn of the tide: Captain Stratton's Fancy. 7.53: --Norah Wiggins: Little Lady of tho Moon (Eric Coates) ; Young love ites draming (Edgar L. Bain-ton); Columbine's Garden (Besly); Ringtime (May H. Brahe). 8.0: --Capt. H. G. Amers and the Eastbourne Muncipal Orches-tra, relayed from the Festival Hall, North East Coast Exhibition, Newcastle-on-Tyne. 9.0-12.0: --S.B. from London.

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JSC GLASCOW. (398.9 m.) 11.0-12.0 :— A Recital of Gramophone Records, 3.0 :— A Light Concert, The Octot. Alan Abrines (Tenor); Barton Brown (Baritone). 4.40 app. :—Musical Interludo. 4.45 :— A Recital by Alan Abrines (Tenor) and Barton Brown (Baritone). 5.15 :—Tho Children's Hour, 5.57 :—Weather Forecast for Farmers. 6.0 :—Mr. Masson Roberts, An Eye-Witness Account of The Scottish League Match, Rangers v. Cellic. 6.15 :—S.B. from London. 6.40:—Scottish Sports Bulletin. 6.45 :—S.B. from London. 7.0 :—S.B. from Edinburgh. 7.15 :—Hunting-towers, Being John Buchan's Novel 'Huntingtower,' Adapted by T. P. Maley. 9.0 :—S.B. from London. 9.30 :—Scottish News Bulletin. 9.35-12.0 :—S.B. from London,

2BD ABERDEEN.

11.0-12.0:—A Recital of Gramophone Records. 3.30:— S.B. from Glasgow. 6.15:—S.B. from London. 6.40:—S.B. from Glasgow. 6.45:—S.B. from London. 7.0:—S.B. from Edinaburgh, 7.15:—S.B. from Glasgow, 9.0:—S.B. from London. 9.30:—S.B. from Glasgow. 9.35—12.0:—S.B. from London.

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2BE

Notes from Southern Stations.

SULLIVAN ORATORIO FROM BIRMINGHAM

'The Golden Legend' in Sunday Evening Programme—A Talk on Birds—Plymouth in Olden Days—A Police Band Concert—The Life and Work of Florence Nightingale.

S IR ARTHUR SULLIVAN'S beautiful oratorio The Golden Legend will be broadcast from Birmingham for 5GB listeners on sunday evoning. October 27. It was composed for the Leeds Musical Festival of 1898, the words being selected by Joseph Bennett, the well-known critic and littirateur, from Longfellow's prom. Although at one time it waned as a favourite, possibly due to almost excessive popularity during the lifetime of the composer, The Golden Legend has come to the front again in recent years, its cause being championed by the B.B.C. The artists on this occasion are Stiles Allen (soprano), Esther Coleman (contralfo), John Adams (tenor) and James Coleman (Lass).

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O^N Tucsday, October 29, at 7 p.m., the Rev. F. C. R. Jourdain, who, in addition to being a Member of the British Ornithological Union, is a Fellow of the Zoological Society, an Honorary Fellow of the American, French, German, and Dutch Ornithological Societies, and Co-Editor of British Birds, will give the first of a series of talks from Bournemouth on 'Some Characteristic Birds of Southern England.' Nearly 200 kinds of birds make their home in the British Isles during the breeding season, but of course only a fraction of them can be found in any given district. The three species chosen for the first talk are the guillemot, the Dartford warbler and the buzzard. The buzzard, a big and generally harmless hawk, has just managed to survive in the New Forest up to the present year, but there are disquicting rumours as to its extermination. PLYMOUTH has had many worthies of whom it is proud, but as in every flock there are some black sheep, there have been at least two names handed down in history for scorn and contumely. Sir James Bagge and Sir Richard Greville both played a discreditable part in the history of Plymouth during the reign of the first Charles. Bagge was a creature of Buckingham's, who, by fawning on his patron, retained favour with the King to the end of his unpleasant carcer. The Grenville of whom Mr. C. W. Bracken will speak in the second of his series of talks on 'Old Plymouth and Some Old Plymothians ' on Tuesday, October 29, was an unworthy grandson of the famous here of the *Revenge*. Serving the Roundhead party in Ireland, he learned their plans, divulged them later to the Royalists, and joined the King at Oxford. He subsequently became Royalist leader in the siege of Plymouth, and appealed to the townsmen to betray their trust. But this was ignored, and a pamphlet he prepared was burned by the common hangman in the Plymouth market-place.

THE City of Birmingham Police Band is responsible for the afternoon programme from 5GB on Sunday, October 27. The artists are Gaby Valle (soprano), who started her musical career more in the spirit of a joke than anything elso, at the suggestion of some English officers stationed in Egypt during the War, and Marjorie Bloese (pianofortc). The service in the evening, which will be relayed from Birmingham Cathedral, will be conducted by the Rev. J. Trevor Lewis, of St. Giles Church, Northampton.

RS. ROBERT MEYRICK will give another talk from the Bournemouth Studio in connection with her series of 'Notable Dames of Wessex' on Thursday, October 31. Many will learn with surprise that Florence Nightingale, though no one would deny her right to be called a 'notable Dame.' is actually one of those of whom Wessex may be proud. Her early days, before the Crimean War set her before the eyes of the world, were mainly passed at her father's house, Embley Park, near Winchester, and she is buried at the neighbouring village of Wellow. A mist of sentiment has, not unnaturally, gathered round her memory, through which she appears as the ministering angel bending over the couches of sick soldiers. Far greater and more lasting is the result gained by her genius in organizing and perseverance in securing reforms in hospitals, in the nursing profession and in the treatment of the British soldier at home and in India, and it is of these that Mrs. Robert Meyrick hopes to give a short summary.

A SECOND vaudeville programme for 5GB listeners on Tuesday, October 29, includes Henry Merton [(in impressions), Grace Ivell and Vivian Worth (entertainers with a piano), and Norman Timmis in a sketch—Mrs. Gussel on the 'Phone. Blanche Hern (contralto) and Thornley Dodge, the well-known entertainer, appear with the Birmingham Military Band on Wednesday afternoon, October 30, while George Dawkins (baritone) and Edna Iles (pianoforte) will be heard in the Light Music on the same day.

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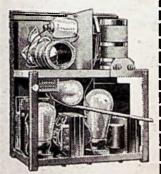
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|----------------------|----------|-----|-------------------------|--|
| Туре Туре Туре | | £37 | : 0:0 :10:0 :10:0 | |

Loudspeakers

 Type
 2007
 £5:5:0

 Type
 2013
 £14:14:0

 Type
 2016
 £2:10:0
 Type 2013 *Type* 2016

If you have D.C. Mains or if no A.C. Electric Current is available, there is a similar Philips Receiver to suit your requirements — Type 2502. Price—£12:10: 0

Write for our illustrated new booklet and details of convenient payment scheme.

PHILIPS RADIO, PHILIPS HOUSE, 145, CHARING CROSS ROAD, LONDON,

W.C.2 Arks SIT

OCTOBER 18, 1929.

RADIO TIMES

Revolutionary new Lissen Pick-up

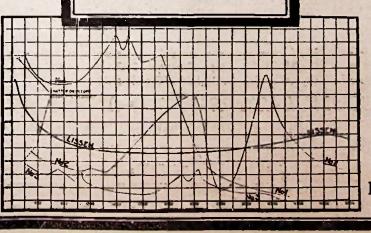
THE SIGNIFIC-ANCE OF THE CURVE.

CURVE. Look at Curve 1. A parlicularly fine response for part of lis curve. both notice the peaks and depressions and the ceny rectous fulling off in output after 2,800 cycles it content of the same defice 200 cycles it would not remain on the precord. In Curves 2 and 5 the same deficiencies cist. Now look at the Lissen Curve. If the the only even curve. These are netual tests under ordinary conditions. The real signifuence is that you get the scale for the scale to the other.



HOW THE NEEDLE

Held in position by magnetic attraction, without restriction by mechanical contacts.





"Here's an orchestra, playing just inside this doorway. There are people laughing-talking-singing -what jolly place is this?"

That's the illusion everybody gets when they hear the reproduction of the Lissen 1930 Pickup. Every note of audible frequency is present in the right proportions, so that you get true re-created sound at last.

The needle armature is the secret of the Lissen Pick-up.



The needle is the armature—the only moving part of the Lissen 1930 Pickup—and this needle armature is so light that it responds to the most minute indentations on the record. Even the perfect electrical recordings of to-day can hardly do it justice.

You'll find your records almost everlasting when you use this Lissen Pickup—the needle point actually feels its way along the groove and rides so lightly all the time. If you are using any pickup at all, it's a real economy as well as a startling improvement to buy this Lissen Pickup—it will save its cost within a month in reduction of record wear. Actually its passage along the record groove leaves the original die finish still unmarked and unimpaired—the wear on records is very much less than when records are played with an ordinary soundbox.



NEEDLE ARMATURE PICKUP

Ask your radio dealer to demonstrate this new Lissen Pickup. Hear it and you'll never rest content until you get one.

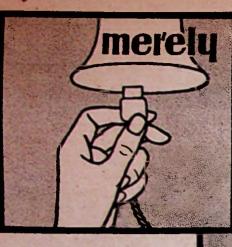
Complete with moulded tone-arm, 37/6.

LISSEN, LTD. Worple Road, Isleworth, Middlesex, Factories also at Richmond and Edmonton (Managing Director : Thos. N. Cole.)

þin.

then tune in

OCTOBER 18, 1929.



00.7

that's all you need do with this

10.000

ALL-ELECTRIC, ALL-BRITISH 3-VALVE RECEIVER

This Ediswan All-Electric, All-British, 3-Valve Receiver works from the Electric Light Mains, requiring no H.T. batteries or accumulator.

Tuning is delightfully easy, volume and tone are excellent. It is a long range receiver, and is very selective, being designed to give the best possible results with the Amazing Mazda Valves. The Ediswan All-Electric 3-Valve Receiver looks, and is—splendid value.

The circuit employs a screened grid valve in the H.F. stage and a pentode in the output. Supplied for the following voltages:-100/110 v., 200/250 v., 40/100 cycles A.C., 200/250 volt D.C.

NO H.T. BATTERIES: NO ACCUMULATORS: NO INTRICACIES: COSTSONLY A FEW SHILLINGS A YEAR FOR CURRENT: NO ATTENTION

Price

20 Guineas

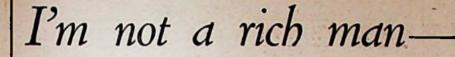
(Including valves)

"Pay as you use" terms may be arranged with your local dealer.

Hear it in operation at your local dealer, or at THE EDISON SWAN ELECTRIC CO., LTD., Incorporating the Wiring Supplies, Lighting Engineering, Refrigeration and Radio Business of The British Thomson-Houston Co., Ltd. Head Office and Showrooms Ediswan Radio Division : 1. NEWMAN STDEET OVEODD STDEET W 1

1a, NEWMAN STREET, OXFORD STREET, W.1. Showrooms in all the Principal Towns.

W.23



Use Mullard P.M. Valves for Receiving, Rectifying and

Amplifying.

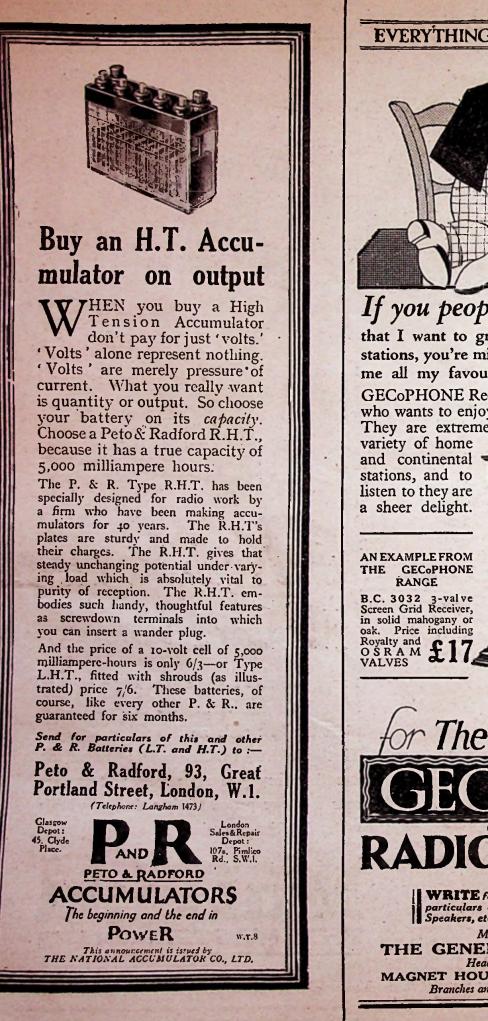
that's why I use Mullard Valves

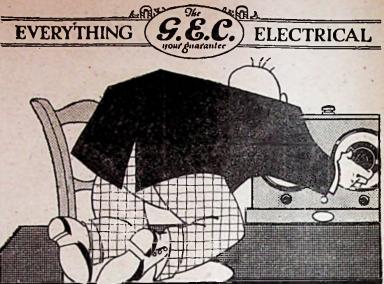
I am a poor man but I've lived long enough to know that it pays to buy the best—especially when the best costs no more than the rest. That's why I use Mullard valves : that and the fact that they give me perfect reproduction over a longer period of time than any other valves that I've ever tried.



Advert: The Mullard Wireless Service Co., Ltd., Mullard House, Charing Cross Road, London, W.C.2.

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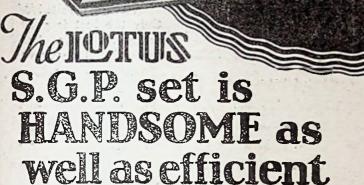


If you people so much as think ... that I want to grovel and "gadget" for outlandish stations, you're mistaken. Give me a set that will give me all my favourite programmes without finicking. GECoPHONE Receivers are made expressly for the man who wants to enjoy his wireless without fuss and bother. They are extremely simple to operate, offer a wide

<text><text><text>

WRITE for Brochure B.C. 5201 which gives full particulars of all GECOPHONE Receivers, Loud Speakers, etc. SENT POST FREE ON REQUEST Manufacturers (Wholesale only) THE GENERAL ELECTRIC CO. LTD.

Head Office and Public Showrooms : MAGNET HOUSE, KINGSWAY, LONDON, W.C.2 Branches and Showrooms throughout Great Britain



The new Lotus 3-valve S.G.P. set is neat, well finished and not too large, with no complicated controls. Every new radio development has been included in the Lotus S.G.P. with the result that here is a set that will bring you in a splendid range of British and European stations at full loudspeaker strength and with remarkable purity and clarity. The Lotus S.G.P. is rapidly taking first place amongst the best sets of the season.

In no other set can you purchase such beauty and efficiency combined for the modest sum of $\pounds 13: 15: 0$.

N.B.—An ALL MAINS Model of the Lotus S.G.P. 3-valve set is available for $\pounds 21$.





16

RADIO TIMES

OCTOBER 18, 1929.



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Get the one Aerial the Weather Cannot Affect

Meteorologists say there's bad weather ahead. Gales, rain, frosts-in fact, a wild winter. Outdoor aerials will have to stand a severe strain. But that won't worry you if your aerial is a Superial. Superial positively likes storms. They give it a chance to prove the strength it claims. Superial is specially designed to weather any weather. A stout copper core heavily insulated. This insulation resists corrosion and protects the core against frost. It makes Superial easy to handle, too. No insulators to fix. In fact, if you were in a hurry you may sling Superial over the nearest tree, bring in one end to the set and be assured of fine reception immediately. With Superial you need no " Lead-in "-just one unbroken length of Aerial straight to the set. This does away with the vulnerable joint of aerial and lead-in. For troublefree radio vastly improved both in tone and range Superial has no rivals. 28. 6d. spent on Superial will add pounds in pleasure to your radio evenings at home this winter. Ask for Superial at your nearest radio dealers ; or if you prefer, write to us-to-day.



ALL ADVERTISEMENTS FOR "RADIO TIMES" should be addressed to the ADVERTISEMENT MANAGER, B.B.C., 28-29, SOUTHAMPTON STREET, LONDON, W.C.2. TELEFHONE: TEMPLE BAB \$400.

LISSEN'S NEW POWER PENTODE

HOW TO CONNECT THE NEW LISSEN POWER PENTODE

Simply make a connection from the terminal of the Lissen Power Pentode Valve with a piece of ordinary flex and a wander plug to the highest H.T + tapping in use, or to + 120 volts (whichever is the lower). Then take out your ordinary valve and put the Lissen Power Pentode in its place and listen to the amazing improvement in volume and tone.

| H.210 R.C. and H.F. | L.210 L.F. Ampli- | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|--|
| 10/6 | fier 1st stage . 10/6 | |
| H.L.210 General | P.220 Power | |
| Purpose 10/6 | Valve 12/6 | |
| LISSEN, LIMITED, | | |

-battery driven!

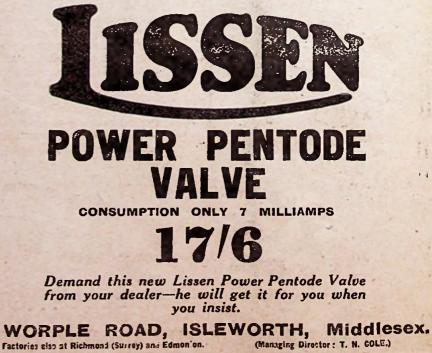
ANY 2-VALVE SET NOW A FINE LOUDSPEAKER SET

ANY 3-VALVE SET NOW CAPABLE OF ALL THE VOLUME YOUR LOUDSPEAKER WILL TAKE ANY PORTABLE SET NOW A POWER SET

Lissen have succeeded where others have failed— Lissen have overcome the difficulties and shortcomings of the Pentode Valve and give you now a Power Pentode that takes only 7 milliamps of H.T. current and therefore can be worked off any H.T. batteries.

If you have a 2-valve receiver, replace the second valve with this new Lissen Power Pentode and you will be surprised at the volume you get. The local station will come in at double strength — distant stations that were once but a whisper come in at good loudspeaker strength.

This is something new that Lissen have given to radio—a valve that justifies Lissen's effort to develop a new and original valve.



Printed by NEWSES & PEARSON PRINTING CO., LTD., EXECOP Street, Ladbroke Grove, W. 10, and Fut fished for the Proprietors by GEORGE NEWNES LTD., 8-11, Southampton Street, Strand, London, W.C 2, Lugland.-- October 18, 1929.